BD 127 199

SE' 021 246

TITLE National Assessment of Educational Progress. Changes

in Science Performance, 1969-1973: Exercise

Volume.

INSTITUTION . Education Commission of the States, Fenver, Colo.

National Assessment of Educational Progress.

SPONS AGENCY: National Center for Education Statistics (DHEW),

Washington, D.C.

REPORT NO NAEP-04-S-20

PUB DATE Deg 75 NOTE 332p.

AVAILABLE FROM Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing

Office, Washington, D.C. 20402 (Science Report Bumber

04-s-20, \$1.00

EDRS PRICE MP-\$0.83 HC-\$18.07 Plus Postage

DESCRIPTORS *Achievement; *Educational Assessment; *Educational.

Research; Elementary Education; Evaluation; Higher

Education; Item Banks; *National Surveys; Science

Education; *Scientific Concepts; Secondary

Education -

IDENTIFIERS NAMP; *National Assessment of Educational Progress;

Research Reports

ABSTRACT

this volume provides documentation and selected data for the exercises used by the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) in nationwide surveys to measure changes in science achievement of young Americans at four age levels: 9-year-olds, 13-year-olds, and adults ages 26-35. The exercise documentation includes a copy of the complete exercise, cross-reference identification numbers, the objectives an exercise measured, their information, and description of the exercise by format, scoring requirements, and administration mode. (NH)

^{*} Documents acquired by ERIC include many informal unpublished

* materials not available from other sources. BRIC makes every effort

* to obtain the best copy available. Nevertheless, items of marginal

* reproducibility are often encountered and this affects the quality

* of the miorcfiche and hardcopy reproductions ERIC makes available

* via the ERIC Document Reproduction Service (EDRS). EDRS is not

* responsible for the quality of the original document. Reproductions

* supplied by EDRS are the mest that can be made from the original.

US DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH EDUCATION & WELFARE MATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION

THIS DOCUMENT HAS BEEN REPRODUCED EXACTLY AS RECEIVED FROM THE PERSON OR ORGANIZATION ORIGIN ATING IT, POINTS OF VIEW OR OPINIONS STATED-DO NOT NECESSARILY REPRESENT OFFICIAL NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION POSITION OF POLICY

CHANGES IN SCIENCE PERFORMANCE, 1969-1973: Exercise Volume

. 5

ERIC Full Task Provided by ER

ATIONAL ASSESSMENT OF EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS A Project of the Education Commission of the States

Arch A. Montre Ir., Governor of West Virginia, Chairman, Education Commission of the States
Wendell II. Pierce, Exergine Director, Education Commission of the States Rox Forbes, Director, National Issessment, ...

Assessment Reports

- 6		•
1969-70 As	sessment	•
Science	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$1.75
1 I	National Results, July 1970	1.00
• • • •	Results by sex, region and size of community, April 1971	1.00
÷ - 7	Results by color, parental education, size and type of community.	2.60
	balanced results, May 1973	2.00
		• •
Cilizensky		1.70
2	National Results, November 1970	1.25
. 6	Results by sex, region and size of community, July 1971	2.85
9	Results by color, parental education, size and type of community, May 1972	
NE suna		
Writing	National Results, November 1970	1.50
• • 3	Results by sex, region and size of community, April 1971	T.25
, °8	Writing Mechanics, February 1972	1.73
10.	Selected Essays and Letters, November 1972	8.65
11	Results by color, parental education, size and type of community, sex and	
1 A P	region for objectively scored exercises, May 1973	1.25.
5	Topical the project of the state of the stat	
1970-71 ts	ssessment	
02:GIY	General Information Yearbook - A description of National Assessment's	2. X. 2
02-01,1	methodology, with special attention given to Reading and Literature, May 1972.	1.55
•	incurously, with special arrival	د
Reading		ا ا
02·R-01	Understanding Words and Word Relationships, April 1978	1.45
02-R-02	Graphic Materials, June 1973	- 2.60
02-R-03	Written Directions, May 1973	2.10
62·R-01	Reference Materials, July 1973	÷ 2.75 [
02-R-05	Gleaning Significant Facts From Passages, May 1978.	2.60
02-R-06	Main Ideas and Organization, July 1973	2.10
02-R-07	Drawing Inferences, August 1973	2.60
02/R-08	Critical Reading, May 1973	2.35
92-R-09	Reading Rate and Comprehension, December 1972	. 2.85
02-R-20	Released Exercises, July 1973	4 3.95
02-R-30	Recipes, Wrappers, Reasoning and Rate: A Digest of the First Reading	•
	Assessment, April 1974	1.00
02-R-00	Summary Data, July 1974	.70 .
• •		
Literature		`~`
02·L-01	Understanding Imaginative Language, March 1973	2.65
02-L-02	Responding to Literature, April 1973	2.85
7001.00	m to the transfer and Chamatan's April 1079	2,60
Q2-L-03	Recognizing Literary Works and Characters, April 1973,	
02-L-03 02-L-04	A Survey of Reading Habits, May 1973	2.85
•	A Survey of Reading Habits, May 1973 Released Exercises, April 1973 Summary Data, June 1973	

(Continued, Inside Back Cover)



Official National Assessment Reports

«Continued From Inside Front Covers

971-72 Ass	essment		, ,
03/04-GIY	General Information Yearbook-A description of National Assessment's		•
• •	methodology, with special attention given to Music. Social Studies, Science	•	
•	and Mathematics, December 1974	, ·	\$1.20
. ;	- alt years	.	
Social Stud	line	•	•
03-SS-01	Political Knowledge and Attitudes, December 1973		. 1.05
	Contemporary Social Issues, July 1974		:65
03-SS-02	The First Social Studies Assessment An Overview, June 1974	•	.90
→03-SS-00	The Mist Social Studies Assessment An Oversew, June 1975	•	8.95
03-88-20	Social Studies Technical Report. Exercise Volume, December 1975		1.90
03-SS-21	Social Studies Technical Report Summary Volume, November 1975	,,	1.00
2			
Music	7074	•.	, 55
03-ME 01	The First National Assessment of Musical Performance, February 1974		.55
03-MU-02	A Perspective on the First Music Assessment, April 1974		.45
03·MÜ•03	An Assessment of Attitudes Toward Music, September 1974	بغر	.85
03-MU-00	The First Music Assessment: An Overview, August 1974	••	.60
03-ME-20	Music Technical Report. Exercise Volume, December 1975		10.10
03-MC-21	Music Technical Report Summary Volume, November, 1975	•	2.10
00-310-21	Music rectificat technic duminary		
•			
1972–73 Ass	sessment .	•	
		,	
Mathemati	ICS		
04-MA-01	Math Fundamentals Selected Results From the First National t		1.10
, · · ·	Assessment of Mathematics, January 1975		1.10
04-MA-92	Consumer Math. Selected Results From the First National	•	
	Assessment of Mathematics, June 1975	*	1.05
_ 04-MA-Q0* •	The First National Assessment of Mathematics, An Overview, October 1975	•	1,25
'Science		, ~ .	•.
÷64-S-01	Selected Results From the National Assessments of Science:		•
• • •	Energy Questions, May 1975	• .	.75
01-S-02	Selected Results From the National Assessments of Science.	• • • •	
	Scientific Principles and Procedyres, August 1975		1.25
04-S-03	Selected Results From the National Assessments of Science:	·-	•
	Attitude Questions, October 1975	·- ·	1,48
· 04-S-00•	National Assessments of Science, 1969 and 1973. A Capsule Description		•
	of Changes in Science Achievement, February 1975	•	.75
94-S-20	Changes in Science Performance, 1969-1973 Exercise Volume, December 1975	•	1.00
, V450-20	Changes in Section	_	1 1
		s `	
1973–71 🌾	sessment	•	
Writing			•
Writing ** 05-W-01	Writing Mechanics, 1969-1974: A Capsule Description of Changes in		• ,
√ 02-ы-ñ1		•	.2.30
	Writing Mechanics, October 1975	· .	
•		•	
	· National Assessment reports should be ordered directly from the Superinten-	•	,

National Assessment reports should be ordered directly from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402 A NAEP Publications List, containing order numbers and other information to facilitate ordering, warafluble free at the address below,

NATIONAL ASSESSMENT OF EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS
A Project of the Education Commission of the States
Suite 700

1860 Lincoln Street Denver, Colorado 80203



NATIONAL ASSESSMENT OF EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS

CHANGES IN SCIENCE PERFORMANCE, 1969-1973:

Exercise Volume

Science Report No. '04-S-20

December 1975

NATIONAL ASSESSMENT OF EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS

Roy H. Forbes. Director George H. Johnson Associate Director

This publication was prepared and produced pursuant to agreements with the National Center for Education Statistics, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Education, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, with additional funds from the Carnegie Corporation of New York and the Ford Foundation's Fund for the Advancement of Education. The statements and views expressed herein do not necessarily reflect the position and policy of the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Education or other grantors but are solely the responsibility of the National Assessment of Educational Progress, a project of the Education Commission of the States.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PREFACE			·	وسند و و		v
•	•	7,44			,	•
•			· · · ·	•	*	• •
INTRODUCTIÓN .						ix
	ocumentation					ix
• Sample Ex	xercise Page			• • • •	• • •	X11
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•.	. : -	•		t +	
EXERCISES AND I	DOCUMENTATION	l	•,••••	• • • •		1
	· ·		,		•	
	• • • •	. , .	•	•	· :	
APPENDIX SCOT	ing Guides fo	or Open-B	nded Exe	cises.		· 297

PREFACE

When the United States Office of Education was founded in 1867, one charge set before its commissioner was to determine the nation's progress in education. Only recently has that century-old charge been addressed in a systematic way. The work is being done by the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP).

Each year since, 1969 NAEP has gathered census-like information about levels of educational achievement across the country and reported its findings to the nation. During the first five years of its endeavors, National Assessment has interviewed and tested more than 400,000 representative young Americans. Baseline data on the achievement levels of young Americans in eight learning areas - science, social studies, music, literature, reading, writing, mathematics and citizenship -- have been collected and reported.

Each assessment is the product of several years work by a great many educators, scholars and lay persons from all over the country. Initially, these people design objectives for each area, proposing general goals that they feel Americans should be achieving in the course of their education. These goals are reviewed by more people and then passed along to developers of tests, whose task it is to create measurement tools appropriate to the objectives.

When the exercises prepared by the test developers have passed extensive reviews by subject-matter specialists and measurement experts, they administered to probability samples of various populations. The people tho

compose those samples are chosen in such a way that the results of their assessment can be generalized to an entire national population. That is, on the basis of the performance of about 2,500 9-year-olds on a given exercise, we can generalize about the probable performance of all 9-year-olds in the nation. Approximately 100,000 persons participate annually.

After assessment data have been collected, scored and analyzed, National Assessment publishes reports to present the results as accurately as possible. Not all exercise results are released for publication. Because National Assessment will administer some of the same exercises again in the future to determine whether the performance level of Americans has improved or declined, it is essential that they be kept secret in order to preserve the integrity of the study. Approximately one-third of the repeated exercises were retained for use in the third cycle of science assessment and, therefore, are not printed here. Five of these released, repeated exercises required written responses that had to be specially scored and analyzed. These data do not appear in this volume.

This volume provides documentation and selected data for the exercises measuring change in science achievement that have now been released. The exercise documentation includes a copy of the complete exercise, cross-reference identification numbers, the objectives an exercise measured, timing information and description of the exercise by format, scoring requirements and administration mode. Researchers who need detailed information and state and local school districts that want to use individual NAEP exercises in their own assessment programs will find this documentation most useful. A brief general summary of the results can be found in National Assessments of Science, 1969 and 1973: A Capsule Description of Changes in Science Achievement,

Science, Report 04=3-00, 1972-73 Assessment (Washington, D.C.: Government Printing Office, 1975).

National Assessment also publishes a general information yearbook that describes all major aspects of the assessment process. This volume defines the categories by which results are reported and elaborates on the scientific procedures utilized. The reader who desires more detailed information about how National Assessment defines its groups, prepares and scores its exercises, designs its sample and analyzes and reports its results should consult "Jeneral Information Yearbook, Report 03/04-GIY, which is available, as are all NAEP reports, through the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

INTRODUCTION

In the first National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) study in 1969-70, 9-year-olds, 13-year-olds and 17-year-olds attending school (age levels that mark the end of primary, intermediate and secondary education) were asked a variety of questions designed to measure achievement of four broad educational objectives in science. These objectives were (1) that Americans should know some fundamental facts and principles of science; (2) that they should possess some abilities and skills needed to engage in the process of science; (3) that they should understand the investigative nature of science; and (4) that they should have some attitudes about science and appreciate its role in the culture. Approximately one-half of the questions asked in 1969-70 were repeated in 1972-73. Using the same exercises again in a controlled manner, National Assessment was able to measure the increase or decline in attainment between the two science assessments. This volume provides documentation and selected data for the released exercises measuring change in science achievement.

Several types of information are produced on each exercise documentation page, as illustrated below.

SAMPLE DOCUMENTATION PAGE

1. EXERCISE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEMS

72-73 Rpt. #: \$ RP104

The 1972-73 identification system for all exercises released after the second assessment begins with an "R."

RP104

The second letter designates the type of science being assessed: physical (P), biological (B) or unclassified (U).

RP104

The three numbers are simply a sequence number.

69-70 Rpt. #: ~ U632, U708

The 1969-70 identification system follows the same general pattern. However, in most cases the exercises were unreleased and the identifier begins with a "U." A few exercises which were released after the first assessment were then repeated in the second assessment. Therefore, in a few instances the 1969-70 identifier begins with an "R." In the first assessment, report numbers were assigned by age level. Exercises, like the sample used here, that were administered at two age levels, had two report numbers.

NAEP #: 101069

The NAEP number serves as a cross-reference and is used more than other identifiers by the NAEP staff. The 1972-73 objective and subobjective are coded in the first and third digits from the left in the NAEP number. In this yolume, exercises are ordered by NAEP number and, therefore, by 1972-73 objective and subobjective.

II. OBJECTIVES AND SUBOBJECTIVES

72-73 Objective:

I. _KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Objective:

I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Each exercise was written to measure one of the 1969-70 objectives. Once the objectives were revised for the 1972-73 assessment, the repeated exercises were matched with the new objectives and subobjectives. Subjectives were not assigned to exercises in 1969-70. Booklets describing the two sets of objectives and their development are available from the U.S. Government Printing Office.

III. ADMINISTRATION AND SCORING DESCRIPTORS

Exercise Type:

Multiple choice

Most of the exercises presented in this volume are multiple-chaice questions; a few have, in addition, a short-answer part.

Schring Type:

Machine

The multiple-choice exercises were scored by machine, an optical scanner. The open-ended questions were scored by hand by a staff of specially trained personnel.

Administration Mode:

Group

Most of the exercises in this report were administered to groups of respondents. Others were administered individually, that is, one at a time, to respondents.

It should be noted that the administration and scoring characteristics of the exercises in this volume are not representative of the entire, pool of exercises used in 1972-73. Many of the new exercises had open-ended parts which had to be scored by hand. Several were administered to respondents one at a time. However, most of these exercises were not repeated from the first assessment; they were newly developed for the second and will be reported some time in the future.

IV. PACKAGING INFORMATION

Age 9 13 72-73 Package-Exercise: 93-05 04-33. 69-70 Package-Exercise: 02-06 07-03

This information tells how exercises were grouped into booklets or packages for each administration. Each respondent took only one package of exercises.

ADMINISTRATION TIMES

Timing: (in seconds)

RP104: Stimulus: 9 9

RP104 Response: 40 11
RP104 Grand Total: 60 31

Those researchers planning to reassess the National Assessment exercises will need to know their exact administration times. The tape recording used in each group administration were timed in order to arrive at the figures presented in this report. The stimulus time is the time required to read on the tape the entire exercise including the alternative responses. The response time is the period of silence on the tape allowed for respondents to record their answers. The grand total is the total elapsed time required to administer an exercise. The total time is almost always greater than the sum of the stimulus and response times. After the response time, in multiple-choice parts of exercises, there is a five-second interval during which respondents are told "If

you do not know the answer, please fill in the oval beside 'I don't know.'" After that, there is a six-second pause before the announcer goes on to the next exercise.

On open-ended exercises, much longer response times were used to allow respondents ample time to respond to the exercise.

SAMPLE EXERCISE PAGE

I. COMPLETE EXERCISE

Each year the Earth moves once around

- 📛 g Mars, ..
- 🕁 Venus.
- 📥 the Sun.
- the Moon.
- all of the other planets.
- 🔾 I don't know.

This is a copy of the exercise (NAEP \$101069) as it appeared to the respondents. Each exercise was on a separate page in a package.

11. PERCENTAGE OF RESPONDENTS CHOOSING EACH RESPONSE

	- AG	E 9		AGE	<u>.</u> 3
RESP	1970	1973	;	1969	1972
1.	2.5	(2.0 		0.8	1.4
3* 4	66.5° 17.49	66.7		82.5° 9.3	75.5 10.3
5	, 6.5	. 8.3		3.6	4.8
IDK	4.1.	4-5	•	2.7	4.5

These data tell us, first, that the exercise was given to both 9 and 13-year-olds in both science assessments: The table gives the percent of students at each age level choosing each of the alternative responses. The responses (under the heading "RESP") are numbered to correspond to the order in which they appear in the exercise. In this example, "Mars" is response 1; "Venus," 2; and so forth. The correct response is indicated by an asterisk. "IDK" denotes the "I don't know" response. From this table we see that in 1969 82.5% of the 13-year-olds correctly said each year the Earth moves once around the Sun. That percentage dropped to 75.5% in 1972. We can also note that the second most popular response, "the Moon," attracted more 9 than 13-year-olds.

The dates in the tables refer to the years in which each age level was assessed. The actual administration dates were:

9-year-olds	•	•		JanFeb., 1970		JanFeb: 1973
13-year-olds			•	OctDec. 1969	•	OctDec. 1972
17-year-olds	. •	•		March-May 1969	•	March-May 1973

III. SELECTED GROUP DATA

	· •		REG	ION ·	٠. ج	SEX	COLOR
AGE	YEAR	NE	SE .	. ε	W, •	M T	B , W
9 ´			-10.9		0.8	2.4 -2.8 3.7 -3.9	-24.3 4.6 -25.8 5.5
	1973.	/ 40.	-5.4	-3.1	1.2		
13.	1969 1972	4.5. 7.1	-6.5 -3.7		-2.8. -6.7.	2.8 -2.6 . 3.1 -3.3	-17.1 3.3 -18.3 4.5

Selected group data on the percent responding correctly to each exercise are also presented. Data are presented for the following groups:

Region	NE			Northeast
~ ,	SE		٠.	Southeast
•	. c ·	٠		Çentral
	W			West
Sex	н			Male 🔨
•	F	5		Female
Color	В		• , '	Black
,	W	1.	•	White 🖰

Each number in these tables is a group difference, the difference between the percent responding correctly in each group and in the nation. A negative difference means the group is performing below the national level; a positive difference means it is above. For example, in 1970 Southeastern 9-year-olds answered this exercise correctly 10.9% less

often than the nation as a whole. In 1973, Southeastern 9-year-olds were correct 5.4% less often than the nation. Although they are still below the national level, this group improved its standing relative to the nation.

Definitions of the groups can be found in the General Information Year-

EXERCISES AND DOCUMENTATION

72-73 Rpt. \$2 69-78 Rpt. #2 **RB101 0607**

72-73 Obj: .I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF 69-70 Obj: . SCIENCE.

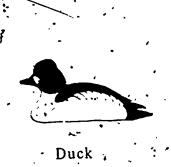
Multiple choice. Exercise Type: Scoring Type: Administration Modes: Group

Age: 72-43 Package-Exercise: 03-10. 69-70 Package-Exercise: 01-02

Timing: (in seconds)
RB101 Stimulus: .RB101. . Response: 41 Grand total: 🖫 RB101 :,

COLOR 1970 2.8 -8.4 12.2 0.9 2.6 -3.0 -19.8 3.7 1973 0.1 -6.6 2.6 2.8 2.1 -2.2 -15.5 -3.0

Which of these birds CANNOT fly?



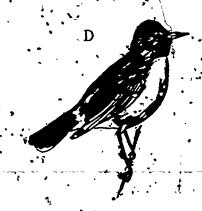
B



_Sparrow



Penguin



Robin

		٠,	•
0.	Á	. :	•
0	ъ		- ₹.
,	Ċ.	· , •	
`` ~	_	•	

⊃, Laon't know.

. •	. AGE	٠ ج
RESP	1970	1973
1	5.1	4.
2 5*	92.0	91.
4	0.6	0.
IDK	0.4	0.1

3

72-73 Rpt: #: £₽102 69-70 Rpt. #: U648 NAEP #: 101067 I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73 Obj: A. Know-facts and simple concepts. Subobjective: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES: 69-70 Obj: SCIENCE. Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 07-07 69-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds) . Stimulus: RP102 60, RP102. Response: . Grand total: F-2102

REGION SEX COLOR AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F B W 9 1970 7.0 -6.2 0.4 -3.2 3.0 -3.4 -12.8 3.1973 8.5 -5.5 -3.1 -0.0 3.0 -3.0 -17.7 4.5

Chemistry is often called the study of

- aņimals.
- matter.
- plants.
- Soil soil
- 👝 I don't know.

	· J. AGD.	٠,٠
ŖĔŜP	1970.	1.973
. 4	11.2	9.5
2*	37.6	41.0 18.8
∴.4	15.6	16.3
TDK	14:2	14.1

72-73 Rpt. \$: RB103 69-70 Rpt. #: R134

NAEP .4:

I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

A. Know facts and simple concepts. Subobjective:

I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES SCIENCE. 69-76.0bj:

Exercise Type: Scoring Type: Multiple choice

Machine ·Administration Mode: Group

Age: ... 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

Stimulus: .RB103 10 Response: . RB103 . 39 RB103 Grand total: 60 🦫

REGION

SE

SEX

1.8 -2.1 -4.0.5 2.0 1970 -2.2 2.6 2.4 6.3 2.1 -1.0 -3.4 -2.2 3.9·-3.8. -15.5

Which of the following insects spread serious human diseases?

- Ants
- ← Honeybeës _
- Houseflies
- Moths
- _ ldon't know.

	AGI	. * . jo` *
RESP	1970	1973
1.7	4.8 17.9	6.1 21.4
3*	46.0	45.5 20.4

OK 9.8

· · 6.

· 72-73 Rpt. #: RP104

69-70 Rpt. #: U632, U708

NAEP #: .101069

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

'Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: 9. 13 72-73 Package-Exercise: 03-05 04-33 69-76 Package-Exercise: 02-06 07-03

Timing: (in seconds)

RP104 Stimulus: 9 9
RP104 Response: 40 11
RP104 Grand total: 60 31

	· . REG	ION .	SEX	COLOR
AGE YEAR	'NE SE	C . W	M F	В "W
9 1970	3.8 -10.9	3.5 0.8	2.4 -2.8	-24.3 4.6
1973	7.6 -5.4	-3.1 1.2	3.7 -3.9	-25.8 5.5
13 1969	4.56.5	2.5 -2.8	2.8 -2.6	-17.1 3.3
	7.1 -3.7	2.4 -6.7	3.1 -3.3	-18.3 4.5

Each year the Earth moves once around

- Mars.
- Venus.
- the Sun!
- the Moon.
- all of the other planets,
- _ I don't know.,

•	AGE	9 7
RESP 🔥	. 1970: \	1973
.17	2.5	2.0
3* ·	66.5	66.7
5-	6.5	8.3

IDX 4.1 4.5

AGE 13

1969	197	2
0.8	1.	4,
82.5 9.3 3.6	75 10	3

2.7 4.

72-7-3' Rpt. #: RB105 69-70 apt. #: , U628

101070

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: of I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES

· SCIENCE.

Multiple chọice Exercise Type:

Scoring Type: Administration Mode: Group

72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package Exercise:

Timing: (in-seconds)

RB105

Stimulus: 15

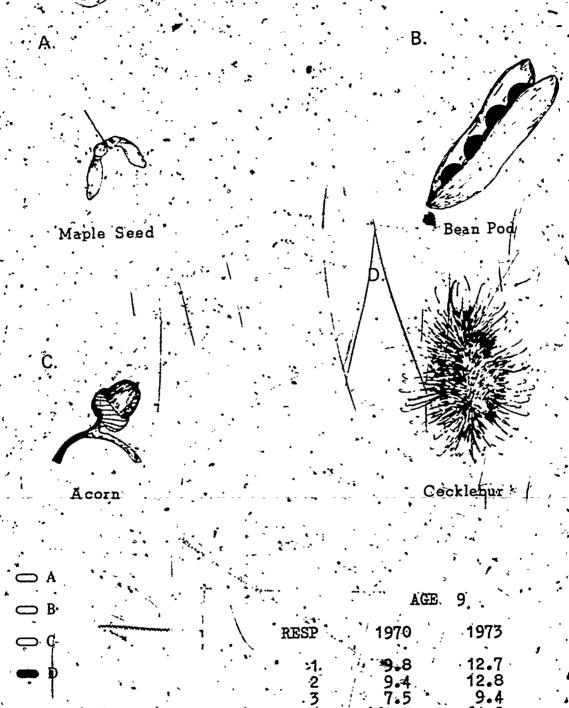
RB105

RB105

Grand total: 61

COLOR . SEX 🍖 REGION 1970 1.4 -2.6 4.5 -5.6 1.4 -1.6 -8.8 1973 -3.5 -7.1 8.9 1.4 1.4 -1.4 -1.7.0

Sometimes seeds stick to animals and are carried to new places where they will later grow. Which of these seeds would most likely be spread this way?



Oldon't know.

72-73 Rpt. #: RP106 69-70 Rpt. #: U603

NAEP #: 4 - 101071

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Co): I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Hachine Administration Hode: Group

12-73 Package-Exercise: 06-06 69-70 Rackage-Exercise: 03-01

Timing: (in seconds)

RP106 Stimulus: 6

RP106 Response: 67

RP106 Grand total: 84

REGION COLOR SEX YEAR ' AGE NE M · F 1970 -5.9 , 1.0 :0.8 -0.4 0.4 0.8 1973 1.4 -2:9 0.7 0.8 -0.8

Which of the following is hottest?

- C Earth
- . Mars
- The Moon
 - The Sun
- I don't know.

· .		
Ÿ	AGE	9 🖟
RESP .	1970	1973
1 2: 3: 4*	0.7 1.1 1.2 95.1	1.1 1.5 1.3 95.4
IDK	1.5	0.7

72-73 Rpt. #: RP107. 69-70 Rpt. #: U646

101072

72-73 Qbj: I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL, ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

· Subobjective: . A. Know facts and simple concepts. . .

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES SCIENCE.

Multiple choice. Exercise Type:

Administration Hode: Group.

Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: ... 03-03 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)
Stimulus: Responsé: 40 RP107 Grand total: 'R**2**407 60,

COLOR REGION YEAR NE SE: C AGE 1970 7.6 -11.9 -0.0 1.4 1973 3.0 -5.4 0.9 1.0 0.2 -0.2 -11.0 2.4 -2.6 -11.0 1.7 Physics is the study of

- war and peace.
- wood and cloth.
- energy and matter.
- plants and animals.
- 👝 ldon't kńow.

	AGE	9 ·.
RESP	. 1970	1973
2´3*	16.0 4.1 38.6 16.3	10.8 3.1 37.8 29.4
IDK	24.8	18.7

72-73 Rpt. #: RP108 69-70 Rpt: #: **0635**

101073 HAEP :

I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.
A. Know facts and simple concepts. 72-73 Obj:

Subobjective:

69-70 Obj: .. . I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES SCIENCE.

Multiple. choice Exercise Type:.

Scoring Type: Machine, Administration Mode: Group

Age: , 72-73 Package-Exercise: 07-25 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

"YEAR

Stimulus: **RP108** Response: RP108

Grand total: RP108 🖈

REGION

NE'

1970° -8.6 -9.0 8.7 4.8 1973 -3.2 -6.3 2.4 7.5

4.8 0.8 -0.8 7.5 2.1 -2.1

COLOR

The tiny grams of sand on the beach are

pieces of rock.

drops of water.

crystals of salt.

splinters of wood.

_ l don't know.

	AGE	9 .
RESP .	.1970	1973
1*···	61.9	. • 53 . 9
2	< 3.9 \ 28.5	. 3.7 - 35.7
4	2.1.	3.5
IDK	3.4	3.1

72-7,3 Rpt. #: RP109 69-70 Apt. #: 0609

~ 1010**.7**4

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES. 69-70 Obj.:.: SCIENCE.

Multiple choice Exercise Type: 1 Scoring Type: Machine

Administration Hode:

06-17 72-73 Package+Exercise: 03 - 1269-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

10 Stimulus: RP109 39. Response: EP109 RP109 ", " Grand total: .60

, REGION . COLOR SEX. М YEAR . NE. AGE -2.6 -7.6 1.3 1.6 0.5 -4.3 3.0 0.4 -22.3 -0.3 0.3 1.6 -17.6 0.8 -0.9

You could measure the distance from your home to the school in yards or in

- . dozens.
- féet.
- pounds.
- guarts.
- : I don't know.

	AGE	9
RESP	1970 13.	1973
	3.9. 89.1	4.8 85.6
3 4	2.4	2.2
IDK	2.2	4.2

72-73 Rpt. #: RP110 69-70 Rpt. #: U616

NAEP #: * 101076

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: .. I. KNOW, FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF

SCIENCE. "

Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine

Administration Mode: Group

Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 03-31 69-76 Package-Exercise: 03416

Fiming: (in seconds).

RP110 Stimulus: 16 RP110 Response: 40 RP110 Grand total: 61

AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F B W

9 1970 5.8 -14.2 4.2 -0.1 -3.0 3.1 -31.0 6.8
1973 5.7 -8.1 1.8 -0.2 -1.9 2.0 -28.5 6.4

Electricity can be used for all of the following EXCEPT

- taking walks.
- cooking food.
- c heating homes.
- Tightińg roöms.
- idon't know.

*	AGE	. 9	· •
RESP	1970	\· . i	973
1*	80.3	. 7	6.6
3	3.7 9:0.	. 1	4.3
TOK CO	+ Δ	:	3.4

72-73 Rpt. #: **RP111** 69-70-Rpt. #: U636

101077

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

A. Know facts and simple concepts. Subobjective:"

I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: ' Group

Administration Mode:

∦qė:. 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: 0.3 - 17:

Timing: (in seconds)

RP111 Stimulus: Response: 41 RP111 Grand total:

REGION 'AGE YEAR SE 1970 0.5 -6.4 -0.5 1973 4.8 -2.5 -0.7 5.0 -2.501-0.7

Putting sand and salt together makes

- a chemical.
- : ... a compound.
- an element.
- a mixture.

AGE	
MATO	

RESP	1970	1973
2	10.6 ×	8.1

72-73 Apt. #: 69-70 Apt. #; 'RB112 ່ ປ610ີ .

101078 NAEP #:

I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73, Object

Subobjective: : A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS, AND PRINCIPLES OF

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine

Administration. Mode:

Age: 03-19 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

Stimulus: Response: Grand total: RB112] .

RB112.

REGION SEX' COLOR NE SE YEAR 0.9 1970 1.7. -1.6 -2.9 3.1 0.9 -0.9 -6.5 1973 -2.1 -0.1 -0.3 2.4 1.2 -1.3 -7.1 9 : 1970

Which animal eats only plants?

- O Dog
- i Lion
- Rabbit
- O I don't know.

AGE · 9

RESP 1970 .-1973

1 0.2 0.2 2 0.5 0.3

3. "8.1 , 5.5

4* -87.7 92.7

TDK 3.0 1.

72-73 Rpt. #: RB113 69-70 Rpt. #: U541

NAEP :: 101079

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE., Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: : I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice 'Scoring' Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age:
72-73 Package-Exercise:
03-23
69-70 Package-Exercise:
04-04

Timing: (in seconds)

RB113 Stimulus:

RB113 Response:

RB113 Response: 36
RB113 Grand total: 61

REGION.

SEX COLOR:

AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F B W

9. 1970. 0.2 -2.7 -1.5 3.8 0.1 -0.1 -10.0 3.0
1973. -1.3 0.0 2.1 -1.1 0.6 -0.7 -1.7 0.6;

Germs sometimes cause disease in man because germs

make poisons.

c keep the blood from moving.

use up all of the water in the body.

dislike people and want to hurt them.

ci don't know.

A	·· AGE	9
ESP	1970	1973
1* 2 3 4	49.2 17.4 6.9	47.6 20.7 10.5 13.1
ank .	12.8	7.9

72-73 Rpt. #: RB114 69-70 Rpt. #: U615 NAEP #: 101081

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Hultiple choice Scoring Type: Hachine Hadministration Hode: Group

Age:
72-73 Package-Exercise:
69-70 Package-Exercise:
04-09

Timing: (in seconds)

RB114 Stimulus: 9
RB114 Response: 40
RB114 Grand total: 60

- REGION 'SEX COLOR . M AGE YEAR. · NE 2.0 -1.9 1.7 -1.7 -10.6 .0.0 2.6 -1.59 1970 6.0 -0.5 -2.8 -3.2 -12.5 . 4.8 Which of the following, animals has scales over most of its body?

A

Turtle



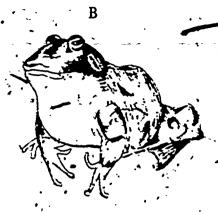
Fish 3.



- C

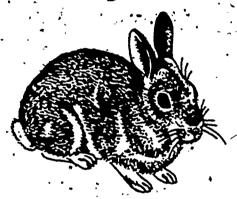
- D

□ I don't know.



Frog

D



Rabbit

	7	
14	CE.	4
-14	ULD:	- 7

RESP	1970	· 1973
1 .	11.0 3.8	10.6 3.7
3* 4 .	80.9 7.2.5	75.7·
·IDK	1.5-:	2.5

72-73 Rpt. #: RB115 69-70 Rpt. #: U611

NAEP #: 101083

72-73 obj: I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPKES OF SCIENCE.

ACTENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Administration Model Group

Age: 9
72-73 Package-Exercise: 02-20
69-70 Package-Exercise: 05-01

Timing: (in seconds),

RB115 \ Stimulus: 9
RB115 Response: 40
RB115 Grand total: 60

-COLOR-REGION SEX NE SE . C W 2.0. -7.0 3.3 2.1 -6.3 2.4 0.0 0.8 -0.8 -24:3 4.6 1970 -20.9 . 1973 1.4" 1.9 -1.8

Which of the following animals usually hunts for food only at night?

- Ba Ba
- □ Dog
- Horse
- Hummingbird
- · Oldon't know.

ج ند	. ∉ AGE	9
RESP	1970	1973
1* 2 3	87.2 3.6 0.8 5.0	86.9 .3.7 .0.5 6.7
IDK	2.9	.1.8

72-73 Rpt. #: BB116 69-70 Rpt. #: U655

HAEP & . / 101085

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF

SCIÈNCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: 9
72-73 Package-Exercise: 07-14
69-70 Package-Exercise: 05-14

Timing: (in seconds)

#RB116 Stimulus: 14

RB116 Response: 35

RB116 Grand total: 60

REGION SEX COLOR

AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F B W

9 1970 -0.7 -0.6 -0.7 2.3 1.0 -1.0 2.4 -0.3
1973 -0.3 2.5 -4.8 3.9 3.1 -3.1 1.3 0.0

What is the main way that sweating helps your body?

It helps cool your body.

It keeps your skin moist.

☐ It keeps you from catching cold.

☐ It gets rid of the salt in your body.

I don't know.

• •	• .•	` _ A	.GE	9
RĘSP	•	1970		1973
1* 2 3 4		14.5 34.8 12.0 30.0		15.5 - 30.2 11.5 35.1
IDK	٠.٠	8.6		7.6

72²73 Rpt. #: RP1-17 69-70 Rpt. #: 0657

NAEP #: 101087

7.2-73 OBJ: I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW . FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Hultiple choice Scoring Type: Machine

Administration Hode: Group

Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 06-29 69-70 Package-Exercise: 06-05

Timing: (in seconds)

RP117 Stimulus:

RP117 Response: 40

RP117 Grand total: 60

REGION SEX COLOR

AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F B W

9 1970 2.5 -2.3 1.1 -1.9 2.6 -2.7 0.4 -0.2
1973 2.9 -2.0 -0.6 -0.5 1.5 -1.6 -3.7 0.6

Atoms are NOT a part of

- compounds.
- electrons.
- elements.
- matter.
- molecules.
- I don't know.

AGE - 9

RESP~	₹1970	1973
1 2* 3 4 5	19.5 11.6 5.8 18.9	15.5 12.5 6.5 18.4 16.4

57

35

72-73 apt. *: 69-70 apt. *: RP118 1 0622· 101091 NAEP *: .

I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73 Obj:

Subobjective:

A. Know facts and simple concepts.

I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES SCIENCE. 69-70 Obj:

multiple choice

Exercise Type:
Scoring Type: madhine : Administration Hode: Group

72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

RP118 Stimu

RP118 Respo Stimulus: Stimutus: Grand total: 61

NE · SE YEAR 1.2 -5.8 3.0 0.6 -0.7 0.7 -18.9 4.2 3.4 -7.1 2.6 0.6 0.8 -0.8 -23.4 5.7 1973

Iron is most likely to rust when it is

- damp.
- C drv
- painted.
- covered with soap.
- covered with grease.
- _ Idon't know

AGE '

resp 1970 1973

1* 75.3 66.1

3 2.5 3.7

4 3.0 5.9

IDK 4.9 3.6

72-73 Rpt. #: RP119 69-70 Rpt. #: U619

NAEP #: 101093

72-73.0bj:: I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 obj: i. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: 9 0 07-06 72-73 Package-Exercise: 07-06 07-06

Timing: (in seconds)

RP119 Stimulus: 9
RP119 Response: 40
RP119 Grand total: 60

REGION? SEX COLOR " M. YEAR · NE Β. **-3.0** ₹**3.2 -20.0** · 4.5 1970 7.0 -12.0 5.1 -2.3 -2.2 -29.7 6.2 1973 8.3 -14.8 6.5 ' -0.2 0.2

Water falls from the sky as all of the following EXCEPT

o hail:

C rain.

smoke.

□ snow.

-I don't know..

AGE 9

RESP 1970 1973

1 3.6 3.2
2 12.7 17.7
3* 77.8 .74.2
4 3.4 3.0

IDK 1.9 1.4

72-73 Rpt. #: **RB120** 69-70 Rpt. *: **U601**

NAEP #: 101094

72-73 Obj: KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. .

Subobjective: A, Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Opj: / I. KNOW BUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES: OF

SCÍENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Machine Scoring Type: Administration Mode: Group

λge: 72-73 Package-Exercise: .04-02 69-70 Package Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

Stimulus: . RB120 7. RB120 Response: . 4.2 Grand total: **RB120**

REGION SEX COLOR AGE YEAR + SE M -1.5 -0.4 0.7 1970 -0.2 .0.2 -7.0 0.6 0.3 0.7 -0.7 -9.2 0.7

Which of the following animals do NOT lay eggs?

- Chickens
- Dogs.
- o Frogs
- . Turtles
- O I don't know.

AGE.		a
Al÷B	•	ч

` I	RESP		1970		1973
	2*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.2°. 95.8 1.0°	` _	1.7 90.4 1.3 1.1
·	IDK	• •	0.4	-	1.0

57

72-73 %pt. #: * AP121. 69-70 Apt. #: \8605

101096

7,2-73 วษ์รู่: ... I. KNOW THE PUNDEMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts. •

I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PEINCIPLES 69-70 Obj: . SCTENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine

Administration Mode:

: Age: .72-73 Package-Exercise: . 08-01 69-70. Package-Exercise;

Timing: (in seconds)

PP121 Stimulus: RP121 Response: . 41 'Grand total: 60 . EP121

REGION SEX COLOR - NE AGE YEAR M . -11.7 1.0 -1.0 1970 1.6 -1.2 0.9 -0.9/ 1973

Which of the following can be weighed on a scale?

- Fish
- . Freedom
- Friendship
- ·- Fun
 - O I don't know.

AGE 9

RESP	1970	1973
1* . 2 . 3	92.9 1.2 . 2.3 0.2	89.2 2.2 4.1 1.9
IDK	2.9	2.5

72-73 Rpt. #: RP 122 0624. 0703 69-70 Rpt. #: NAEP #: 101097 I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72****73 Obi: Subobjective: 1. Know facts and simple concepts. I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE. 69-70 Obj: | Multiple choice | Machine Exércise Type: Scoring Type: Administration Mode: Age: 04-22 02 - 1472-73 Package-Exercises 08-02 04 - 1469-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds) RP122 Stimulus: **3**9 RP122 Response: RP122 Grand total: 60 REGION SEX COLOR' SE E AGE NE -2.2 -10.6 9 1970 6.0 . **3.**6 1973 1.0 -8.9 -2.2 5.3 -19.3 ÷0.6 -2.8 2.8 0.2 -0.6 -1.6 0.7 1.3 1969 -0.5 -10:0 1.3 - 1972 --1.1 -13.4

How many stars are there in the universe?

- → 1²
- . About a million
- More than have been counted
- 🖎 I doń't know.

•	AGE 9			AGE	13
RESP	1970	. 1973	•	1969,	1972
1 2 3 4*	1.4 3.6 10.5 73.9	1.7 3.8 12.6 75.6		0.3 0.5 2.8 93.7	0.4 0.4 3.6 89.9
$\mathbf{IDK}^{\!$	10.3	6.1	•	2.5	5.5

72-73 Rpt. #: RP123 -69-70 Rpt. #: 0639

101099

72-73 Obj; I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

· 69-70 Obj: I. KNOW TUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES

SCIENCE

Multiple choice Exercise Type: Scoring Type: Scoring Type: Machine Machine Administration Mode: Group .

Ade: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 02-04 08-05

· Timing: (in seconds)

RP123 Stimulus: Response: RP123 Grand total: RP123 .60

REGION COLOR C SEX-AGE YEAR NE SE -0.0 -1.8 -0.8 2.6 1970 1973 3.2 -5.1 2.4 -1.2 -16.7

Most of the Earth's surface is

- cities and towns.
- o farm land.
- o solid rock.
- water.
- yellow.
- ,I don't know.

63

RB124 -72-73 Rpt. #: 69-70 Rpt. #: U647

'NAEP 4: 101100

I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73 Obj:

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Multiple choice Exercise Type: -Machine

Scoring Type: Administration Mode: Group

Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 80-80 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

13 Stimulus: · RB124 ' 'RB124 RB124 Response: 38 , · Grand total: 62

	••		REG	ION	.,	S	EX	coi	OR
AĞE	YEAR, -	NE	, SE	, α	₩	M	Ŧ	B	W
9	1970 1973	0.6 2.2	-7.6 -4.7	-1.1 1.5	7.7	3.2 4.3	-3.2 -4.1	-14.0 -5.5	2.0

The bones and shells of sea animals that lived millions of years ago can be found in the

- ocean water.
- c ice on a pond.
- trunks of trees.
- rocks in the ground.
- I don't know.

	AGE	9
RESP	1970	1973
1 2 3 4*	58.4 0.8 1.4 36.8	54.0 1.3 1.8 38.7
IDK	2.6	3.3

72-73 Rpt. #:\ RB125 69-70 Rpt. #: U718

NAEP #: 101102

72-73 Obj: , I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: 13 72-73 Package-Exercise: 02-11 69-70 Package-Exercise: 01-04

Timing: (in seconds)

RB125 Stimulus: , 12
RB125 Response: 8
RB125 Grand total: 32

REGION . COLOR SEX NE SE M F AGE YEAR 0.8 -0.7 -20.3 1969 7.1 -6.6 13 -3.2 2.4 3.2 2.2 -4.0 0.9 -0.9 -20.6 1972 41.7

Green plants make sugar by the process called

o digestion.

evaporation.

osmosis.

photosynthesis.

respiration.

o ldon't know.

AGE 13

RESP	1969	٠,	1972
1 2 3 4* 5	5.2 5.6 10.0 61.7 3.5	3	5.4 6.7 9.5 62.0 4.9
IDK	13.9		11.4

72-73 Rpt. #: **RB126** 69-70 Rpt. #: U727

-NAEP #:

101103

72-73 Obj:

I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj:

I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type:

Multiple choice

Scoring Type: . Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 02 - 1869-70 Package-Exercise: 02-02

Timing: (in seconds)

RB126 . Stimulus: 15 RB126 Response: 20 **RB126** Grand total: 46

REGION ·COLOR .SEX AGE YEAR SE C Μ. NE W ,F В 1969 2.3 -3.5 -1.0 1.6 0.0 0.2 -26.6 1972 2.0 -4.6 3.3 -1.5 2.4 -2.3 -23.4

An average serving of which of the following foods would provide the most protein for building and repairing body tissues?

- Boiled potatoes
- Creen beans
- Lean meat
- Oatmeal
- White bread
- ___ don't know

AGE	13
TUL	ーレン

RESP			•
		1969	1972
.	1 2 3* 4 5	4.8 15.1 53.2 7.2 11.0	4.6 20.5 49.3 7.9 7.8
•	IĎK	8.2 .	9 . 4

60.

53

72-73 Rpt. #: RB127
69-70 Ept. #: U711

NAEP #: 101105

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.
Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES SCIENCE.

OF

Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Sroup

Age: 13 72-73 Package-Exercise: 04-05 69-70 Package-Exercise: 03-08

Timing: (in seconds)

RB127 Stimulus: 12

RB127 Response: 22

RB127 Grand total: 46

REGION SEX COLOR

AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F B W

13 1969 5.7 0.4 1.2 -8.4 1.7 -1.6 -11.4 2.6

1972 2.6 0.6 -1.6 -1.3 1.6 -1.7 -14.6 -3.6

When a person sees something, what carries the message from the eyes to the brain?

- Arteries
- Glands
- Muscles
- Nerves
- Veins
- · 👝 I don't know.

	AGE	13
RESP	1969	1972
1 2 3 4* 5	7.8 4.6 3.0 76.9 3.1	6.2 5.4 2.6 78.2 3.8
IDK	4.5	3.7

71

72-73 Rpt. #: RB128 69-70 Rpt. #: U706

NAEP #: 101108

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: 13 72-73 Package-Exercise: 08-01 69-70 Package-Exercise: 04-03

Timing: (in seconds)

 RB128
 Stimulus:
 14

 RB128
 Response:
 21

 RB128
 Grand total:
 46

• .	REGION			S	EX	COLOR			
AGE	YEAR .	NE	ŚE	. C	W	M	F	В.	W
13	1969 1972	1.4 3.1	-2.9 -1.6	2.8	-1.7 -2.4	2.4 2.9	-2.1, -2.9	-9.4 -13.1	2.6 3.2

What is the most important thing that the lungs do?

Hold the chest out

Protect against germs

Move different parts of the body

Pump the blood through the body

Provide a place for oxygen to enter the blood

.l don't know.

AGE 13

-	•	. •
RESP	1969	1972
1 · 2 3 4 5*	1.1 × 1.8 1.0 9.2 85.7	0.7 1.0 1.2 11.4 84.2
, ÌDK'	1.0	1.5

72-73 Bpt. #: BB129 69-70 Bpt. #: U731

NAEP #: 101109

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

•

Exercise Type: Multiple choice ——
Scoring Type: Machine
Administration Mode: Group

Age: 13 72-73 Package-Exercise: 09-04 69-70 Package-Exercise: 04-07

Timing: (in seconds)

 RB129
 Stimulus:
 19

 RB129
 Response:
 32

 RB129
 Grand total:
 62

			REGION			• SEX		COLOR	
AGE .	YEAR	NE.	SE	C	W	M	F	B	. M
`13 ⁻	1969 1972	2.1	-4.9 -6,3	3.9 3.4	-1.6 1.6	3. ⁶ 8. 5.6	-3.5 -6.0	-21.8 -22.3	5.0 3.9

Green plants are important to animals because the plants

consume both food and oxygen.

consume food and give off oxygen.

consume food and give off carbon dioxide.

produce food and give off oxygen.

produce food and give off carbon dioxide.

I don't know.

•	AGE	13
RESP	1969	1972
1 2 3 4* 5	12.8 11.3 7.0 49.7 15.1	10.9 13.9 6.0 51.1 13.4
IDK	3.9	4.3

72-73 Rpt. #: RP130 69-70 Rpt. #: U7.10

NAEP #: 101110

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

 Age:
 13

 72-73 Package-Exercise:
 02-09

 69-70 Package-Exercise:
 05-03

Timing: (in seconds)

RP130 Stimulus: 13
RP130 Response: 7
RP130 Grand total: 31

REGION SEX COLOR AGE YEAR NE \$E M. \mathbb{B} . 3.3 1.6 1969 0.3 -5.6 1.6 -3.1 2.6 -11.0 1972 1,2 3.1 -4.3 -0.6 -1.6 -12.1

What is needed to move cars, heat hamburgers, and light rooms?

- Conservation
- Efficiency
- Energy
- Friction
- Magnetism
- I don't know.

AGE 13 ·

⊾ RESP	1969	1972
1 2 3* 4 5	1.4 1.9 79.2. 10.8 2.6	1.2 2.6 81.6 7.3 3.7
IDK	4.0	3.5

72-73 'Rpt, #: 69-70 Rpt: #: **RP131 0742 ..** 101111 NAEP #: / · - //... 🍇 I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73 Obj: A. Knot facts and simple concepts. Subobjective: I.KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES FACTS AND 69-70 Obj.: -SCIENCE. Exercise Type: Multiple choice · Machine Scoring Type: Group Administration Mode: Aqe: 08-20 72-73 Package-Exercise: 🕠 05-05 69-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds), 13 Stimulus: RP131 7 Response: **PP131** .31 Grand total: **RP131** COLOR REGION · SEX Ć Ŵ W YÉAR · SE AGE ME 3.3 -0.2 -18.1 3.0 -2.8 -4.1 -5.3

1.4 -1.5

-10.2

2.6.

1969

1972

6.6

-0.7

13

If a neutral atom loses an electron, which of the following is formed?

- A gas
- An ion
- An acid
- A radical.
- A molecule.
- o I don't know.

AGE 13

RESP *	1969	. 1972
1 2* 3 4 	28.4 5.0 5.8 29.4	9.4 21.8 4.5 6.5 25.8
IDK	22.7	31.8

RB132 72-73 Rpt. #: 69-70 Rpt. #: ' 0713

101114 NAEP #:

72-73 Obj:

I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.
Subobjective:

A. Know facts and simple concepts:

I. KNOW, FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF 69-70 Obj: SCIENCE.

Multiple choice Exercise Type: Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

lige: 09-19 72-73 Package+Exercise: 06-01 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

٠9 Stimulus: **RB132** 11 Response: RB132 Grand total: RB132

SEX · COLOR REGION F M ·W AGE YEAR NE SE -26.0 4.7 -0.5 1.6 -1.4 1969 4.7 -8.9 2.9 1972 5.1 -7.1 0.7 7.0 -0.4 0.4 **-31.0**

Seeds come from which of the following parts of a plant?

Bark

Flower

C Leaf

Root

Stem

o I don't know.

AGE 13

٠.	•	
RESP	1969	1972
1 2*	1.1 74.4	1.4 68.4
3	3.6 11.5	5.0
5	7.5	12.8 9.6
IDK ·	1.6	2.5

72-73 Rpt. #: RB133 '69-70 Rpt. #: U743, U820

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE:

Subobjective: " A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age:
72-73 Package-Exercise:
69-70 Package-Exercise:
13 17 11-25 06-06 07-01

Timing: (in seconds)

RB133 Stimulus: 19 17

RB133 Response: 16 18 RB133 Grand.total: 46 42

COLOR. REGION SE NE YEAR AGE -15.0 1.7 3.7 2.9 -5.8 @ -5.5. -6.2 -0.1 0.1 -0.7 1969 13 0.6 -0.6 8.3 1972 -31:8 0.8 .-0.8 1969 : 3.8 -6.9 -3.5 5:3 -31.6 -1.2, -6.2 4.1 0.8 -1.0

Of the following, cancer is best described as.

- a disease of the aged.
- an inherite'd disease.
- a consequence of infection.
- uncontrolled cell division.
- a disease of the blood which then spreads to other parts of the body.
- ____ I don't know

:	AGE	13.		AGE, 17		
RESP :	1969	1972		1969	1973	
1.1 2.4* 5	2.9 6.3 16.9 29.0 38.7	1.7 5.6 16.5 26.1 37.7		1.2 1.7 13.6 61.6 18.7	0.9, 1.9, 15.7, 57.1	
IDK,	6.2	7.7	•	. 3.1	3.9	

72-73 Bpt. #: ' **RP134** 69-70 Rpt: #: 0735 NAEP #: 101117 I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73 Obj: A. Know facts and simple concepts. Subobjective: I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES 59-70 Obj: SCIENCE. nultiple choice. Exercise Type: Scoring .Type: Machine. Administration Mode: Group 13 Ağe: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 09-06 06-07 Timing: (in seconds) 12 Stimulus: EP134. PP134 Response: · FP134 Grand total:

> PÉGION, COLOR 3.4 · -7.6 7.6. 0.4 5.8 -17.3 -4:2 .3.6 - 3.13.9

¥2...

1.7

What does an electric power company sell in units of kilowatt-hours?

- Atoms
- Electrons
- Energy
- Radiation
- Time
- idon't know.

•	AGE ·	13
RESP ·	1969	. 1972
1 2 3* 4 5	2.1 23.2 45.5 6.6 6.5	2.4 22.1 41.9 5.1 6.8
TDK .	15.9	21.5

7[-73. Rpt. #: RP135-69-70 Rpt. **‡: U705** 101118 WATE #: . I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE, 72-73 057: A. Know facts and simple concepts. Subobjective: AND PRINCIPLES OF I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL FACIS n9-70 1bj: SCIENCE. Exercise Type: Maltiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Administration Hode: **śroup** 72-73 Package-Exercise: \$9-70 Package-Exercise: 06-08 Timing: (in seconds) Stimulus: RP135 PP135 Response: 11 RP135 Grand total:

SEX . COLOR. REGION AGE -4.3 -1.3 1.0 -1.3. 1.2 -10.4 1.6 13 1969 1.1 -0.8 1 -0.2 0.2.5 -10.0 -1.0

The only star you asually see in the daytime is

- O Venus
- the Sun
- ___ the Moon
- . Shu Pole Star
- 📥 Alpha Cerkaan
- □ Idin'+know

AGE 13

ESP. 1969 1972

1 1.4 1.8 2.5 3 1.8 2.1 1.5 1.0 5 0.8 0.2

57

72-73 Rpt. #: **RP136** 69-70 Rpt. #: 0715·

'NAEP #:

101119

I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73 Obj:

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

PRINCIPLES 59-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Aqe: 06-20 72-73 Package-Exercise: 07-01 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

. 14 Stimulus: RP136 **RP136** Response: RP136 Grand tobal:

SEX REGION COLOR AGE YEAR XΞ 3.5 В -4.6 1.1 -6.9 13 . 1969 -1.1 .. 0.7 -10.0. 3.0 3.2 -2.8 2.6 -3.9 2.8, -1.4 -24.2

7

. 6 📉

31

When one sees a powder made up of both white specks and black specks, one is able to conclude that he has

- argue 🔾
- o pepper
- a mixture
- an element
- . a pare compound
- Idon't knaw

AGE 1

RESP	1969	· 1972
. 1 .2 .3* .4 .5	0.5 23.1 69.7 1.6 2.7	0.9 14.0 70.0 3.0 7.5
IDK	2.0	4.4

72-73 'Rpt. #: **RP137** 69-70 Rpt. #: ช723

NAEP #: 101120

I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73 001:

A. Know facts and simple concepts. Subobjective:

PRINCIP,LES 63-70 Obj: I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group,

Age: --03-06 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: 08-01

Priming: (in seconds)

Stimulus: 15 £P137 19 RP137 Response: Grand total: RP137

REGION SEX COLOR YEAR NE AGE V_{i} 1969 5.7 -3.4 .-2.1. -€.2 -0.4 3.0 2.0 -8.1 0.8 4.2

The time it takes the Moon to go from new moon to full moon and back
to new moon is about

- \bigcirc $\frac{1}{2}$ day.
- i l day
- 👄 14 days.
- 🕳 į 28 days
- 365 days
- 🔾 l'don't know

•	AGI	E _. 13 \
RESP	1969	⁻ 1972
1 2 3 4* 5	0.8 8.6 16.0 58.5 8.2	2.3 7.4 17.1 50.3 13.4
TOT	, 7.7	9 5

72-73 Rpt. #: RB138 69-70 Rpt. #: U707

NAEP #:

101122

72-73 Obj:
I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.
Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

PRINCIPLES

AND

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Timing: (in seconds).

RB138 Stimulus: 12
Ph 138 Résponse: 9
RB138 Grand total: 32

9

, ,	•	•	REG	IOŇ ,		· . SE	X	COI	COR
'AGE '	YEAR .	NE	SE	G	· W ·	M	F.	B.	₩.
13	1969 1972	4.1	-4.7 -3.3	-0.2 2.3	-0.4 -6.2	-1.1 -1.6	1.1	-25.4 -25:8	5.1. ² 5.7

Which of the following diseases is known to be transmitted by an insect?

- Cancer
- Diabetes
- Malaria
- Measles
- ← Polio, s
- Idon't know.

3	
	3

RESP:	1969	1972
1 2	2.0	1.5 5.4
3*; 4.	84.6 1.6	77.0 2.9 6.9
IDE	2.9	5.6

72-73 Rpt. #: RP139

69-70 Rpt. #: 0747, U843

-NAEP #:

101123

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Opj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine

Administration Mode: Group

Age: 13 17 72-73 Package-Exercise: 03-21 06-22 69-70 Package-Exercise: 08-06 04-09

Timing: (in seconds)

RP139 Stimulus: 16 16 RP139 Response: 19 2C RP139 Grand total: 46 46

		REG:	ION	•	S	EX .	CO:	LOR
AÇŽ	, YEAR	NÉ → SE	c :	W	M	F	B.	W
13	, 1969 - 1972	0.2 0.8 -0.7· 2.4		-1.6 · -0.2 ·		-0.3 -1.5		-0.8 -1.4
· 17	1969 1973	0.8 -6.0 1.8 0.4	3.0 ³		5.1 4.2	-4.8 -3.8	-4.0 18	1.0

Which of the following is produced when a candle burns"

- Carbon atoms in the same crystal form as diamonds
- Hydrogen gas
- O Vitrogen gas
- O'xygen gas
- Water vapor
- O, Idon't know

•	AGE 13	• • •	AGE	17 •
RESP	1969 🕺 1972	:	1969	1973
1 2 3 4 . 5*	13.1 11.2 22.6 23.8 19.8 19.7 18.0 18.4 8.1 8.0	•	14.3 21.8 16.6 11.4 15.3	14.8 22.0 17.1 11.1 10.4
IDK	18.4 % 18.0	•	20.4	24.3

72-73 Rpt. #: RP140 69-70 Rpt. #: U725

NAEP #:

101124

72-73 Obj:
Subobjective:

I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj:

I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

12

Exercise Type: Multiple choice
Scoring Type: Machine

Scoring Type: Machin Administration Hode: Group

Timing: (in seconds)

RP140 Stimulus RP140 F. Response:

RP140 Grand total:

REGION SEX COLOR

AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F B W

13 1969 0.1 -5.2 1.0 3.0 3.9 -4.4 -16.5 3.3

1972 3.5 -5.6 0.8 0.7 2.7 -2.6 -18.6 4.8

From which of these can all kinds of matter be formed?

- Atoms
- Compounds
- , O Mixtures
 - Protons.
 - O. I don't know

' AGE 13

RESP	1969	1972
1* 2 3	*58.2 10.4 18.6 5.5	61.4. 12.2 17.2 3.2
· IBK	7.2.	``5_8

.72+73 Rpt. -*:, 69-70 Rpt. #: 101125 NAEP #: I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. T2-73 Obj: 1. Know facts and simple concepts. Subobjective: 69-70 Obj: I. KNOW . PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES SCIENCE. : Multiple choice Exercise Type: Scoring Types Hachine ... Administration Hode: Group - 09 - 14 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: RB141 ... RB141 Response:, Grand total: SEX COLOR REGION NE' AGE. 1969 2.4 -7.0 1.6 2.0 1972 -0.5 -3.5 4.4 -0.7 **-22.8** 13 1.2 -0.8

4.7 -5.1

∸21.1

Which of the following have probably been on Earth the shortest time?

- Alligators
- ____. Dragonflies
- C Fish.
- Men
- Snails
- Idon't know.

, AGE 13

RESP ,	:1969	1972 -
1 2 3 4*	4.3 13.6 3.5 61.6	5.8 14.1 2.6. 64.2
5	6.8	. ;7.8
IDK	9.7	5.2

72-73 Rpt. #: **RB142** 69-70 Rpt. #: 0736 101126 NAEP #: TP KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73 Obj: Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts. I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF 69-70 Obj: SCIENCE. ' Multiple choice Exercise Type: Scoring Type: Machine y Group Administration Mode: 13 Age: 04-29 72-73 Package-Exercise: 09-83 69-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds) . Stimults: . Response: PB142 Grand total: RB142 ाइ : उद्घ ं र

0,3 -10.0. 4,7 3.6

-0.9 1.1 1.4 -1.5

. **-**0.3

0.6 -0.7

0.5

-10.6 2.8 -12.1 3.2 What is the main way that sweating helps your body?

- it keeps your skin moist.
- It keeps you from catching cold.
- . C It rid's your body of extra water.
- It gets rid of the salt in your body.
- it aids in controlling body temperature.
- Jon't know.

AGE	12
AUL	- 12

RESP	1969	-1972
. 1 2 3 4 5*	7.0 1.2 17.4 24.4 44.3	6.1 2.0 13.9 27.4 43.4
IDK	5.6.	5.0

72-73 Rpt. *: RP143 69-70 Rpt. #: . 0739 HAEP A 101128 I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73 Obj: Subobjective: . I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES 69-70 Obj: SCIENCE. inultiple choice Machine Administration Node: Group .; Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 07 - 2869-70 Package-Exercise 8Q-20 Timing: (in seconds) P143. Stimulus:
Response; .: EP 143 31 RP143. Grand total: COLOR Y SEX REGION . M AGE

3.3 -4.6

2.4 -1.6 3.3 2.2 -3.6 3.2

1969

Q.4 -Q.\$ -10.6

0.9 -0.8.

Atoms of all the elements have

the same mass.

nuclei in them

, . the same weights.

an attraction for electrons.

the same number of charged particles.

P Idon'i know

RESP 1969 1972

1 6.7 7.8
2* 38.7 34.8
3 3.7 3.7
4 21.2 16.4
5 12.4 7.1

FBK 17.2 27.9

72-73 Rpt. #1 RP144 69-70 Rpt. #1 U717

NAEP #: 101129

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: . I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF A SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Machine Group

Response: (in seconds)

RP144 Stimulus: 19

RP144 Response: 15

RR444 Grand total: 45

REGIO		IOŅ	,		S	EX.	COL	OR -	
AGE	YEAR	NE SE	" C	vi		M	, F	. B	₩.
, 13	1969 · 1972	7.4 -11.6	1.4	1.0° -7.5	÷	8.2 7.7	-7.9 -7.8	-27.8 -30.5	6.3

Which of the following helps to account for the fact that a compass can be used to find north on Earth?

- Earth has only one moon.
- Earth has a magnetic, field.
- Earth reflects the Sun's light.
- Most of Earth is covered by water.
 - Earth's temperature is not constant.
 - Idon't know.

AGE 13

RESP.	1969	· 1972`
1 2* 3 4 5	7.4 63.1 8.1 5.7 4.7	7.2 62.2 9.1 4.8 3.8
IDK	10.9	. 1259

[i05

72-73 Rot. #: 69-70 Rpt. #: . RB145-U814 101131 MAEP *: I, KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 12-73 abj: A. Know facts and simple concepts. Spapjective: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF 69-70 obj: SCIÈNÇE. Multiple choice Exercise Type: Exercise Type: Multiple of Scoring, Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group 72-73 Package-Exercise: 02-01 69-70. Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds) 🚰 RB 145 114 Response: RB145; " Grand. Wotal: 30. PB145 REĞION COLOR YEAR , NE. SE' AGE 1969 . . 0.3 .-0.4 -4.3 5.3 2.8

103:

-1.5

2.4 -2.1

1.7

-18.5

Which of the following animals is a vertebrate?

😊 Clam

Frog

• 😊 Octopus \

ے Spider

Starfish

- Idon't know

AGE-17

•		
resp	1969,	1973
1 2* 3 4 5	2.6 72.4 3.2 4.1 10.6	2.3 71.0 3.5 3.7 11.3
TDK	6.6.	7-6

167

72-73 Ppt. #: RB146 69-70 Rpt. #: U804

NAEP #:

101133

72-73 Obj: I.- KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj:

I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF

11-03

704-01

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age:

72-73 Package-Exercise:

69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

RB146 Stimulus: RB146 Response:

RB146 Grand total:

REGION SEX COLOR

AGE YEAR NE' SE C W M F B W

17 1969 1.4 -3.5 2.2 -1.7 -0.3 0.3 -11.6 2.5 1973 -1.8 -0.9 4.9 3.5 0.4 -0.4 -10.3 1.9 Which of the following is an animal?

Bacterium

Lizard

Moss;

👄 : Snapdragon

— Toadstool

__ I don't know.

AGE 17

,		- · ·
RESP •	. 1969	1973
1 2* 3 4 5	5.8 87.7 0.5 2.1 1.3	4.7 85.7 0.3 4.2 2.6
IDK	. 2.2	2.4

72-73 Rpt. #: 69-70 Rpt. #: **RB147 U826** 101134 NAEP *: I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 7.2-73 Obj:\ A. Know facts and simple concepts. Subobjective: I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL, PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF 69-70 Obj: SCIENCE. Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group 17 0.3 - 1.7: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 04-05 69-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds) 11 . Stimulus: RB147 23 . RB147 Response: RB147 Grand total: SEX, COLOR REGION

The human embryo normally develops in the

- abdominal cavity 3
- o evary
- O' oviduct
- uterus
- vagina
- Idon't know.

)A	; È 1	7 -
RESP '	1	1969	٠,	1973
2 3 4*	, ·	14.9 18.7 4.7 46.7 7.2		10.6 13.6 3.6 52.2 4.4
IDK		7.8		6.9

72-73 Rpt. #: | RB148 69-70 Rpt. #: 0809 101135 NAEP. #: 72-73 Obj: . I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. A. Know facts and simple concepts. Subobjective: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES 69-70 Obj: . SCIENCE. Multiple choice Exercise Type: Scoring Type: Machine Group Administration Mode: 17 Age: ' 08-15 72-73 Package-Exercise: 05-13 69-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds)
RB148 11 Stimulus: Response: 23 - BB148 . 45 . RB148 Grand total:

	•	* *	REG	ION		. SI	EX .	, . col	LOR
AGE	YEAR	» NE	\$E	. c	. W	. M	P	В.	W
. 17	1969 1973	7.4 5.6	-7\9 -3.8.	2.0	-3.5 -7.4	-3.0 -3.3	3.2 3.0	-22.3 -21.4	3.2 4.5

Which of the following is used in the treatment of diabetes?

Estrogen

Insulin

O lodine

enicillin .

. Thyroxine

☐ I don't know

·	AGE	.17
RESP Î	. 1969	1973
1 2*, 3 4	2.1 76.8 2.2 6.1 4.7	0.9 79.8 0.8 6.9
	•	_

1:3

RP143 72-73 Rpt: #: , **U847** 69-70 Rpt. #:

· 101136 NAEP 4:

I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

A. Know facts and simple concepts. 72-73 Obj:

Subobjective:

I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES 69-70 Obj:

SCIENCE.

Multiple choice Exercise Type:

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group Scoring Type:

17 Age: 06-07 72+73 Package-Exercise: 06-02 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

15 Stimulus: RP149 19 Response: RP149 45 Grand total: RP149

COLOR SEX YEAR NE AGE-4.1 -2.5 -2.4 -5.3 -2.2 4:6 -3.8 -1.0 *1.4 · 0.8 17 1969 0.8 -1.3 3.2 -2.9 0.5 1973 0.9

The two elements that make up the greatest part of the mass of the Earth's

- aluminum and irop
- mand opper
- oxygen and silicen
- a oxygen and hydrogen
- Condiam and chloring
- 🚊 Idon't know

, •	AGE	17
RESP	1969	1973.
1 2 3* 4 5	6.4 23,0 13.6 36.3 4.6	6.8 25.6 8.4 38.7 2.9
IDK	16.0	17.5

îıī

72-73 Rpt. #: RP150 . 69-70 Rpt. #: U317 ' WAEP #: 101137 I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE, 72-73 Obj: 72-73 Obj: . Subobjective: . A. Know facts and simple concepts. 69-70 Obj; ' I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES SCIENCE. Exercise Type: * Multiple choice Scoring Type: Hachine Administration Mode: Group Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 09-29 69-70 Package-Exercise: 06-05 Timing: (in seconds) ming: (in seconds, PP150 Stimulus; FP150 Response: RP 150 EP150 Grand total: SEX COLOR AGE . YEAF

2.5 -2.4 1.6 -1.5

-14.8

4.8 -5.0 3.6 -6.0 5.1 > 2.5 2.7 -11.1

· 1969

One example of oxidation is the

- setting of concrete.
- burning of wood in air.
- neutralizing of an acid.
- dissolving of CO2 in water.
- on forming of ice from water.
- " I don't.know.

AGÉ	17

RESP	1969	1973
1 2* 3 4 5	1.3 68.6 4.6 10.8 6.7	1.6 56.1 6.1 11.1 7.2
IDK 认	8.0	16.6

72-73 Rpt. #: RP151 69-70 Rpt. #: U822 NAEP #: 101138

72-73 Obj:

I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.
Subobjective:

A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice
Scoring Type: Machine
Administration Hode: Group

Ade: $\frac{17}{72-73}$ Package-Exercise: $\frac{11}{11-12}$ 69-70 Package-Exercise: 06-06

Timing: (in seconds)

RP151 Stimulus: 10

RP151 Response: 10

RP151 Grand total: 30

COLOR REGION · SEX AGE ŃΞ SE YEAR W M . 1969 6.3 -9.2 -1.2 -7.2 -16.5 1.1 1.2 7.4 17 -1.4 -6.0 -14.0 . 1973 7.9 -2.2 -4.2 5.7

Chemistry is a study principally concerned with the properties of

acids

actions

energy —

living things

matter,

Oldon't know.

AGE 17

RESP	1969	1973
1 2 3 4 5*	14.6 7.8 13:5 2.8 57.9	-17.1 13.2 14.6 4.2 45.7
IDK	3.3	5.1

72-73 Rpt. #: RP152 69-70 Rpt. *: . U816

NAEP #:

• 101139

I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. A. Know facts and simple concepts. 72-73 Obj:,

Subobjective:

I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF 69-70 Obj:

SCIENCE.

Multiple Choice 'Machine Exercise Type:

Scoring Type: Administration Mode: Group

Age: -10-05 72-73 Package-Exercise: 06-09 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

RP152 Stimulús: 11 Response:. RP152 31 Grand total: RP152

SEX COLOR REGION ' M F AGE, YEAR NE SE 14.1 -12.8. -19.6 2.5 -10.8 2.9 -0.6 -1.3 .-2.7 10.1 -9.8 4.8 17 1969 2.1 2.2 -1.0 1973 -3.3

What device changes the voltage of an electric power supply?

·

Alternator

, 👝 · Battery 🤌

C Rectifier

Transformer

O I don't know.

1969		1973
17.0	,	19.7

AGE 17

3 5.8 3.6 4* 61.4 47.

IDK 9/6 22.1

RESP

72-73 Rpt. #: PP153 69-70 Rpt. #: 0832 101142 NAEP # Son I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE , 72-73 obj: ˈ A. Know facts and simple concepts. Subobjective: 7. RUON PUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE. Multiple choice . Exercise Type: Scoring Type: Machine - Administration Mode: Group 206-15 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds) RP153. - RP153 Stimulus: Response: Grand total: PP153 REGION W. NE SE $AG\Xi$ YEAR ' -18.3 -0.2. -3.5 7959 2.2 -2.9 -1.1 5.1 -1.0

If a sudden change took place on the surface of the Sun, the change could first be observed an Earth after about

- o' 1 second.
- 10 seconds.
- 30 seconds.
- minutes.
- _ l hour.
- Idon't know.

•	AGE	17
RESP	1969	1973
1 2 3 4* 5	8.5 8.7 8.0 30.9 10.5	12.7 11.4 7.7 27.5 9.0
' TDK	33.4	*31.4

72-73 Rpt. #: **RP154** 69-70 Rpt. #: **080**6 101146# NAEP #: I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73 Obj: A. Know facts and simple concepts. Subobjective: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES 69-70 Obj: SCIENCE. Multiple choice Exercise Type: Machine Scoring Type: Administration Hode: 02-15 72-73 Package-Exercise: 08-14 69-70 Package-Exercise:

.Stimulus:

Response:

Grand total:

Timing: (in seconds)

RP154

RP154

RP154

		REGION			REGION			S	EX	. COI	OR
AGE	YEAR	NE NE	SE	C.	W	M	F	В	ÅΊ		
17	1969 1973	0.1 3.6	-2.5 0.9	-0.5 -0.4	2.3. -4.6	0.9	-0.7 -0.2	=14.† -13.5	1.5 3.7		

18

. 17.

The particles that make up atoms are usually said to be

- Corotons and electrons only
- protons and neutrons only
 - protons, neutrons, and electrons.
- ainha, beta, and gamma rays.
- alpha particles and beta particles only.
- O Ídon't knaws

	AGE	17
RESP	1969	1973
1 2 3* 4	3.7 5.6 84.6 1.7 0.4	4.4 5.4 84.2 1.2 0.4
TDK	3.7	4.4

72-73 Rpt. #: RP155 69-70 Rpt. #: R337

NAEP #: : 101147-

72-73 Obj:
Subobjective:
A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Hultiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Administration Hode: Group

72-73 Package Exercise:

72-73 Package Exercise:

69-70 Package-Exercise:

72-03
79-02

Timing: (in seconds)

RP155 Stimulus:

RP155 Response:

11
PP155 Grand total:

31

REGION SEX COLOR .*B YEAR ' NE AGE ' SE C -1.0 1.0 -0.9 -0.3 -0.5 -0.6 0.1 -0.0 2.0 --1.8 . 1969 1973 0.3 1.5 -1.2 1.8 -0.4 0.2

Metal cans for holding foodstuffs are chiefly made of

- o copper
- iron
- o nickel.
- `coo_tin...
- ☐ I don't know.

A	GE	17	

	• •	
RESP	.1969	1973
1 2* - 3	1.5 3.0 1.4 93.3	1.0 2.4 1.0 94.5
. IDK	0.6	1.0

32-73 Rpt. 4: 8B156 69-70 Rpt. 4: R330

NAEP #:

191148

72-73 ODJ: I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj:

I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

•		` .	REG	ION			ex	
AGE	YEAR	NE	SE	C.	W.	M	F	B , W
, 17	1969 1973	3.4 13.8	-2.8. -3.5	-2.2 0.7 -	1.4	-6.2 -7.0	5.6 6.4	-0.1 0.6 0.8 0.9

On the average, in human females, the egg is released how many days after menstruation begins?

- 2 days
- 9 days
- 14 days
- □ 20 days
- 🔅 24 days
- Idon't know. '

	, AGE	17
RÈSP	1969	. 1973 '
1 2 3* 4 5	25.7 10.9 29.0 4.0 11.2	19.3 9.8 27.8 3.8 9.8
IDK .	18.5	19.1

72-73 Rpt. #: RP157 59-70 Bpt. #: U823 101150 NABP *: I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73 Obj: A, Know facts and simple concepts. Subobjectîve: PRINCIPLES OF F. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACIS AND 69-70 Obj: SCIENCE. Multiple choice Exercise Type: Scoring Type: Machine Group . Administration. Wode: Age: 07-20 72-73 Package-Exercise: 10-06 69-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds)
PP157 12 · Stimulus: 8 Response: **RP157**

Grand total:

RP157

• .		· ;	· REG	ION.	•	S	EΧ΄·	•	.CO	LOR
AGE.	YEAR	NE	, SE	C	, W	M	·	•	B.	W
			`		4.3 -4.1					

3ĉ

The particles most directly involved in forming chemical bonds are

electrons.

neutrons.

photons.

opositrons.

protons.

→ I don't know.

AĠE	17

• .	•	
RESP	1969	1973
1* 2 3 4 5	51.7 11.0 1.3 1.1 9.4	50.7 14.3 1.2 1.3 13.2
IDK	25.4	17.8

.72-73 Rpt. #: **RP158** 69-70 Rpt. #: **U802** NAEP #: 101151 I. KNOW THE EUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73 Obj: Subobjective: A. Know facts and simple concepts. . 69-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES SCIENCE. Exercise Type: Multiple choice : Scoring Type: Machine * *Administration Hode: Group . Age: 17 79-05 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: 10 - 12Timing: (in seconds) PP158. Stimulus: 11 RP158 Response:. 8 Grand 'total: .RP158 3C REGIÓN COLOR AGE' SÈ NE Μ

-1.8

-1.6

0.1 -0.1

1.4 -1.2

1969 '

0.3

-1.3

2.4 -1.9

`2.0

'8.6

 $\dot{\mathbf{A}}$ weather map usually shows, all of the following EXCEPT

o lows.

highs.

cold fronts.

areas where it is raining.

mileages between major cities.

I don't know.

	AGE	17
RESP	1969	1973
1 2 3 4 5*	0.0 0.1 0.7 2.4 96.1	0.1 0.2 0.6 3.1 95.2
IDK	0.6	. 0.9

72⁹73 Rpt. #: RP159 69-70 apt. #: U844, NAEP #: 101152 I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73 Obj: A. Know facts and simple concepts. Subobjective: I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES 69-70 obj: SCIENCE. Multiple choice Machine Exercise Type: Scoring Type: Group Administration Mode: Age: 02-28 72-73 Package-Frecise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: 11-05 Timing: (in seconds) . RP159 ·Stimulus: 13 FP159 21 Response: Grand total: -45 RP159 REGION SEX COLOR NĖ - SE AGE YEAR M

1.0

2.8 -2.6

2.9 -2.5

1969.

1973

-0.6 -1.5 -0.4

0.1 0.3 -0.6 0.4

About how long does it take for light from the nearest star other than the

Sun to reach the Earth?

- l week
- 1 month
- 🗅 l year
- 5 years
- C I.don't know.

			./•
•	/ _. .	``	Ì
•/			
	۱		,

· / ·	AGE 17			
RESP	1969	973 کشت		
1 2 3 4* 5	4.9 2.6 8.6 17.2 22.9	8.5 3.9 9.4 10.4 17.1		
אחד	43.6	46.9		

72-73 Rpt. #: RP160 69-70 Rpt. IJ828 101153 NAEP #: I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73 Obj: A. Know facts and simple concepts. Subobjective: I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES 69-70 Obj: SCIENCE. Multiple choice Exercise Type: Machine Scoring Type: Administration Mode: Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 11-07 69-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds) _12 RP160 Stimulus: 22 Response: RP160 45 Grand total: RP160 . SEX W M AGE YEAR NE. .7.0 1-6.6 -17.9 -21.3.

-3.9 -3.7

2.8

6.3 2.5

-2.9

6.7 .-6.8

17

1969

A refrigerator keeps its contents cool by

- freshening food.
- transferring heat.
- destroying energy.
- c keeping ice from melting
- producing electric charges.
- 🚅 Idon't know.

AGE 17

•		,
RESP	1969	1973
1 2* · 3 • 4	6.2 44.8 3.9 12.7 14.9	5.2 40.9 5.6 11.7 19.0
IDK	17.4	17.2

72-73 Rpt. #: 69-70 Rpt. #: RJ162 ับ867 101159 NAEP #: I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73 Obj: . A. Know facts and simple concepts. Subobjective: INVESTIGATIVE NATURE OF 59-70 obj: ILI. UNDERSTAND. THE --- SCIENCE. Exercise Type: Multiple Scoring Type: Machine Multiple choice Administration Mode: Group 72-73 Package-Exercise: 01-07 69-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds) ' - FU102', , 27 Stimulus: 22 RU 1 o 2 Response: 59 Grand total: .20162 REGION ~ C N_{i} NE SE M AGE YEAR -0.9 -1.2 1.3 0.1 2.9 -3.0 -7.6 1969

-5.8

0.4

0.4 -0.4

-0.5 -3.9 1.2 2.4

A scientific model is best described as

- a small copy of a larger, more complicated piece of equipment.
- a person who always thinks and acts in a very schentiffe manner.
- an assortment of laboratory apparatus designed for a single purpose.
- a scheme that guides one's thinking about something not completely known.
- the leader of a group of scientists who are all working on the same problem.
- O Idon't know.

RESP		1969	* ; .	14973
1 2 3	*	59.8 2.7 11.0		61.5 1.9 10.0 18.0

IDK 5.4 - 6.3

72~73 Rpt. #: RP163 69-70 Rpt. #: U819

NAEP #:

102023

I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. 72-73 Obj: Subobjective: B. Know laws (principles).

69-70 Obj:

Age:

I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type:

Multiple choice

Scoring Type:

Machine

Group

Administration Mode:

06-29

69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

72-73 Package-Exercise:

RP163 Stimulus:

Response: EP163

RP163

Grand total:

REGION

COLOR SEX

05-01

21

28

60-

NE M

1969 -17.7 6.8 .-7.2

-0.1 -0.8 0.0 ·0.6 -1.1 -2.1 0.5 2.5 2.5 5.7 -5.2 -21.6 The length of time required for a pendulum bob like that shown below to make one complete swing depends primarily upon the

Suppor	rt , , , ,	,	•
String.			
		AGE	
\(\frac{1}{2}\).	RESP	1969	1973
Bob	1 2 3* 4 5	10.0, 1.5 61.5 7.1 15.1	13.4 1.3 51.1 6.8 18.6
of the bob.	IDK	4.7	8.1
erature of the air.	•		

- mass of the bob.
- temperature of the air.
- length of the pendulum string.
- material of which the bob is made.
- angle through which the bob swings:
- I don't know.

.72-73 Rpt. ‡: RB164 69-70 Rpt. #: **d740**

HAEP #:

102030

72-73 Obj: Subobjective: I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

B. Know laws (principles).

69-70 Obj:

AGE

13

YEAR

1969

1972

'I. KHOW- FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine

Administration Mode:

Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: .69-70 Package-Exercise: .

07-06 03-01

Timing: (in seconds)

RB164 Stimulus: **RB164** Response: RB164 .

NE

Grand total:

11 31

REGION COLOR SE , C M W **-4.6 4.8 -2.7** . 4.0 -3.5 5.9 -0.1 6.2 -6.1 1.4 -14.1

The density of the human body is most nearly equal to the density of

- _____ air
- cork.
- hy.drogen.
- iron.
- water.
- Idon't know.

AGE .13

RESP	1969	1972
1 2 3 4 5*	15.3 7.2 14.4 7.2 37.0	15.3 8.6 11.8 6.0 , 32.9
IDK	18.√	25.3

. .

72-73 Rpt. #: R0165 69-70 Rpt. *: 0677 105009 72-73 Obj: I, KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. Subobjective: E. Know the scientific enterprise. · 72-73 Obj: INVESTIGATIVE - NATURE III. UNDERSTAND THE ·69-70 Obj: SCIENCE. Multiple choice Exercise Type: Machine Scoring Type: Administration Hode: Group Age: 07-18 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69=70. Package-Exercise: \ 06-07 Timing: (in seconds) RU165 ... Stimulus: 37 Response: Grand total: .RU165 COLOR SEX REGION P \mathbf{B}_{\cdot} SE AGE YEAR NE **v** : 6.2 -2.0 -0.2 -5.6 1970 2.8 -1. 9 1.5 -2.12 2.3 1.3 -0.9 -044 1973

How do we get scientific laws?

- Scientists vote on them.
 - They are made by the police.
 - They are passed by Congress.
 - They come from many experiments.
 - 🗀: I don't know.

•	AGE	9
RESP	1970 ·	1973
1 2 3 4*	13.6 15.8 28.8 33.4	13.8 16.6 35.3 26.0
IDK	7.9	8.2

72-73 Rpt. #: RU166 69-70 Rpt. #: U678

NAEP #: 105010

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

Subobjective: E. Know the scientific enterprise.

69-70 Obj: III. UNDERSTAND THE INVESTIGATIVE NATURE OF

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age:
72-73 Package-Exercise:
69-70 Package-Exercise:
07-15

Timing: (in seconds)

 RU166
 Stimulus:
 8

 RU166
 Response:
 41

 RU166
 Grand total:
 60

COLÒR SEX REGION SE C YEAR NE AGE 0.8 -0.9 9 1970. 2.4 -11.5 2.4 0.4 -1.41973

What topic do scientists know everything about?

- O Clouds
- Stars.
- C Trees
- No topic
- O I don't know.

~ .	ÁG	AGE 9			
RESP	1970	1973			
1 2 3 4*	12.8 23.2 29.1 25.9	14.1 30.2 24.0 24.6			
IDK	8.8	6.7			

72-73 Rpt. #: RU167 69-70 Rpt. #: U772

NAEP #:

105012

72-73 Obj:
I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.
Subobjective:
E. Know the scientific enterprise.

69-70 9bj: IV. HAVE ATTITUDES ABOUT AND APPRECIATIONS OF SCIENTISTS, SCIENCE, AND THE CONSEQUENCES OF

SCIENCE THAT STEM FROM ADEQUATE

UNDERSTANDINGS.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age:
72-73 Package-Exercise:
69-70 Package-Exercise:
. 06-13

'Timing: (in seconds)

RU167 Stimulus: 7
RU167 Response: 13
RU167 Grand, total: 31

COLOR REGION SEX AGE YEAR NE SE C Μ 2.2 -1.9 1969 -1.4 -0.3 1.2 0.3 -2.8 1972 -0.7 -1.7 0.6 -0.6 1.6 0.7 **-3.4** 0.9° Most scientists have gone to school for many years.

- I believe this statement.
- Tdon't believe this statement.
- I don't know,

.72-73 Rpt. #: RU468 69-70 Rpt. *: U\674

~ 105015 0

72-73 Obj: I. KNOW THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE.

E. Know the scientific enterprise. Subobjective:

59-70 Obj: THE III. UNDERSTAND INVESTIGATIVE SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple shoice Machine . Administration Mode: | Group

Age: 03-12 72-73 Package-Exercise: 02-07 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: tin seconds)
PU158 Stimulus: 10 **RU168** Response: 39 RU168 Grand total: 60

SEX REGION -~COLOR NE YEAR SE C 2.0 -4.0 1970 -2.0 \(-0.8 \) \(0.9 \) \(0.6 \) \(0.8 \) \(-0.9 \) 2.4 -2.0 -7.9 ት973 2.7 ~-3.0 40.5 **~14.8** 3.3

-:3

If you saw many scientists at work, a number of them would be

selling soap.

cooking meals.

painting walls, *

doing experiments.

📥 Idon't know.

	, AGE	9
RESP	1970	1973
1 2 3 4*	0.7 1.5 2.6 93.8	0.7 1.5 2.1 93.8
IDK	1.3'	1.8

72-73 Rpt. #: RP169 69-70 Rpt. #: 8614

NAEP #: 201055

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS

OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: A. Understand and apply facts and simple

concepts.

169-70 obj: I. KNOW. FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine . Administration Mode: Group

Age: 9
72-73 Package-Exercise: 07-30
69-70 Package-Exercise: 01-16

Timing: (in seconds)

RP169 - Stimulus: 12 RP169 Response: 37 RP169 Grand total: 60

	, ÷	•					•	•	1	
		•	REG	ION		S	EX	COI	LOR \	
AGE	YEAR	NE	SE	C	. W	M	· F	. B	, w · /	•
9	1970 1973	3.6 3.4	-0.8 -4.9	-0.2 0.4	-3.0 0.7	-0.3 0.6	0,3' -0.6	-16.0 -10.9		

When it is raining, which of the following must be true?

- 1t is spring.
- The Sun is shining.
- The wind is blowing.
- There are clouds in the sky.
- . Idon't know.

	AGE	9
RESP	1970	1973
1 2 3 .4*	5.9 1.7 9.2 81.4	5.7 2.6 7.6 81.8
IDK	1.6	2.4

72-73 Rpt. #: " RP170 69-70 Rpt. #: U631

NAEP #:

201056

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM OF SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: A. Understand and apply facts and simple concepts. concepts.

I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF 69-70 Obj: SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Group

. Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 02-14 69-70 Package-Exercise: 02-08

Timing: (in seconds)

RP170 Stimulus: RP170 Response: 12 RP170 RP170 37 Grand total:

, ,			REG	ION	S	EX		, co:	LOR
AGE	YEAR	NE,	SE	C W	· M	F	٠.	B	∽ Á
9	1970 1973	5.2 6.3	-6·.4 -2.9	4.2, -6.1 -3.10.9	4.5 6.5	-5.2 -6.3	:	-21.2 -26.1	5.5 5.8

Which of the following will speed up the burning of a campfire?

Blow on the fire.

Cover the fire with sand.

Sprinkle dirt on the fire.

Sprinkle water on the fire.

☐ I don't know.

	AGE	9
RESP	1970	1973
1* 2 .3 4	67.3 9.6 4.6 15.6	63.3 11.2 7.4 15.6
·IDK	2.7 ·	2.4

72,73 (Rpt., #: **RP171** .69-70 Rpt. 3: **0645** 201061 NARP #: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL 72-73\0bj: SCIENCE IN. A WIDE RANGE OF 02. PROBLEM SITUATIONS. ackslash A. Understand and apply facts and Subobjective: simple concepts. 69-70 Obj: . KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES SCIENCE. Exercise Type: Multiple chóice Administration Mode: Group Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: 04-03 Timing: (in seconds)

	. • •		REG:	ľOŃ		•	SI SI	EX		CO	LÖR
AGE	YEAR	· NE	SE (C .	_ W		M	F		В	W
. 9	1970 1973	6.7 2.2	-10.7 -6.4	-4.5 0.6	7.0,· 4.1	` .	0.8 1:4	-0.9 -1.4		12.7	2.3 3.2

Stimulus:

Response:

Grand total:

RP171

RP171

RP171

Which of the following dissolves LEAST in water?

Glass -

- Salt

Soap Soap → Soap →

Sugar ·

☐ I don't kno

AGE		ģ
-----	--	---

		-
RESP	1970	1,973
1* 2 3 4	40.2 17.2 21.8 13.1	39.4 21.4 18.3 15.2
IDK .	75	5.6

72-73 Rpt. #: RP172 69-70 Rpt. #: U612

NAEP #:

201063

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: A. Understand and apply facts and simple

concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine

Administration Mode: Group

Age: 9
72-73 Package-Exercise: 06-10
69-70 Package-Exercise: 04-10

Timing: (in seconds)

RP172 Stimulus: 11 RP172 Response: 38 RP172 Grand total: 60

REGION COLOR SEX M F AGE YEAR NZ SE W -11:6 2.8 4.0 -5.2 -3.6 1.0 -1.0 9 1970 -12.4 3.0 0.4 1.1 1973

Which of the following could cause a rambow?

- Fog and smog
- C Rain and snow
- Clouds and ice
- Sunshine and rain
- Idon't know.

	•	
ı	AGE	9

RESP	1970	1973
1 2 3 4* ·	2.2 7.5 2.6 \$6.6	2.9 8.0 2.4 85.7
IDK	~\1.0	1.0

72-73 Rpt. #: RP173 69-70 Rpt. #: U654

NAEP #: ' 201065

72-73 Obj:

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS
OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM
SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: A. Understand and apply facts and simple concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

SCIENCE.

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: 9
72-73 Package-Exercise: 07-12
69-70 Package-Exercise: 05-16

Timing: (in seconds)

RP173 Stimulus: -10
RP173 Response: 39
RP173 Grand total: 60

COLOR SEX REGION M NE SE YEAR AGE 6.2 -6.0 '-10.1 4.1 2.0 -5.0 -0.6 9 1970 -9.8 -2.5 1.8 -3.7 -3.3 6.1 1973

Of the following, which is smallest?

- A bit of iron
- An atom of iron
- A particle of iron
- A molecule of iron
- I don't know.

• . ,	, AGE	9
RESP	1970	1973
1 2* 3 4	23.7 20.8 15.3 30.2	29.8 17.4 12.7 31.3
IDK	10.0	8.7

BB174 72-73 Rpt. #: 69-70 apt. #: บ625

NAEP #:

201066

72-73 005:

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL / ASPECTS SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM OF

Subobjective:

SITUATIONS. simple facts: and A. Understand and apply concepts.

69-70 Obj:

I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS PRINCIPLES AND SCIENCE.

Exercise Type:

Multiple choice

Scoring Type:

Machine

Administration Mode:

Group

Age:

03-25 72-73 Package-Exercise: 06-10 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

Stimulus: 11. RB174

39 Response: **RB174** 61 Grand total: **RB174**

COLOR SEX REGION M F NE SE YEAR 1.8 -16.1 -1.7 -1.8 1.7 3.1 -4.0 1970 9 -10.5 -0.3 0.3 -0.1 · 3.5 -5.4 1973

When an animal breathes faster and its heart beats faster, the animal is most likely

- cold:
- frightened.
- cresting.
- 🔅 sleeping.
- □ Idon't know

	AGE	9
RESP	1970	1973
1 2* 3 4	7.7 73.3 11.0 4.9	8.8 70.2 13.0 5.9
IDK	2.7	2.0

72+73 Rpt. *: RP175 69-70 Rpt. #: R 14.1

201067

, II: UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS 72-73 Obj:

OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM.

SITUATIONS

A. Understand and apply facts and simple Subobjective:

· concepts.

I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF 69-70 Obj:. SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine.

Administration Mode: Group

Age: 04-05 ·72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: ; 07-05

Timing: (in seconds)

RP175 Stimulus:

RP175 , Response: . 27 RP175 Grand total:

\REGION COLOR ÝEAR NE SE W. AGE C . M 1970 . 1.8 -2.8 0.5 0.1 1.5 . 0.0 1.1(-1.2) 0.2 -0.4 -0.5 0.9 0.6 -0.6

A pine of water at a temperature of 50°. Fahrenheit is mixed with a pint ofwater at 70° Fahrenheit. The temperature of the water just after mixing will be about

- 50° F
- 60° F
- $\begin{array}{ccc} & 70^{\circ} \text{ F} \\ & 120^{\circ} \text{ F} \end{array}$ 70° F
- Ldon't know.

	AGE	9
rėsp į	1970	1973
1 2 3* 4 5	4.0 2.3 7.1 4.7 69.3	4.0 2.5 6.4 4.4 71.8
IDK	12.3	10.6.

72-73 Rpt. #: RP176 69-70 Rpt. #: U650

NAEP #:

201068 🗫

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: A. Understand and apply facts and simple

concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: 9
72-73 Package-Exercise: 02-29
69-70 Package-Exercise: 07-10

Timing: (in seconds)

RP176 Stimulus: 8
RP176 Response: 42
RP176 Grand total: 61

REGION - SEX COLOR

AGE. YEAR, NE SE C W M F B W

9 1970 4.2 -6.0 -1.9 3.5 1.1 -1.2 -4.7 0.8
1973 4.1 -4.7 3.0 -3.4 0.7 -0.7 -9.3 1.8

All of the following can be called matter EXCEPT

- ude as
- shoes.
- → 'water
- ─ Iden tknow.

<	> .	*
·	AGE	9
RESP	1970	1973
1 2* 3	11.7 36.0 30.7 5.7	10.2 38.9 25.4 •7.9
IDK	15.7	16.6

72-73 Rpt.1#: **RP177** 69-70 Rpt. #: ዕ651 .

NABP #: 201069

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS 72-73 Obj:

OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

A. Understand and apply facts and simple Subobjective:

concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple Choice Scoring Type: Machine

Administration Mode: Group

Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 05-31 69-70 Package-Exercise: 08-16

Timing: (in seconds)

RP177 Stimulus: RP177 Response: 21 29 RP177 Grand total:

-	•		REGI	ION			S	EX	ĆOI	- OR
AGE	YEAR	NE	SE	С	¥		M	F	В \	W
9	1970 1973	0.9 -0.8	-3.3 -3.4	1.9 5.2	-0.2 -1.2	•	-0.7 2.4	0.7	-14.9 -2.8	2.4 0.7

Evaporation takes place in all of the following cases EXCEPT

- A wet chalkboard dries.
- Dewdrops disappear from a leaf.
- Water disappears from a birdbath.
- The outside of a cold glass gets wet.
- A swimmer sits in the sun after he leaves the water.
- I don't know.

	., AGE	9
RESP	1970	1973
1- 2 3 4* 5	10.5 8.3 12.5 .34.3 .20.0	16.6 8.4 14.2 24.4 21.7
IDK	14.1	14.6

72-73 Rpt. #: RP1.78. 69-70 Rpt. #: 07.32

NATP #: 201070

72-73 DD3: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: A. Understand and apply facts and simple

concepts.

59-70 Dbj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL, PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Timing: (in seconds)

 RP178
 Stimulus:
 21

 PP178
 Pesponse:
 14

 RP178
 Grand-total:
 46

COLOR SEX REGION W . F M C W SE AGE NΞ YEAR -19.34.6 -4.0 2.2 -13.2 6.3 1.9 13 1969 1.0 . 4.1 -4.0 -22.2 -2.3 -3.8 4.5 1972

Which of the following CANNOT be seen directly by the human eye using an ordinary-light microscope or telescope?

- Moons of Jupiter
- A single atom of carbon
- The craters on the Moon
- A one-celled'animal from pond water
- Holes through which gases enter a leaf
- I don't know.

	· AGE 13		
RESP	1969	1972	
1 2* 3 4 5	17.1 49.5 7.0 5.8 10.4	16.8 46.6 6.9 6.0 11.8	
TDK	8.9	7.6	

72-73 Rpt. #: RB179 69-70 Rpt. #: U730

NAEP #: 201071

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS

OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: A. Understand and apply facts and simple

concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode; Group

Age: 13 72-73 Package-Exercise: 05-25 69-70 Package-Exercise: 06-09

Timing: (in seconds)

 RB179
 Stimulus:
 24

 EB179
 Response:
 10

 RB179
 Grand total:
 45

REGION SEX COLOR YEAR AGE NE SE C W M F \mathbf{B} W 13 1969 -0.8 -8.3 5.2 2.1 -0.9 -26.0 1972 -4.1 -0.8 1.7 2.4 4.4 -4.4 -25.2

If all green plants died, what would be the most important effect on man?

- He would have to eat meat only.
- Sooner or later man would die of starvation,
- Man would get a little sick because he couldn't get vitamins.
- Mafi couldn't build houses because there would be no lumber.
- The land would be bare and not very pretty for man to look at.
- Idon't know

•	AGE	NI 2
RESP	1969	1972
1 2* · 3 4 5	9.7 50.6 30.5 2.7 . 4.4	10.5 42.5 31.2 4.6 7.6
IDK	2.1	* 3.2

173/

ERIC

72-73 Rpb. #: **RP180** 69-70 Rpt. #: R206 201072 NAEP #: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL 72-73 Obj: **ASPECTS** PROBLEM SCIENCE IN ^ A WIDE RANGE OF SITUATIONS. simple facts Subobjective: A. Understand and apply and concepts. PRINCIPLES OF AND - I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS 69-70 Obj: SCIENCE. Multiple choice Exercise Type: Machine Scoring Type: Administration Mode: . Group 13 Age: 05-05 72-73 Package-Exercise: 06-11 69-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds) 20 RP180 Stimulus: Response: 14 RP180 -45 RP180 Grand total: REGION SEX COLOR F' AGE YEAR NE. SE M W В W 13 1969 1.9 -9.0 3.17 1.6 3.6 -3.06.6 1972 -111 -0.8 -3.8 5.4 4.7

Fanning can make a campfire burn better because the fanning

- raises the atmospheric pressure.
- warms materials to their kindling points.
- increases the supply of material that can burn.
- increases the supply of oxygen for the burning.
- provides the energy needed to keep the fire going.
- Idon't know

		, 13 th
RESP	1969	1972
1 2 3 4** 5	3.8 2.1 2.4 78.5 10.4	3.4 2.4 2.9 74.5 12.7
IDK	2.7	4.0

72-73 Rpt. #: RP181 69-70 Rpt. #: U746, U830

201073 NAEP #:

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS 72-73 Obj: OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM SITUATIONS.
A. Understand and apply facts and simple

Subobjective: concepts.

I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF 69-70 Obj: SCIENCE.

Multiple choice Exercise Type: Machine, Scoring Type:

Administration Mode: . Group Age: 02-18

08 - 1572-73 Package-Exercise: 10-07 08-11 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds) 22 ,23 Stimulus: 4 RP181 13. -11 Response: RP-181 454 46. Grand total: RP181

COLOR SEX REGION F В W M NE . SE W. AGE YEAR 3.2 **-**3.6 -9.6 -0.7 -4.0 3.0 0.6 1969 3.2 -3.2 -13.3 1.8 2.4 - 1.4 - 2.71972 3.0 -3.2 5.5 3.2 2.5 9.4 -8.6 -19.0 3.5. -7.2 -2.6 -3.7 1969 8.2 -7.1 1973

Suppose that a rubber balloon filled with air does not leak and that it is taken from Earth to the Moon. One can be sure that on the Moon, the balloon will have the same

- size as on Earth.
- mass as on Earth.
- weight as on Earth.
- ate of fall as on Earth'.
- ability to float as on Earth.
- Idon't know.

•	AGE	13 .	` . A(Æ 17
RESP	1969	1972	1969	1973
2* 3' 4 5	36.0 21.2 3.8 4.1 28.6	39.4 21.5 4.1 2.5 25.1	34.8 35.6 2.2 2.0 19.2	46.8 26.8 .1.8 0.8 15.5
IDK	6.4	7.2	6.2	7.4

RP182 72-73 Rpt. #: U840 69-70 Rpt. #:

201075 NAEP #:

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL 72-73 Obj: OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

A. Understand and apply facts and Subobjective:

concepts.

I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES 69-70 Obj: SCIENCE.

· Multiple choice Exercise Type: Scoring Type: · ·

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds) stimulus: RP182

Response. RP182

.RP182

Grand total:

COLOR REGION SEX

11-07

02-08

21

.28

59

F M YEAR SE

1969 6.7 **-4.0** 1.2 0.9 -0.8 0.0 -0.6 -1.6 -2.1 1.6 2.3 -2.4. . 1973 2.2

A catalyst in a chemical system may do all of the following EXCEPT

- speed up the reaction.
- change the principal product.
- make a reaction economically important.
- change the temperature used for the reaction.
- change the amounts of products and reactants present at equilibrium.
- ldon't know.

*. *	AGE 17	
RESP 🧀	1969	1973
5* 1 2 3 4' 5*	10.9 7.2	5.2 23.5 17.6 6.3 21.2
IDK .	28.0,	26.1

72-73 Rpt. #: ' RP183 69-70 Apt. #: · U846 NAEP #: 201078 II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL 72-73 Obj: · WIDE RANGE PROBLEM .03 SCIENCE · IN A SITUATIONS. simple Subobjective: A. Understand and apply facts and concepts. PRINCIPLES OF I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS 69-70 Obj: AND SCIENCE. Multiple choice Exercise Type: Machine Scoring Type: -Administration Mode: Group 17 Age: 10-14 72-73. Package-Exercise: 08-15 69-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds) RP183 22 .Stimulus: . 12 Response: RP183 45 Grand total: RP193

REGION SEX COLOR NE SE 'C M AGE YEAR W -0.5 4.7 -4:0 -0.2 -3:1 1969 3.0 -7.60.8 2.5 -2.2 0.9 -0:8

The Earth is classified as a planet for all of the following reasons EXCEPT

1t revolves around the Sun.

its orbit is nearly circular. •

it has a natural satellite, the Moon.

it is too cold to give off light of its own.

its mass is several times that of the most massive asteroid.

🗀 Idon't know.

	• .
ACT.	17

RESP	1969	••	1973
1 2 3*. 4 5	3.2 11.5 13.2 29.1 34.8	• .	3.3 8.5 12.4 27.3 34.2
IDK	8.1		14.1

T2-73 Apt. #: 'EP184 69-70 Rpt. #: ' U813 201079 NAEP #: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL 72-73 Obj: WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM SCIENCE IN A OF SITUATIONS. Subobjective: A. Understand and apply facts and simple concepts. I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES 69-70 Obj: SCIENCE. Multiple choice Exercise Type: Machine Scoring Type: Administration 50 de: Group 17 Age: 03-09 72-73 Package-Exercise: 09-01 59-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds) EP184 . 15 Stimulus: 20 RP184 Response: 46. ·RP184 Grand total:

			REGI	ON	٠.	;	SEX	,	CO	LOR
AGE	YEAR	ŅΈ	SE ·	C	W	M	· F	•	В	W
17	1969 1973	1.9	-1.6 -2.5	0.7	-1.6 -2.2	4.8 7.0	-4.4 -7.1	-2 · -	27.0 16.9	. 4.0 3.6

In hot climates, the advantage of buildings with white surfaces is that white surfaces effectively

- absorb light.
- diffract light.
- restect light.
- o fefract light.
- c transmit light.
- I don't know.

AGE 1

RESP .	1969		1973
1 2 3* 4 5	5.5 , 12.7 . 72.1 5.4 1.3		6.5 13.3 67.6 6.8 2.0
IDK	2.7	•	3.6

72-73 Rpt. #: RB185 69-70 Rpt. #: U812 HAEP #: 201080

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: A. Understand and apply facts and simple

concepts.

69-70 ODj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age:
72-73 Package-Exercise:
69-70 Package-Exercise:
09-13

Timing: (in seconds)

RB185

Stimulus:

20

RB185 Response: 20. RB185 Grand total: 45

COLOR REGION M SE C AGE YEAR NE 1.1 -1.0 0.9 -0.8 -0.2 -7.0 -0.0 4.7 1969 . **-**.7.8 2.1 4.8 -6.4 -1.8 1973 2.4

All of the following have been found in rock. Which one is NOT a fossif?

- Brachiopod shells
- Dinosaur footprints
- · C Fish bones
 - Raindrop imprints
 - 'Worm trails
- - I don't know.

. ? .	AGE	17 ,
RESP	1969	1973
1 2 3 4* 5	4.2 2.9 6.5 71.8 10.2	4.8 2.6 7.4 72.0 .8.8
TDK	* 1.1	3.9

72-73 Rpt. #: RP188 69-70 Rpt. #: U673

NAEP 4: 201085

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS
OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: A. Understand and apply facts and simple concepts.

69-76 Obj: II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

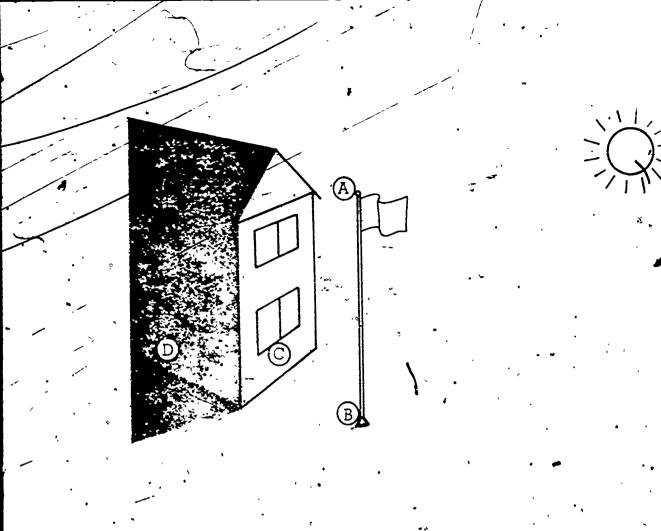
Timing: (in seconds)

RP188 Stimulus: 13 RP188 Response: 36 RP188 Grand total: 60

REGION SEX COLOR

AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F B W

9 1970 2.8 -0.2 -1.2 -1.2 1.3 -1.3 3.3 -0.9
1973 9 1.9 1.0 -2.3 -0.1 -0.5 0.5 4.2 -1.2



To find the temperature of the air outdoors: it would be best to put the ; thermometer it which of the places marked in the picture?

\bigcirc	A	•
------------	---	---

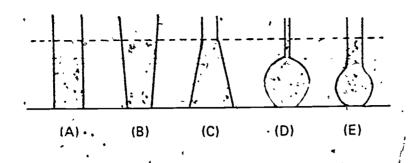
	AGE	9
•		

RESP	1970	1973
1 2° 3 4*	19.4 2.7 62.8 - 11.8	35.4 3.1 50.8 8.2
אחד	· 2.8	, 2.4

72-73 Rpt. #: RP189 69-70 Rpt, #: 0726 201086 NAEP #: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS 72-73 Obj: SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM OP SITUATIONS. A. Understand and apply and simple Subobjective: facts concepts. I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF 69-70 Obj: SCIENCE. Multiple choice Exercise Type: Scoring Type: Administration Mode: Group . 13 · Age: 08 - 1772-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: 08-02 Timing: (in seconds) · · RP189 . Stimulus: 24 11 Response: -RP189 46 RP189 -Grand total: REGION COLOR AGE, YEAR NE SE M. 2.1 -10.9 7.0 -1.4 3.1 -4.0 4.2 -3.4 13. 1969 5.1 -5.8 · -17.41972 -18.2 **3-**7

> 133 • 172

-3.7



A quart of water at room temperature (70° Fahrenheit) is poured into each of the five containers as shown above. When the water in all five is heated to 150° Fahrenheit, the water level will be highest in container

- `.A.
- C :
- **D**
- \bigcirc E.
- ☐ Idon't know:

AGE 13

RESP	1969	1972
1 2	8.5 8.9	10.2
4* 5	56.5 6.8	8.2 52.9 8.0
IDK	9.9	11.0

72-73 Rpt. #: 69-70 Rpt. #: ' R225

201104 .

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS 72-73 Obj: .

OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS:

Subobjective: A. Understand and apply facts and simple

.concepts.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: 01-08 09-06

Timing: (in settonds)

RB190 Stimulus: 17 RB190 Response: 32 Grand total: RB190

REGION

·SEX COLOR

SE AGE YEAR ME . M <

1969 3.2 -7.7 -0.5 2.0 -5.3 2.8 -1.1 1972 1..3 ..-1.3 Which of the following should you do when a person faints? .

- ___ Taghtly bandage him.
- Lay him down and keep him warm.
- Hold him up and apply hot packs:
- Hold him up and apply cold packs.
- Lay him down and apply cold packs.
- Edon't know...

AGE 13

RESP	1969	1972
2* 3 4 5	0.2 31.5 1.0 12.4 47.6	0.4 33.7 1.3 13.5 45.1
IDK	7.2	5.8

72-73 Rpt. #: RP191

NAEP #: 202078

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS
OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: B. Understand and apply laws (principles).

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine
Administration Mode: Group

Age: $\frac{9}{72-73}$ Package-Exercise: 02-10 69-70 Package-Exercise: 03-19

Timing: (in seconds)

RP191 Stimulus: 11 RP191 Response: 40

RP191 Grand total: 62

REGION /

AGE, YEAR NE SE C W M F B W
9 1970 .1.4 -9.3 1.0 4.5 0.0 -0.0 -22.2 4.

1970 1.4 -9.5 1.0 4.5 0.0 -22.2 4.0

SEXMS

It is most likely to snow when the weather is

warm and clear.

warm and foggy:

cold and clear.

warm'and cloudy.

cold and cloudy,

ildon't know.

,•	AGE	۶,
RESP	1970	1973
1 2 3 4 5*.	2.3 1.6 15.7 2.5 76.7	1.9 1.4 14.8 2.5 78.8
IDK	1.0	0.5

153

72-73 Rpt. #: RP192 69-70 Rpt. #: U629-

NAEP *: 202080 .

72-73 Obj. 11. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM SITUATIONS:

Subobjective: / B. Understand and apply laws (principles).

59-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice
Scoring Type: Machine
Administration Mode: Group

Age: 19
72-73 Package-Exercise: 74-19
69-70 Package-Exercise: 105-10

Timing: (in seconds)
RP192 Stimulus: 20
RP192 Response: 30
RP192 Grand total: 61

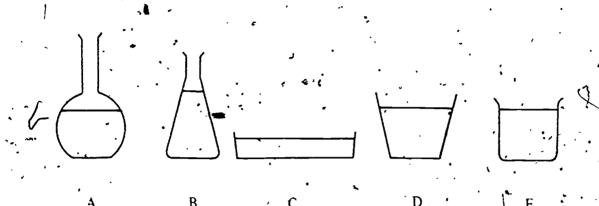
REGION SEX COLOR

AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F B W

.9 1970 -0.7 -7.4 3.1 3.5 1.1 -1.1 -23.1 4.4
1973 -2.0 -5.9 4.8 2.0 0.6 -0.5 -22.0 5.2

164

A pint of water is poured into each of the containers shown below and they are left uncovered in a warm room.



After a das, which container will have the LEAST amount of water left in it?

. 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>.</u>	1	£		, 1
_ A	5	•		ŕ		-
В	•	•	•		,	Ì
• c		• •	;			
. O D .		•	•			
	-7.5	4 -	•			

0 E		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, [:	÷	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		•	•	AG	E 9
O I don't l	know.		RESP	1970	197
,	•	•	1 2	9.7	13.

3* 69.0 4 5.2 5 0.0	61.7 5.7 4.3
IDK 0.0	4.3
.95	

72-73 Rpt. #: EP193 69-70 Rpt: #: U626

202081 NARP +:

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS:
OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM 72-73. Obj:

SITUATIONS.

2. Understand and apply laws (principles). Subobjective:

69-70 Obj: FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES I. KAOW SCIENCE.

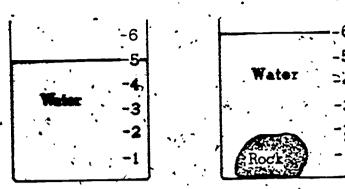
Exercise Type: Multiple choice. Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group .

• • 06-24 72-73 Package-Exercise: 59-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

RP193 . Stimulus: 22 RP193 Response: 27 Grand total: 60

REGION . COLOR · SEX· YEAR. AGE · SE 9.3 -14.5 4.7 0.6 -0.6 2.6 -2.7 6.1 -9.1 -0.2



A rock is put into a pail that has some water in it. Before the rock is put into the pail, the water is at the 5-pint line. After the rock is added, the water rises to the 6-pint line. The space taken up by the rock is

- 1 pint
- _ 5 pints.
- _ 6 pints.
- _ 11 pints
- O I don't know.

	AGE	9,
RESP .	·1970·	· 1973·
1* 2 . 3	72.5 4.1 11.4 9.5	64.7. 5.7 20.8 5.0
IDK .	2.4	~ 3.7°

181

197

72-73 Rpt. #: 69-70 Rpt. #: RP194 U716 202083 WAEP #: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS: . 72-73 Qbj: OF SCIENCE, IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM.
SITUATIONS. Subabjective: . B. understand and apply laws (principles). 69-70 Obj: I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES. OF SCIENCE. Exercise Type: inultiple choice Machine Scoring Type: Administration Moder Group Age: · 03-33 72-73 Package+Exercise: . 07-05 69-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds) . 20 Stimulus: RP194 15. Response: 'RP194 Grand total RP194 COLOR SEX -REGION SE: AGE YEAR , NE

1969 · · · 3.3 -0.4 0.5 -4.0 1972 3.5 · · 0.4 , 0.7 -4.4

.13

7.0 -0.4

3.2. -3.0

-8.2 - 2.1 :

It would take the most work to stop which of the following cars?

- A light car going 20 miles per hour
- A light car going 40 miles per hour
- A heavy car going 10 milessper hour
- A heavy car going 20 miles per hour
 - A heavy our going 40 miles per hour

👝 l don t know

• , • ,	· AGE	13
RESP	1969°	1972
1 2 3 4 5 * 5 *	3.6 20.4 4.7, 0.5 68.0	3.5 20.9 5.2 1.0 60.9
IDK b	2.7	3.6

72-73 Rpt. #: BB195 69-70 Rpt. #: R228 NAEP #: 202084

72-73 Obj. II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE. IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: B. Understand and apply laws (principles).

69-0 Obj: I. KNOW . FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND .PHINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age:
72-73 Package-Exercise:
69-70 Package-Exercise:
09-07

Timing: (in seconds)

RB195 Stimulus: 2

RB195 Response:

R8195 Grand total:

REGION SEX COLOR

AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F B W

13 1969 -0.2 -6.1 5.4 0.0 3.4 -3.1 -15.0 3.4 1972 1.8 -5.5 2.0 0.7 7.4.0 -4.0 -15.5 3.0

A fossil of an ocean fish was found in a rock outcrop on a mountain. This probably means that

- co fish once lived on the mountain.
- the relative humidity, was once very high.
- the mountain was raised up after the fish died.
- fish used to be amphibians like toads and frogs.
- the fossil fish was probably carried to the mountain by a great flood.
- Ç l'don't know.

	AGE	13
RESP	1969	1972
1 2 3* 4	2.7 3.1 25.9 9.4 53.4	3.4 4.7 26.1 8.0 51.8
IDK	5.3	6.1

72-73 Rpt. #: RB19 202085 II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM 72-73 Obi: SITUATIONS. B, Understand and apply laws (principles). Subobjective: I. KNOW FUNDACHNIAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF 69-70 Opj: SCIENCE. Multiple choice Exercise Type: Scoring Type: Machine : Administration Mode: Group Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: 01-04 Timing: (in seconds)
RB196 Stimulus: **RB196** Response: -· Grand total: RB194. COLOR REGION NE SE C YEAR AGE .

-1.2. -2.8 -0.4 -0.2 -2.0 -2.0

-0.2 0.2 -19.0

1.8.

2.0

1969

1973

.4:7

In guinea pigs, fur color is dependent on only one pair of genes and black is dominant over white. If no mutations occur, what will happen if a purebred black guinea pig is crossed with a white guinea pig?

- $\frac{1}{2}$ of the offspring will be black; $\frac{1}{2}$ will be white.
- $\frac{3}{4}$ of the offspring will be black; $\frac{1}{4}$ will be white.
- $\bigcirc \frac{9}{16}$ of the affspring will be black; $\frac{7}{16}$ will be white.
- of the offspring will be black.
- All of the offspring will be white.
- 📛 I don't know

4.1	AGE 1	17 '
RESP	1969 *	1973
2.4	8.7 34.3	9.9 33.2 2.6
4*′ 5	48.0 0.7	44.2
TDK	4.8	9.2

203

72-73 Rpt. 4: RB197 69-70 Rpt. #: **0845** . 202087 NAEP #: 72-73 Obj: - II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM OF SITUATIONS.. B. Understand and apply laws (principles). I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF 69-70 Obj: . SCIENCE. / Multiple choice Exercisé Type: Scoring Type: Machine Group Administration Mode: Age: 10-09 72-73 Package-Exercise: 0.2402 69-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds) Stimulus: **RB197** Response: 20 RB197 60 • Grand total:

REGION: SEX COLOR AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F B. W

17 1969 1.4 1:0 .0.2 -2.2 5.9 -5.2 -4.6 0.4 .1973 -0.8 0.6 1:0 -0.9 1.4 -1.3 -0.7 -0.1

If a large amount of mineral fertilizer is placed around a house plant, the plant is likely to wilt and die. The best explanation for this is that

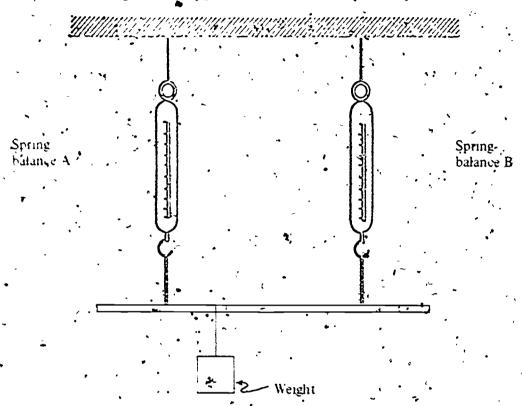
- the plant ages more rapidly.
- the plant weakens and dies of disease.
- the amount of water in the roots has been decrease
- the plant cannot produce food because its chlorophyll has been destroyed.
- the fertilizer uses up the carbon dioxide needed by the plant to make its own food.
- I don't know.

装	AGE 17		
NEEP .	1969	1973	
1 2 3* 4	1.9 1.6 16.4 13.6 52.2	2.8 2.2 15.4 11.2 55.1	
IDK	14.0	15.2	

72-73 Rpt. #: RP198 69-70 Rpt. #: U811 NAEP #: 202088 II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS 72-73 Obj: OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF SITUATIONS. -Subobjective: B. Understand and apply laws (principles). · 69-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCEENCE: Exercise Type: Maltiple choice Scoring Type: Machine ... Administration Hode: Group Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 05-02 69-70. Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds)
RP198 1.7 Stimulus: 33 · RP198 Response: Grand total: ... 61 **RP198**

•	.	R	EGION			ŒΧ	•	LOR
, AGE,	YEAR	NE SE	ò	W	, M .	·F	, B	W
17	1969	-0.6 -4.	7 0.7	3.1	"·8.6	`-9.0	-15.7	. 2.2
•	1973	2.9 +3.	00.7	0.4	8.0	-7.3	· - 21.1	4.0

Two identical spring balances are arranged as shown. Which spring balance will show the higher reading?



- В.
- Both spring balances will show the same reading.
- One cannot predict which spring balance will show the higher reading.
- I don't know.

*		. ,
RESP :	1969	1973
1* 2 3	7418 812 8.6 4.9	74.7 9.2 6.8 6.0
IDK	3.6	3.1

AGE 17

72-73 Rpt. *: RP199 69-70 Rpt. #: **U849** 202089 MAEP #: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS 72473 Obj: A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM OF , SCIENCE IN SITUATIONS. B. Understand and apply laws (principles). Subobjective: . I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF 69-70 Obj: . SCIENCE. . Multiple choice Exercise Type: . Machine Scoring Type: Administration Hode: 03-26 72-73 Package-Exercise: 05-04 69-70 Package-Exercises Timing: (in seconds) RP199* « ·Stimulus: " RP199 36 Response: Grand total: · RP199 REGION SEX * - 'M ! F, AGÉ YEAR NE . SE W .

-1.8° -1.8

-1.2

-1.0

3.2 - - 3.4

1.6 - 1.4

17

1969

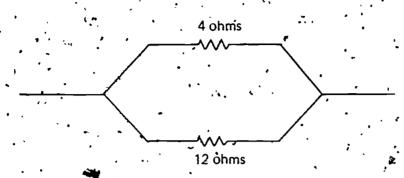
1973

0.7

0.3

1.8

The resistance of the parallel connection of the two resistors shown below will be most rearly



- 🕳 🐴 phms.
- 8 ohms:
- _____ 12 okms
- 👉 16 ohms.
- 👝 48 ohms
- 👝 Jaon't know

• '	AGE 1	
RESP	1969:	1973
1* 2 3	8.7 17.7 1.6 23.9	8.8 23.3 240 26.5
5 .		10,,2
TDK	40.9	28 2

2443

72-73².0bj:

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective:

B. Understand and apply laws (principles):

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Timing: (in seconds)

RP200 Stimulus:

RP200 Responsee 3

RP200 Grand total:

REGION SEX COLOR

AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F. B W

17 1969 2.9 -0.5 -2.1 0.2 1.6 -1.6 0.3 0.1 1973 1.2 0.2 -0.6 -0.8 -0.0 0.0 0.8 -0.0

During an electrolysis, 1.0 faraday of electrons (1 mole of electrons) can produce which of the following?

- o in ole of H₂ from H₂SO₄ solution
- □ 1.0 mole of O₂ from H₂SO₄ solution
- 1.0 mole of Cl₂ from NaCl solution
- 1.0 gram-atom (1 mole of atoms) of Cu from CuSO₄ solution
- 1.0 gram-atom (1 mole of atoms) of Ag from AgNO 3 solution
- Idon't know.

į	, AGI	E 17
RESP	1969	1973
1 2 3 4 5*	12.2 4.5 6.3 4.7 4.1	9.7 3.9 5.1 3.5 2.2
IDK	.68,1	75.3

72-73 Rpt. #: RP201 69-70 Rpt. #: U836

NAEP *: 202091

72-73 Ob3: , II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS
OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS..

Subobjective: B. Understand and apply laws (principles).

69-70 Obj. I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice
Scoring Type: Machine

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

 Age:
 17

 72-73 Package-Exercise:
 10-21

 69-70 Package-Exercise:
 08-02

Timing: (in seconds)

RP201 Stimulus:
RP201 Response:
RP201 Grand total:

REGION SEX COLOR

AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F B W

17. 1969 2.9 -3.9 -1.0 1.0 1.5 -1.3 -15.4 1.8
1973 -0.8 -1.2 1.5 0.1 5.5 -5.0 -12.8 2.6

An object starts from rest and moves with constant acceleration. If the object has a speed of 10 meters per second after 5 seconds, the acceleration of the object is

- im/sec?
- 2m/sec⁻².
- 5 m/seo².
- 10m/sec².
- \bigcirc 50m/sec²
- Tdon't know.

	AGE	17
RESP	1969	1973
12* 3 4 5	2.0 26.2 10.1 11.1 32.8	2.5 22.7 10.0 .11.5 23.8
IDK	17.7	28.9

72-73~Rpt. #: RB202 69-7C Rpt. 'k: U801 WAEP #: 202092

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS
OF SCHENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: B. Understand and apply laws (principles).

69-70 Obj. . KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

RB202

Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 9 06-05 69-70 Package-Exercise: 98-03

Timing: (in seconds)

RB202 Stimulus:

RB202 Response:

Grand total:

REGION SEX. COLOR

AGE YEAR NE SE C M F B W

17 1969 0.1 -0.6 0.7 -0.6 -1.2 1.0 -3.6 0.7 1973 0.8 -0.5 -0.0 -0.5 -0.9 0.8 -6.0 1.4

A meal consists of milk, bread and butter, meat, and cake. To satisfy the rules of good nutrition, what should be added to this meal?

- A green or yellow vegetable
- Baked beans
- Cheese; :
- Cossee or tea
- Pickles and olives
- 🔘 I døn't know.

AGE -17

RESP .	1969	1973
1* 2 3 4 5 5	98.2 0.2 0.3 0.5 0.1	97.2 0.3 0.6 0.7 0.6
TDK	0.6	0.5

72-73 Rpt. #: BP203 - 69-70 Rpt: #: 19838 II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM . SITUATIONS.:: B. Understand and apply laws (principles). .. I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF 69=70 Obj: . SCIENCE. Multiple choice Exercise Type: .. Machine Scoring Type: Administration Mode: Group 04717 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds)

RP208 Stimulus:

RP203 Response:

RP208 Grand total: Response: · REGION COLOR

2.0

·-0.3 3 -0.5

6.6 -6.1

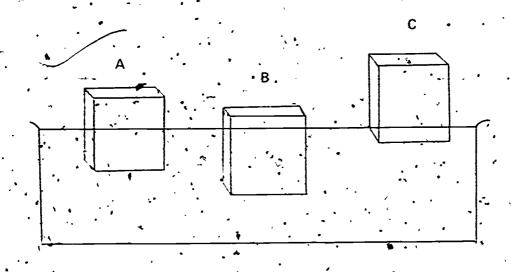
8.8 -9.0.

of a magnet, and the wire vibrates. The wire would NOT vibrate

- if the wire were made of iron.
- if the wire were connected to a direct-current source.
- if the temperature of the wire were raised.
- if the magnet were moved closer to the wire.
- if the magnet were reversed so that the south pole would be crose to the wire.
- Oldon't know

	AGE 17				
RESP	1969	•,*•	1973		
1 2* 3 4	7.2 23.0 1.6 7.3 30.6	; * ,	7.6 23.7 1.5 7.1 34.6		
IDK	30.1	•	24.9		

RP205 .72-73 Rpt. #: 69-70 Rpt. *: R232 202102 NAEP #: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS 72-73 Obj: OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM SITUATIONS.' B. Understand and apply laws (principles). . Subobjective: II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO 69-70 Obj: ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE. Multiple choice Exercise Type: Machine Scoring Type: Administration Mode: Group 01.-05 72-73 Package-Exercise: 05-13 69-70 Package-Exercise: riming: (in seconds) 20 Stimulus: **RP205** .30 Response: RP205 61 Grand total: RP205 COLOR SEX SE DEC AGE YEAR 2.2 -2.6 0.8 0.1 -2.1 4.3 -10.9 -1.5 2.2 2.0 -2.1 - -9.0 -3.9



The three solid objects shown above have the same volume. If they float as shown in the diagram, which one weighs the most?

- Object A
- Object B
- Object C
- ___. They all weigh the same.
- It is impossible to tell without additional information.
- idon't know.

•	AGE 13				
RESP	1969	. 1972			
2* 3 4 5	0.4 75.1 3.9 6.4 13.4	0.3 ,82.9 3.3 4.3 8.2			
IDK	0.8	1,0			

72-73 Rpt. #: 69-70 Rpt. #: R135

202106

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS 72-73 Obj:

WIDE, RANGE OF PROBLEM SCIÈNCE IN A OF

SITUATIONS.

'B. Understand and apply laws (principles). Subobjective:

I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF 69-70 Obj: SCIENCE.

Multiple choice

Biercise Type: " Machine droup

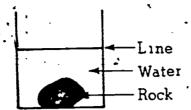
Administration Mode: Group

Age: " 72-73 Package Exercise: 01-21 69-70 Package-Exercise: 02-09

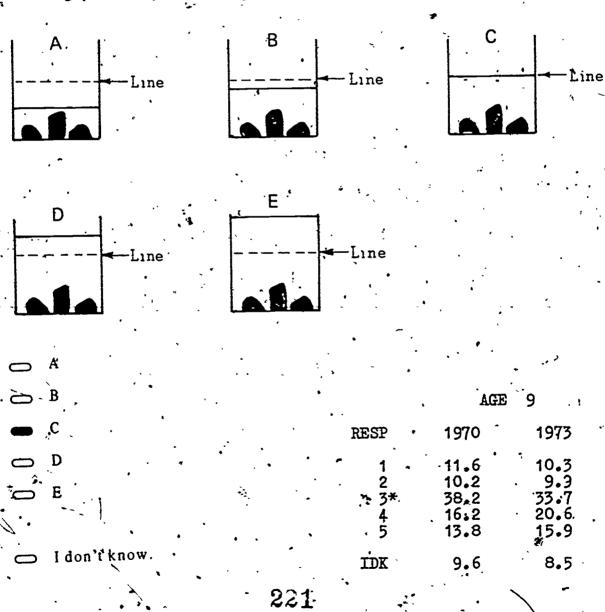
Timing: (in seconds)

Stimulus: Response: RP206 ŘP206 28 Grand total: RP206

REGION SEX COLOR M AGÉ YEAR NE SE Ž.1 ' 1970 -5.1 -4-2 5.4 2.5 -2.9 **-8.**3 2.0 2.6 -2.6 1973 -1.7 -10.9 . 2.3 .0.2 -2.4 3.6



When a rock is put into a pail of water, the water comes up to the line as the picture above shows. If the rock is broken into three pieces, which of the following pictures shows how high the water is?



205

72-73 Rpt. #: RB207 69-70 Rpt. #: B222, R314

NAEP #: - 203022

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS
OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: .C. Understand and apply conceptual schemes.

69-70 Obj: I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Mdministration Mode: Group

Age:
72-73 Package-Exercise:
69-70 Package-Exercise:
08-08
06-04

Timing: (in seconds)

RB207 Stimulus: 41 ... 39
RB207 Response: 23 25
RB207 Grand total: 75 75.

COLOR SEX REGION M YEAR NE SE AGE 0.6 7.0 . . 0.1 1969 . -7.9 -1.2 1.3 0.3 -2.9 0.3 -5.4 1972 -0.0 0.0 -2.8 -7.6 0.7 0.5 -4.8 -2.6 4.7 1.2 2:5 -2,5 3.5 1969 -13.0. 2:1 - 1.9

In terms of the theory of natural selection, What is the explanation of why giraffes have come to have such long necks?

- Stretching to get food in high trees has made their necks longer.
- There is something inside of giraffes which keeps making longer necks.
- Ciraffe food contained vitamins which caused the vertebrae to lengthen.
- Giraffe necks have gotten longer and longer as time has gone on, but nobody has any idea why this is.
- Giraffes born with the longest necks have been able to stay alive when food was scarce and have passed this trait on to their offspring.
- Idon't know

AGE 13				AGE 17		
RESP	· 1969	, 1972	•	1969	1973	
1 2 3 4 5*	8.0 2.4 11.5 27.6 . 38.4	7.3 2.8 7.6 22.9 44.2		311.7 1.2 5.6 10.9 60.2	11.7 1.7 5.6 14.7 55.1	
IDK	12.0	<u>.</u> 15.0		.10.2	10.3	

72-73 Rpt. #: RP208 69-70 Rpt. . 4:

2,03823 NAEP #:

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL 'ASPECTS 72-73 obj: SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

OF

SITUATIONS.

c. Understand and apply conceptual schemes. Subobjectîve:

I. KNOW PUNDAMENTAL FACTS, AND PRINCIPLES OF 69-70 Opj:

SCIENCE.

Multiple choice Exercise Type:

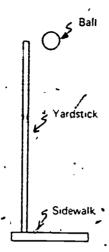
Scoring Type: Machine . Administration Mode: Group

.72-73 Package-Exercise: 02-16 08 - 1359-70 Package-Exercise:

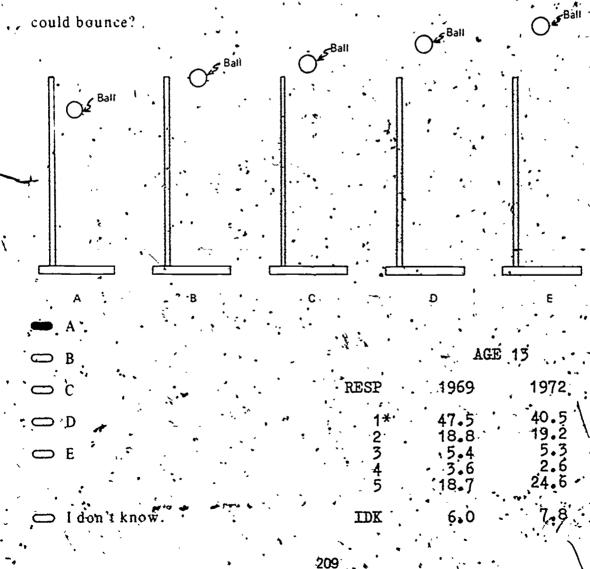
Timing: (in seconds) Stimulus: RP208

19 17 RP238 Response: Grand total: 47 RP208

REGION COLOR SEX YEAR NE SE W 1969 ₹ 1.3 -6.1 1.4 1.8 1972 -4.4 -0.1 3.5 0.5 11.6 -13.2 10.4 -10.2 -16.6



A ball is dropped on the sidewalk from a height of one yard as the picture above shows. Which of the following pictures shows how high the ball



-72-73 Rpt: **#:** ′ → RP2·09 .69-70 Rpt. *: 0712

204073

72-73 Qbj:

II. UNDERSTAND TAND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE IN #IDE RANGE OF

SITUATIONS.

-Subobjective:

D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

69-70 Obj:

I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL PACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type:

Multiple choice

Scoring Type:

Machine .

Administration Mode:

Gro.up -

Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70.Package-Exercise:

05-03 04 - 12

Timing: (in seconds)

.RP209 RP209. .

Stimulus: Response:

13 21

RP209

Grand · total:

- REGION SE

SEX

COLOR.

AGE -YEAR 1969 NE

C

·, M

Æ

1972

-0.4 -6.9

1.0 1.5 3.4

.5.2 -4.7 -6.1 -22.9 4.2 -22.5 4.4

To get the salt out of saltwater, one could

- cool the water.
- . add more water.
 - boil away the water.
 - dissolve air in the water.
 - remove all of the air from the water.
 - 🥏 I don't know.

AGE (13

RESP.	1969	1972
1 2 3* 4	2.1. 76.0 3.7 6.2	1.8 6.5 72.6 5.0 4.1
TDV	67	10.0

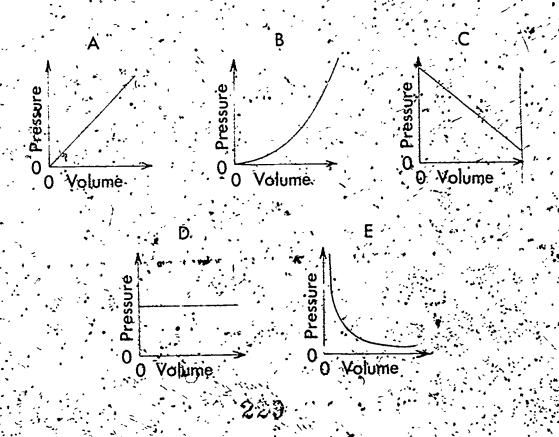
72-73 Rpt. #: RP210 .69-70 Rpt. #: 3 0841 NAEP #: 204075 II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL 72-73 Obj: SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM SITUATIONS. Subobjective: D. Understand and apply inquiry skills. I. KNOW FUNDAMENTAL FACTS AND PRINCIPLES OF 69-70 obj: SCIENCE. Multiple choice Exercise Type: scoring Type: Machine Machine Group Age: 05-03 72-73 Package-Exercise: : 69-70 Package-Exercise: 08-09 Timing: (in seconds) RP210 Stimulus: Response: RP210 Grand total:

COLOR YEAR NE ... SE 0.8 -0.7 19.8 -2.2 -0.7 0.6 6.9 -1.7 1969 4.5 5.7 -4.0 -3.6 0.8 1973 -1.6 2.6 1.5 -2.3 -0.7

-4969

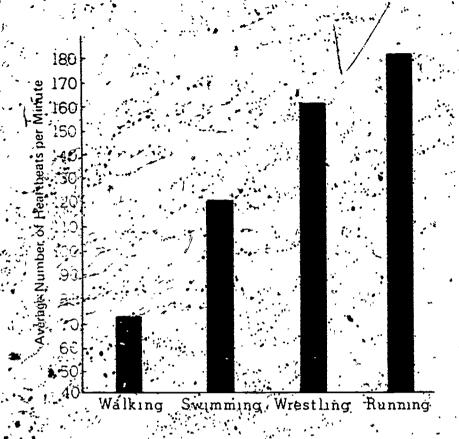
Assume that temperature does not change. Which one of the graphs below best shows how the pressure of a sample of gas changes as its volume changes?

○ A	* •	•		
□ B			AGE .17	ť
O.C.,		RESP	1969 1973	۶.
□ D		. 1	16.0 20.4 19.4 27.2	•
E · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		11.0 9.6	5
		5* ·	18.6	2
.I don't know?		IDK	25.2 14.6	2 '



ERIC Full text Provided by ERIC

72-73 Bpt. #: **RB211** 69-70 Rpt. #: U660. 204076 NAEP #:. -LI. UNDERSTAND. AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM 72-73 Obj: SITUATIONS. D: Understand and apply inquiry skills. Subobjective: II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO BUGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE. ;69-70 Obj∷ ′ Multiple choice . Exercise Type: Machine, Scoring Type: ; - Administration Mode: Group Age: .,72-73 Package-Exercise: /69-70 Package-Frencise: 01-05 Timing: (in seconds) £8211 Stimulus :RB2111 Response: Grand total: 33211



According to the graph above, your heart probably beats fastest when you are

- o waking
- swimming.
- wrestling.
- winning •

⊃ Mdon i kno	W	RESP	1970	1973
		2	1.3 1.5	1.4
		3 × 4*	4.6 91.1	4.3 91.4
		IDK .	1.4.	. 0.7

72-73 Rpt., #: RP212 69-76 Bpt. #: U664

204077

II. THE FUNDAMENTAL 72-73 Obj: ASPECTS

OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

D. Understand and apply inquiry skills. Subabjective:

II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND, SKILLS NEEDED TO. 69-70 Obj: ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: ... Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: 🚶 72-73 Package-Exercise: 05-24 6 0.1-07 + 69-70 Package-Exercise:.

Timing: (in seconds)

RP212 Stimulus: . Response: RP212 32 RP212. Grand. total: 6û

YEAR.

0.3 -0.4 1.0

-1.6 -5.8 4.2 1.6 -1.6 Which of the following would be easiest to measure with a ruler that is 12 inches long?

- The length of a pencil
- The thickness of a sheet of paper
- The distance from your home to the school
- The distance from your home to the nearest grocery store
- I dón't know.

•	AGE 9					
RESP	1970	.1973				
1* 2 . 3 . 4	74.3 16.5 2.0 2.8	70.2 17.2 3.8 4.1				
IDK .	4.2	4.2				

72+73 Rpt. #: RP213 69-70 Rpt. #: U672

NAEP-#:

204078

72-73 Obj: · II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS

OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

69-70 Obj: II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES' AND SKILLS NEEDED TO

ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Hultiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Administration Hode: Group

Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

RP213 Stimulus: RP213 Response: 41. 33, RP213 Grand, total: 8.5

RÉGION SEX NE SE .C W YEAR M. 0.9 -3.0 3.7 -2.7 1970 0.8 -0.9 -3.4 1973 3.6 -3.2 -0.3 -0.5 1.4 -8.4

A class decided to show the temperature on each of 3 days. They used the following symbols:

or over 80° F

for 60° · 80° F

\times for 40° - 60° F

The temperatures on each of three days were:

Monday Tuesday Wednesday
Temperature 85°, 84°, 55°

Which of the following shows the temperatures?

Mon:	Tues.	. Wed.			*	
	`\	, 🛆	>	· :	٠	
	\bigcirc	🛆 .				
		\-	•	·		•
O. [·		·			AGÉ	9
		·	•	- RESP	1970	· 1973
, i don't	know			. 1 ·· 2* 3 4	30.2 19.3 7.2 6.3	29.0 19.1 6.0 5.8
.0	•			IDK	: . 34.7	34.8

RP214 72-73 Rpt. #: 69-70 Rpt. #: U671

NAEP #:

204081

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL 72-73 Obj # ASPECTS OP SCIENCE' IN A WIDE RANGE OF

SITUATIONS.

D. Understand and apply inquiry skills. * Subobjective:

II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKINS NEEDED TO 69-70 Obj: ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Multiple choice Exercise Type: Scoring Type: ' Machine Administration Mode: Group

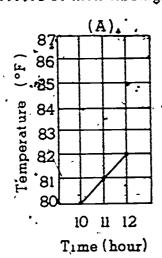
05-12 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: 03-18

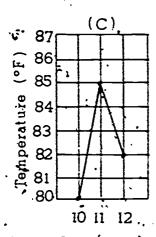
Timing: (in seconds)

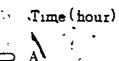
Stimulus: RP214 · 23 RP214 - Response: . 25 Grand total: RP214

REGION SEX . COLOR. YEAR NE SE · F AGE W M 2.8 -10.3 6.0 -2.3 -1.5 -3.4 6.8 -2.2 × 1970 3.7 -3.8 · · -8.5 1.3 - - 1.3 -1973

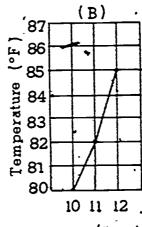
Some children found that the temperature was 80° F at 10 q'clock, 82° F at 11 o'clock, and 85° F at 112 o'clock. Which of the following is the best record of their findings?



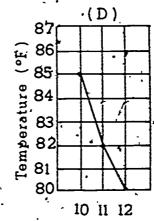








Time (hour)



Time (hour)

	AGE 9					
RESP	1970	1973				
1 · 2* 3 - 4	11.4 31.3 20.1 19.6	12.1 26.2 21.4 23.4				
IDK	17.2	16.2				

237

-221 ·

72-73 Rpt. #: RP215 69-70 Rpt. #: U663

204083 NAEP #:

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS 72-73 Obj:

OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

.D. Understand and apply inquiry skills. Subobjective:

II. POSSESS THE. ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO .69-70 Obj:

ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Multiple choice .Exercise Type:

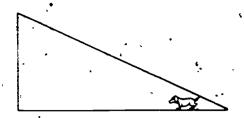
Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode:

Age: ·· 34-16 04-05 12-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise:

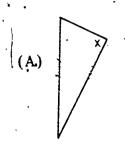
Timing: (in seconds)

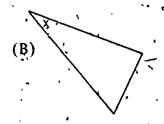
PP215 Stimulus: Response: RP215 Grand total:

•	. •	•	REG:	ION	-	•		ex ,	CO	LOŖ,
AGE	YEAR'	NE	SE	C	. W		`M	F.	, B.	₩ ·
9	1970 1973	2.6	-5.9 -5.1	2.2 3.1	-0.8 -1.1	•	1.7	-1.7 1.5	-18.6 -19.4	

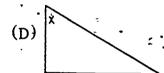


Above is a picture John drew of a dog in a yard. Which of the following pictures shows an x in the same place in the yard as the dog in John's picture?









 \bigcirc A

B

G

AGE 9

O D

RESP	1970	1915
1 2* 3 4	5.3 76.2 2.9 13.2	3.9 82.7 1.9 10.0

O I don't know.

IDK 2.0 1:0

72-73 Rpt. #: ÉP216 69-70 Rpt. #: U668

NAEP #: 204084

" 72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS

OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: D: Understand and apply inquiry skills.

69-70 Obj: II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO

ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

 19e:
 9

 72-73 Package-Exercise:
 02-34

 69-70 Package-Exercise:
 05-07

Timing: (in seconds)

RP216 Stimulus: 24
RP216 Response: 25
RP216 Grand total: 60

•	,	٠.	REG	ION	•	S	ex 🔧 .	•	> .coi	COR;
AGE	YEAR	NE	SE	, c	W	м·	F.		` B	W
9	1970 1973	4.6	-12:0 -7.2	5.0 -1.0	+0.3 \ (0.8)	-0.8 0.4	. 0.8		-27:8 -25:3	6.0 5.2

Clouds may be high, middle, or low.

High clouds are above 20,000 feet.

Middle clouds are between 6,000 and 20,000 feet.

Low clouds are between the ground and 6,000 feet.

A cloud at 10,000 feet is a

- o low cloud.
- middle cloud.
- high cloud.
- -I don't know.

	AGE	9
RESP	1970	. 1973
1 · 2* 3	12.1 63.7 21.2	10.9 58.6 24.6
IDK	2.8	5.0

RU2.17 72-73 Rpt. #: 10661 69-70 Rpt. #:.

204086 NAEP #: .

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM 72-73 Obj:

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

- II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO 69-70 Obj:

ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE,

Multiple choice

Exercise Type:
Scoring Type: Machine · Administration Hode: Group

Age: 04-26 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercisé;

Timing: (in seconds)

RU217 Stimulus: RU217 Response: RU217 Stand total: 33 60

COLOR -REGION C SE AGE YEAR NE -22.9 -0.4 0.4 -1.4 1.3 -8.2 2.7 1.1 1970 -15.1 - 3.8 1.4 -0.0 -3.2 1973 1.5



If D stands for duck and C stands for cat, which of the following best represents the picture?

- (a) D, C, C
- □ D. G, D
- **D**, D, C
- O. D. D.
- o I don't know.

	AGE	, 9 · ·
RESP	1970	1973
. 1	2.6 2.6	1.5
3* 4	87.1\ 5.4\	89.9 4.6
IDK .	2.1	1.5

72-73 Rpt. #: RB218 ... 69-70 Rpt. #: U658 .-

NAEP #: 204087

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS

OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

69-70 Obj: II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO

ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice.

Scoring Type: . Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: 9
72-73 Package-Exercise: 06-35
69-70 Package-Exercise: 07-07

Timing: (in seconds)

RB218 Stimulus: 13
RB218 Response: 36
RB218 Grand total: 60

REGION SEX COLOR

AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F B W

9 1970 2.1 -3.7 1.0 0.1 -1.1 1.1 -11.5 1.8
1973 -2.3 -1.8 2.4 1.9 -0.8 0.8 -8.1 2.7

Which of the following is the surest sign that a dog is sick?

- Tis fur is clean.
- lt sleeps at night.
- it is very playful.
- It has not eaten its food for two days.
- I don't know.

	· AGE	9.
RESP	1970	1973
1 2 3, 4*	0.8 1.2 1.3 95.6	1.1 1.8 3.2 90.3
IDŘ .	0.9	3.4

72-75 Rpt. #: RB219 69-70 Rpt. #: R151

NAEP #: 204088

72-7B Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS
OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM
SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

69-70 obj: II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple Choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

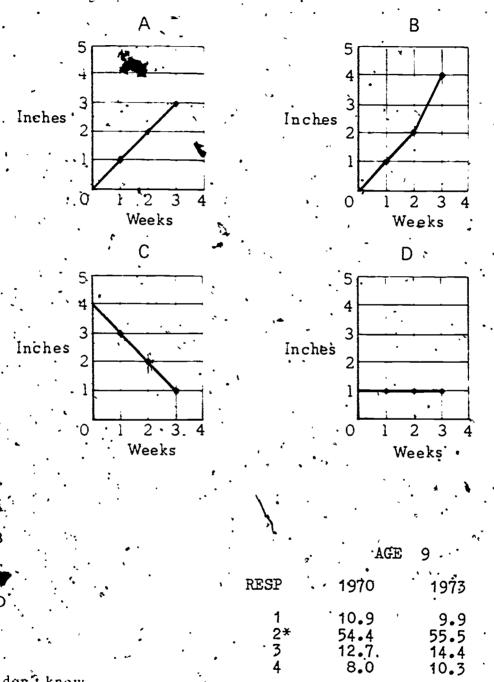
A'ge:
72-73 Package-Exercise:
69-70 Package-Exercise:
06-11
08-04

Timing: (in seconds)

RB219 Stimulus: 20
RB219 Response: 28
RB219 Grand total: 60

•	REGION ,		,	SEX		COLOR				
AGE	YEAR	NE	SE	C_	W		M	F . >	В	W
9 	1970 1973	3,5	-5.1 -6.0	0.7	1.8 0.8	. 3	.2 -	3.2 1.2	-20,5 -12.4	3.3 2.5

A plant grows this way The first week it is I inch high. The second week it is 2 inches high. The third week it is 4 inches high. Which of the following graphs shows this growth'



IDK.

8.0

13.6

9.21

I don't know.

RP220. 72-73 Rpt. #: **U669** 69-70 .Rpt. #:

NAEP #:

204089

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS 72-73 Obj: OF

WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM SCIENCE IN A

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

. II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO ·69-70 Oþj:

ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Multiple choice Exercise Type:

Scoring Type: Machine Group Administration Mode:

Age 07-16 72-73 Package-Exercise: 08-07 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

AGE

12 . Stimulus: RP220 36 RP220 Response: 59 Grand total: **RP220**

REGION \

· SE YEAR NE

1.3 1970 -0.5 -9.7 .1973 •

-4.2 0.6 -4.0 · 6.6

SEX -

1.5

2.0

М

-1.5

/ **-14.3**

COLOR ·

W

In most of the United States, a noon temperature of 30° F is most likely in

Јапвагу.

→ May.

— June.

□ July.

👝 l don't know.

s ,	AGE 9				
RESP	1970	· 1,973			
1* 2 3 4	52.7 13.3 11.2 12.8	62.8 13.7 8.2 10.6			
IDK	-10.0	4.5			

72-73 Rpt. #: RU221 69-70 Rpt. #: R147

NAEP #:

204090

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS
OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

69-70 Obj: II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: 9
72-73 Package-Exercise: 05-07
69-70 Package-Exercise: 08-09

Timing: (in seconds)

 RU221
 Stimulus:
 37

 RU221
 Response:
 37

 RU221
 Grand total:
 85

	,	REG:	TON	· Sī	EX '	CO	LOR .
AGE	YEAR	NE SE	C W	M	F.	. В	W
9	1970 1973	0.4 -8.2 0.0 -8.2	7.5 -1.6 4.6 3.4	-0.4 -0.7	0.4	-26.1 -10.9	4.5

Someone said that if you mix salt and sugar with water and let the mixture stand you get saltwater taffy-a kind of candy. Which of the following would be the best way for you to test this idea?

- Take a vote among your friends.
- Buy some saltwater taffy and see if it has salt in it.
- Find out if salt and sugar have the same chemicals in them,
- Grind up some saltwater taffy to see if you get salt, sugar and water.
- Try to mix salt, sugar, and water, let them stand, and see what happens.
- Idon't know.

•	AGE	. 9
RESP	1970	1973
1 2 13 4 5*	2.7° 11.1 6.0 6.3 68.9	3.1 8.8 8.3 7.1 ' 68.7
IDK	4.7.	3.5

RB222 72-73. Rpt. #: ₹ 8665. 69-70 Rpt. #:

204091 NAEP #:

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL 72-73 Obj:

WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM SCIENCE IN A OF

SITUATIONS.

D. Understand and apply inquiry skills. Subobjective:

II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO 69-70 Obj:

ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Multiple choice Exercise Type:

Hachine Scoring Type:

Administration Hode: Group

Age: 06-22 72-73 Package-Exercise: 08-12 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

17 Stimulus: RB222 .32 Response: RB222 60

RB222 Grand total:

SEX · COLOR REGION -AGE YEAR . NE 1970 -7.5 5.4., -2.7 -1.39 3.1 1.3 -27.3 0.5 5:9 -4.3 -24.4 1973 6.2 -9.9

. If you want to find out how much a person grew in 1 year, which of the following must you know about the person?

- H1s age
- The type of food he eats
- His height at the start of the year
- The height of his mother and father
- Ldon't know.

	ÁGE	9
RESP	1970	1973
1 2 3* . 4	12.5 9.8 70.3 3.8	12.9 11.6 66.4 5.5
IDK .	3.5	3.5



72-73 Rpt. #: RP223. 69-70 Rpt. #: . 0757

NAEP #: 204092

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM 72-73 Obj:

SITUATIONS.

D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

69-70 Obj: II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES - AND SKILLS NEEDED-TO

ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Multiple choice Exercise Type:

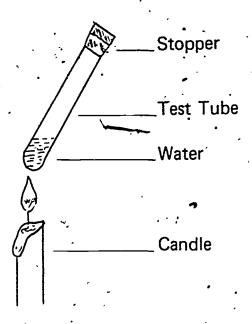
Scoring Type: : Machine Administration Mode:

Age: 06-02 72-73 Package-Exercise: 01-06 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: '(in seconds)

. Stimulus: RP223 27 38 **'RP223** Response: 76 RP223 Grand total:

REGION SEX COLOR . AGE YEAR NE SE 13 1969 -3.9 2.0 1.2 1.6 -10.0 -16.4 0.7 1972 -0.1 ,-1.9



Water is heated as shown in the diagram above. If the stopper pops out, which of the following is most important in accounting for this?

- The stopper gots hot and expands.
- Some of the water is changed to steam.
- The air in the test tube absorbs heat.
- The glass test tube gets very hot and starts to melt.
- The glass test tube expands more than the stopper.
- C'Idon't know.

•	
AGE	13

•	RESP	1969	. 19	72
, ,	1 2* 3 4	19.2 52.2 10.1 1.6 12.2	22 - 51 8 3	32523
25 5 1	IDK .	4.4	4	3

72-73 Rpt. #: .69-70 Rpt. #: . RB224 **T750**

NAEP #:

204095

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL **ASPECTS** 72-73 Obj: PROBLEM SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF OF

SITUATIONS.
D. Understand and apply inquiry skills. Subobjective:

·II. POSSESS THE ABÍLITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED 69-70 Obj: ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Multiple choice Exercise Type:

Machine Scoring Type: Administration Mode: Group

Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 03-03 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

18 Stimulus: RB224 1.7 Response: RB224 46 Grand total: PB224

REGION			SEX		COLOR				
AGE	YEAR	. NE	SE	. · c	\w	M	F	В	W
13	1969 1972	5.5 9.2	-9.5 -7.7	-0.1 ~ 3.2	2.6 -6.3	-3.5 -2.6	3.0 2.8	-25.9 -31.0	5.1 7.8

Which of the following statements is an opinion rather than a fact about cats?

- Cats eat mice.
- Cats have fur.
- Cats have tails.
- Cats are related to tigers.
- Siamese cats are prettier than other cats.
- Idon't know.

AGE	1	3
AUL	- 1	_,

RESP	1969	1972
1 2 3 4	4.2 2.2 1.2 11.4	6.8 3.5 2.6 13.2
5 *	79.3	70.8
IDK -	1.3	1.8

72-73 Rpt. #: RP225 69-70 Rpt. #: U751

NAEP #: 204096

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS

OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.'

Subobjective: D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

69-70 Obj: II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO

ENGAGE IN THE BROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: . Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: 13 72-73 Package-Exercise: 08-13 69-7C Package-Exercise: 04-08

Timing: (in seconds)

 RP225
 Stimulus:
 33

 RP225
 Response:
 32

 RP225
 Grand total:
 76

REGIÓN COLOR SE · AGE YEAR -8.3 1969 . 3.9 -2.8 -3.2 1.8 4.2 -4.0 2.5 13 0.0 ' -1.1 0.5. 0.5 1.9 . ₹2.0 -12.6

A boy notices that water puddles of the same size last longer in winter than in summer. Which of the following is the best explanation?

- Water evaporates taster on hot days.
- Cold water is thick and doesn't run very quickly.
- Water can sink into the ground only in the winter.
- There are tewer winds in summer to interfere with drying up puddles.
- The heat of the summer bun changes water to hydrogen and oxygen gases.
- I don't know.

AGE 13

RESP	1969 ;	1972
. 1* .	73.4	71.3 3.4 1.2
4	2.4	2.8
5 .	19.1	19.2
TDK	1 64.	2 1

72-73 Rpt. #: RU226 69-70 Rpt. #: U759

NAEP #:

204097

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS
OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

:13

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: .D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

69-70 Object 11. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED

Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Timing: (in seconds)

RU226 Stimulus:

RU226 Response:

RU226 Grand total:

REGION. SEX COLOR

AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F B W

1/3 1969 4.5 -9.6 2.8 1.2 6.5 -6.2 -29.9 6.3
1972 5.1 -4.5 6.1 -7.9 3.6 -3.3 -27.0 4.5

Of 929 plants. 705 had red flowers and 224 had white flowers. The ratio of red to white flowers is about

- 700
- \bigcirc , 41
- 3 1
- O 21
- 🥏 Idon't know

• •	AGE 13			
RESP	1969	1972		
1 · 2 3* 4 5	5.0 16.2 47.0 5.8 7.4	7.8 16.8 42.8 6.0 6.9		
ÌDK	1 18-2	19.2		

201

72-73 Rbt. *: PP227 69-70 Rpt. *: 0754

NAEP #: 😄 204100

72-73 Dbg; II. UNDERSTAND, AND APPLY THE PUNDAHENTAL ASPECTS

OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

69-70 Obj: II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO

'ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: . Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: <u>13</u>
72-73 Package-Exercise: 03-27
69-70 Package-Exercise: 09-09

Timing: (in seconds)

 PP227
 Stimulus:
 16

 PP227
 Response:
 19

 RP227
 Grand total:
 46

REGION SEX COLOR

AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F B W

13 1969 8.0 -6.9 -0.6 -1.6 1.8 -1.7 -24.8 5.8 1972 8.8 -3.6 2.3 -3.5 1.0 -1.0 - -25.4 5.4

To determine the average height of 13-year-olds it would be most important to have a larger umbes of

- O scales
- Satisface
- 13-3 ca max
- Complete do by the measuring
- Commonweak of Luch Great Hemen!
- Oldonit et 🦋

	AGE	13
RESP	1969	1972
1 2 3* 4 5	5.9 7.3 63.0 6.2 13.6	8.2 9.7 59.0 4.7 11.2
IDK .	3.8	3.5

203

72-73 Rpt. #: RU228 69-70 Rpt. #: U858

NAEP #: 204102

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS
OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS. 2

Subobjective: D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

69-70 Obj: II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple Choice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age:
72-73 Package-Exercise:
69-70 Package-Exercise:
02-06

• ; •	•	,	REG	ION		S	EX	, co	LOR
AGE	YEAR	ne -	.SE	. c`	W	M	F	В	. W
17	1969 1973	4.3-	-8.6 -3.9	-2,3 2.1	. 4.5 -2.6	3.5 1.7	-3.1 -1.5	-19.2 -18.0	.2:0

Which of the following is a model rather than an observation? .

- The center of the Earth is liquid.
- A ship can start from a point, sail around the Earth, and return to the same point.
- The temperature at the bottom of a very deep well is higher than the temperature at the surface.
- The average temperature of the South Pole is lower than the average temperature at the Tropic of Capricoin.
- The top of the sail is the last portion of a ship that can be seen from the shore as the ship sails away from the shore.
- Idon't know."

	AGE .17			
RESP :	1 969 1973			
1* 2 3 4 5	56.2 50.2 11.9 15.6 6.0 6.0 .6.7 4.8 8.4 11.5			
IDK	10.5 . 11.6			

72-73 Rpt. #: RU229 59-70 Rpt. #: U855

NAEP #: . 204103

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS

OF SCIPNCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

· SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: 'D'. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

69-70 Obj: II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO

. ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: . Multiple cnoice

Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: 17
72-73 Package-Exercise: 08-29
59-70 Package-Exercise: 04-02

Timing: (in seconds)

 RU229
 Stimulus:
 27

 FU229
 Response:
 22

 FU229
 Grand total:
 60

REGION SEX COLOR ·

AGE YEAR. ME SE C W N F B W

17 · 1969 3.1 · -7.4 2.7 -1.3 3.8 -3.6 -23.2 4.7 1973 4.4 -3.5 0.0 · -1.6 4.7 -4.3 -16.0 3.6

Four of the following are statements of fact. Which statement is a hypothesis?

- \longrightarrow The boiling point of water is 100° C.
- A gallon of water weighs about 8 pounds.
- Hydrogen was first prepared by Cavendish in 1766.
- The Empire State Building is more than 50 stories high.
- The rings of Saturn were formed from a moon that exploded.
- Idon't know.

	AGE 1	7 -37
RESP '	1969	1973
1 2 3 7 4 15*	7.4 11.8 4.1 3.8 66.3	5.4 12.4 3.2 3.0 61.3
TDK	· 6.4	12.5

72-73 Rpt. #: RP230 0853

NAEP #: 204105

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS
OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

69-70 Obj: II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

* Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Scoring Type: , Machine Administration Mode: Group

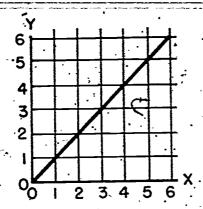
Age:
72-73 Package-Exercise:
69-70 Package-Exercise:
06-14

Timing: (in seconds),

RP230 Response: 44
RP230 Grand total: 74

SEX REGION COLOR ÁGE YEAR NE Œ М F 1969 1.0 -1.7 -5.1 1973 -1.2 0.4 2.2 -2.0 -4.3

Which of the following equations represents the graph below?



$$Y = X$$

$$\bigcirc$$
 $Y = aX^{\prime}$

$$rac{Y}{} = 2X$$

$$\bigcirc$$
 YX = 1

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = 1 + 3$$

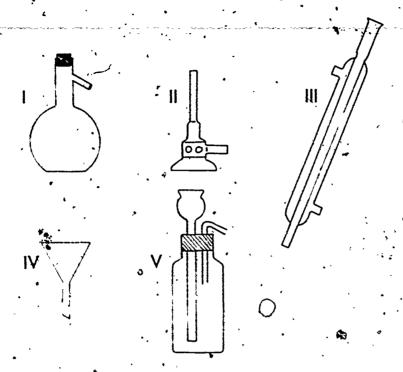
I don't know.

AGE 17

RESP	1969	1973
1* .2 3 4.5	73.4 1.3 1.8 3.0 5.2	70.8 1.4 0.8 3.0 4.5
TDD	4.4 6	40/2

72-73 Rpt. #: RP231 -69-70 Rpt. #: **U864** 204106 NAEP #: 72-73 Obj: \ IT. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF SITUATIONS. Subobjective: D. Understand and apply inquiry skills. II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO 69-70 Obj: ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE. Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Administration Hode: Group 17 08-13 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: 07-02 Timing: (in seconds) RP231 Stimulus: . ap231 Response: RP231. Grand total: REGION SEX · COLOR AGE YEAR NE SE C. · M 1969 4.4 -1.4 -3.3 0.4 11.0 -10.5 -6.9 0.6 0.1 -0.7 0.3 7.0 -6.5 -10.7 1.5 -1.4 -3.3 0.4

Pictured below are pieces of laboratory equipment.



To obtain pure water from salt water, which of the pieces shown above would be most useful?

 		-	-	_
		*	п	- 1/
11	u	n	u	Y

III and V

, I, II, and III

J. IV, and V

III, IV, and V

I don't know.

AGE 1'	7	
--------	---	--

RESP .	1969	1973
1 2 3* 4 5	18.3 13.5 26.1 11.7. 7.8	23.3 13.9 20.5 13.4 9.7
IDK'	22.6	18.4

271

255

RP250 72-73 Rpt. #: 69-70 Rpt. #: 0881

204109

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL 72-73 Obj: **ASPECTS**

OF' SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

04-29

09-20

. SITUATIONS.

D. Understand and apply inquiry skills. Subobjective:

69-70 Obj: II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED

ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Short answer Scoring Type: Professional Administration Hode: Individual

72-73 Package-Exercise:

69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

Stimulus: RP250 RP250. ` Response: 477

Grand total: 486 RP250

COLOR REGION 'NE SE . B . W YEAR M AGE -2.8 -4.1 4.9 -0.6; 7.2 -6.5 -25.6 4.3 1.7 -8.2 -2.4 7.9 5.0 -5.1 -25.3 4.1 1969 .1.7 -8.2 -2.4

29. Describe a way to test whether it pays to buy premium gasoline for a second-hand car.

AGE 17

RESP 1969 1973

1* 49.0 35.0
2 45.5 51.3

IDK 2.1 9.7

For the Scoring Guide used in 1969 and 373, see Appendix, page 299.

72=73 Rpt. #: RB232 69-70 Rpt. #: R347

. 204111 NAEP *:

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL 72-73 Obj:

SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE

39

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

69-70 Obj: 'II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND. SKILLS NEEDED TO ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice

Machine Scoring Type: Administration Mode: Group

Age: 07-08 h 72-73 Package-Exercise: 1-1-03 69-70 Package-Exercise:

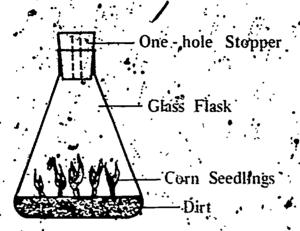
Timing: (in seconds)

. RB232 Stimulus: RB232

Response: ∴RB232 / corand total:

ŞEX COLOR REGION . YEAR NE SE 14 AG€ 1969 . 4.0 -2.8 · 0.4 -2.6 1973 1.2 -3.1 1.5 -0.4 -9.8 2.2 -2.1 -9.8 2.3 -2.0 -7.0

Corn is planted in a flask as shown below. The flask is weighed each day for three weeks. The flask shows a daily weight loss. Which of the following is the best explanation of this loss of weight?



- The original water evaporates within the first day.
- Carbon lioxide is lightenan weight than ordinary air.
- Seed material is changed to leaves and roots that weigh less.
- The seedlings use starch in the seeds and give off gases that escape.
- Dry air enters through the stopper and replaces the moist air in the flask
- DIdon't know.

	· ·	K .
RESP	1969	1973
, 1 2 3 4* 5	16.2 11.5 7.7 19.6 15.4	19.2 14.6 12.0 20.0 19.2
· IDK	29.4	14.7

AGE 17

275

72-73 Rpt. #: R8233 69-70 Rpt. #: _ U67,6 .

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM 72-73 Obi:

SITUATIONS.
D. Understand and apply inquiry skills. Subobjective:

NATURE OF THE INVESTIGATIVE 69-7€ Obj: III. UNDERSTAND

SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple Scoring Type: Machine Multiple choice

Administration Mode: Group

Age: ... <u>01-25</u> 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: 04-08

Timing: (in seconds)

·⊋ 0233 `

Stimulus: Response: RU233

Grand total: £0233

REGION COLOR AGE YEAR NE · SE 1970 · 6.9 -2.8 -3.8 -0.1 1973 · 2.2 -5.5 2.3 0.3 0.2 -0.1 -0.8 8.0

Some children were trying to find out which of three light bulbs was brightest.

The children said the following things. Which of these gives the best start toward finding the answer?

- One bulb looks brightest to me so I already know-the answer.
- All the bulbs look bright to me so there can't be an answer.
- It would help if we had a way to find the brightness of a light bulb,.
- Let's take a vote, each person will vote for the bulb he thinks is the brightest.
- 🔾 Idon't know. 🋂

, .:	AG	E 9
RESP	1970	J. 1973
1—————————————————————————————————————	14.8 12.1 41.7 25.6.	14.2 37.2 28.9
IDK ~-	5.6	10.4

72-73 Bột. #: **BP234** 69-70 Rpt. #: R146

-204124: NAEP #:

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL

SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM OF

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO 59-70 Obi:

ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Stultiple Scoring Type: Machine Administration Hode: Group Stultiple choice

Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise:

02-01 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

RP234 ; Stimulus: 24

25 Response: `

' Grand total: . 60

SEX : · COLOR REGION \mathbf{F} RE SE C - 14 5.4 -9.2 4.1 -3.6 1.9 -2.2 -18.8 4.5 -19.4 4.6 1970 1.6 -4.0 2.3 -0.5 2.3. -2.3

John has a flat tire on his bicycle. He pumps the tire up with an air pump and begins to ride. In a few minutes the tire is flat again. To fix his tire.

John must find

- _ a better au pump.
- whether the tire is made of rubber. >
- where the air leaks out of the tire.
- how many minutes it takes the tire to go flat.
- 🚊 Idon't know."

•	aba.	<i>3</i> •
RESP.	1970	1973
2. 3*	-14.1 3.0 .75.7 2.7	5.9 2.2 87.8 2.2
ADV.	3 (39)	. 4 7

72-73 Rpt. #: RB235 69-70 Ppt. #: R148

NAEP #: 204128

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS

OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

69-70 Obj: II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED TO

ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE. .

Exercise Type: Multiple choice - Scoring Type: Machine

Administration Hode: Group

Age: 9
72-73 Package-Exercise: 06-20
69-76 Package-Exercise: 07-13

Timing: (in seconds)

RB235 Stimulus: 27 EB235 Response: 22

PB235 Grand total: 60

REGION SEX COLOR

AGE YEAR NE SE C W N F B W

9 1970 5.6 -1.0 -3.2 -1.6 -2.1 2.2 -11.7 2.3
1973 0.8 -6.0 3.5 1.3 -1.8 1.9 -14.1 3.5

A doctor kept records of breathing rates of people when they were resting.

He made the chart below.

	<u>_</u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
	•	BREATHING	G RATES	. .	_
	•	•	· · ·	•	
•	Person ·		Breaths in a	minuta .	, .
	Baby boys	•	38	•	
•	.7-yrold girls	•	25	,	
	7-yrold boys		· 25 °	• 3	
	10-yrold boys	•	.20	٠,	
	Mothers	·····	16	` .	. •

The chart suggests that,

- boys breathe faster than girls.
- girls breathe faster than boys.
- ilder people breathe faster than younger people.
- wounger people breathe faster than older people.

			•	
	1	dan	i kn	. 3 55 .
-		um	1 7.7.11	ow.
-		• •	,	
		•		

**	- ACC	`Y.
RESP	1970 -	. 1973
1 . 2	11.5	12.0
4* · .	67.0	66.2
IDK -	6.6	5•4

72-73 Rpt. #: 69-70 apt: #: £3236 **R 133**

204137

72-73 Obj: . II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM SITUATIONS.
Subobjective: D. Understand and apply inquiry skills.

II. POSSESS THE ABILITIES AND SKILLS NEEDED 69-70 obj: ENGAGE IN THE PROCESSES OF SCIENCE.

Multiple choice Èxercise Type: Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

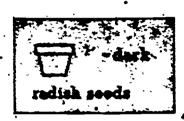
72-73 Package-Exercise: 59-70 Package-Exercise: 02-15

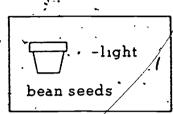
Fiming: (in seconds)

Stimulus: FB236 . 13 Response: RB236 Grand total: 61 PB2,36

REGION SEX COLOR NE SE . .C . . W 6.2 -17.2 3.4 -1.8 5.4 -6.2 0.8 -0.8 .1970 2.4 -2.8 9.3 -0.3

Tom wanted to find out whether plants can grow better in the dark or in the light. He put a pot with 6 radish seeds in a dark room and a pot with 6 bean seeds on the window sill.





He added the same amount of water to both pots. The bean seeds grew better than the radish seeds, so Tom said his plants grow best in the light.

To be able to say this, he should have

- " watered both pots more.
- watered the radish seeds more.
- put the same kind of seeds in both pots.
- . grown the seeds in water instead of soil,
- I don't know.

	, AGE	9 . *
RESP -	1970	1973
1 2 3 4	12.6 15.5 46.2 10.6	17.4 41.5 12.3
, IDK	15.0	16.4

883

RU237 72-73 Rpt. :: 69-70 Rpt. #: 0675 205016 NAEP #: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS . 72-73 Obj: WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM IN A OF SCIENCE SITUATIONS, scientific apply the and E. Understand Subobjective; enterprise. NATURE INVESTIGATIVE III. UNDERSTAND THE 69-70 Obj: SCIENCE. Multiple choice Exercise Type: Machine Scoring Type: Administration Mode: Group Age: J7-04 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: . 01-12 Timing:/(in.seconds) RU237 Stimulus: . . 39 Response: PU237 60 RW237 Grand total: COLOR REGION AGE YEAR 1970 1973

Which of the following is a scientist NOT likely to do while he is at work?

- O Think
- Read books
- Sell_tickets ;
- Plan experiments
- il don't know.

	•	,	-,.
RESP	1970	/ 'a	1973
1 2	4.9		4.2 8.0
3*	75.1° 9.7	8	12.5
IDK	1.9		4/3

72-73 Rpt. #: RU238 69-70 Rpt. #: R157, 2157, R242

NAEP #: 205018

72-73 Obj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS OF SCIENCE . IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS.

and apply the scientific E. Understand Sabobjective: enterprise.

69-70 Obj: | III. UNDERSTAND THE INVESTIGATIVE NATURE OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Machine Group

Age: . 02-24 **1**06-03 02-01.

Timing: (in seconds)

RU38 Stimulus: 16

RU238 Ru238 Grand total: 60 18 46

SEX REGION COLOR AGE YEAR NE SE . W. F M 9 1970 -1.0 -2.4 3.0 -0.7 0.8 -0.8 ·-14.5 . 3.4 -5.4 2.7 -1.5. 0.5 -0.4 , -18.3 4.2 1969 4.0 -8.4 0.2 2.6 0,8 -0.6 -22.3 2.4 -3.2 - 1.4 -1.0 0,7 -0.7: -24.6 5.9 Scientists would have most trouble testing which of these?

- o I have a fever.
- _ l weigh 101 pounds.
- = 1 aft 62 inches tall.
- i I can litt à 20 pound box.
- My dog is better than your dog.
- Edon't know.

	AGE 9		AGE 13	
RESP	1970	1973.	1969	1972
1 2 '3 . 4 5*	11.50 6.6 13.8 .13.1 39.4	116.2 8.3 13.5 11.6 40.5	6.4 4.1 1.7 7.9 72.5	7.8 5.3 1.3 5.4 74.5
IDK	15.2	9.4	7.2.	5.6

.72-73 Rpt. #:. RU239 · 69-70 Rpt. #: NU769 205021 NAEP #:

RU239

II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE FUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS 72-73 Obj: OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM

SITUATIONS. E. Understand and apply the scientific Subobjective:

, enterprise.

III. UNDERSTAND THE INVESTIGATIVE NATURE 69-70 Obj: *SCIENCE.

Multiple choice Exercise Type Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group .

03-02 72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: 03-09

Timing: (in seconds) 26 RU239 Stimulus: RU239, Response: Grand total: · 46

COLOR REGION SEX M SE SE · .C AGE YEAR -2.9 -1.0 0.9 2.9 1.1 -2.0 1.7 -1.2 -2.2 · 1.9 -3.2 · 2.9 1969 .-2.2 -3.6 1972 .0.8 When a scientist takes many measurements during an experiment and studies the results carefully, what is he probably doing?

- Changing a theory into a law /
- Changing a law into a theory
- Making work for a computer to prevent its being idle
- Trying to correct a mistake he has made in arithmetic
- Seeking for relationships among the measurements he has obtained
- b Idon't know. .

•	AGE	12 .
RESP ·	1969	, 1972
. 1	14.9	12.5
3	2.4 4.3	2.8 7.5
5 *	66.6	62.1
IDK-	9. 6	11.3

72-73 Rpt. 4: RU240 69-70 Rpt. 4: R159

NAEP #: 205027

72-73.0bj: II. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE PUNDAMENTAL ASPECTS
OF SCIENCE IN A WIDE RANGE OF PROBLEM
SITUATIONS.

Subobjective: E. Understand and apply the scientific enterprise.

69-70 Obj. III. UNDERSTAND THE INVESTIGATIVE NATURE OF SCIENCE.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice
Scoring Type: Machine
Administration Mode: Group

Age: 9
72-73 Package-Exercise: 01-17

69-70 Package-Exercise: 05-12

Timing: (in seconds)
RU240 Stimulus: 14

RU240 Response: 35 RU240 Grand total: 60

NE SE C

· YEAR

REGIÓN COLOR

9 1970 -1.6 -4.9 3.8 1.2 -0.5 0.5 -13.1 3.3 -1973 2.3 -5.1 -1.1 3.3 -0.2 0.2 -11.3 2.1

In science one is LEAST likely to do which of the following things with an applie?

Weigh it

Measure its size

Describe its color .

Write a poem about it

Find how many seeds it has

. I don't know,

AGE S

RESP	1970	1973
1 2 3 - 4*	15.9 10.2 11.0 23.0 30.7	.21.0 11.0 9.7 18.7 29.0
TDK '	9.0	• 10.2

72-73 Rpt. #: RU268. 69-704 apt. #: 0780 NAPP #: 301009 72-73 Obj. .III. APPRECIATE THE KNOWLEDGE AND PROCESSES SCIENCE, THE CONSEQUENCES AND LIMITATIONS OF . SCIENCE, AND THE PERSONAL AND SOCIAL RELEVANCE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN OUR SOCIETY: Subobjective: B. Appreciate inquiry skills. 69-70 Obj: IV. HAVE ATTITUDES ABOUT AND APPRECIATIONS OF SCIENTISTS, SCIENCE, AND THE CONSEQUENCES OF PROS ADEQUATE ŞCIENCE THAT STEM UNDERSTANDINGS. Exercise, Type: Multiple choice plus short answer ' . Scoring Type: Machine plus hand Administration Mode: Group. Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 05-29 69-70 Package-Exercise: 04-17 Timing: (in seconds) RU268 - Part A Stimulus: RU268 Response: R0268 . Total: 14 RU268 Part B Stimulus: 10 90 RU268 * Response: RU268 Total: 100 Grand total: . REGIQN" SEX -COLOR SE. AGE ' . M

5.7. **-**5.7:

 $-2.1 \cdot 0.6$

-0.9 2.2 1.2 -2.1 -1.6. 0.6 2.0 -1.5

1969

29. A Do you find science topics interesting?

Often

Sometimes

O Never

If so, what kind of topics?

AGE 13

RESP	1969	1972
1* · 1* · 2 · 3	24.2 68.1 6.9	19.8 69.3 9.1

NOTE: Because of the differences in the scoring procedures used in the two assessments, change data for the open-ended part of this exercise is not being released.

For the 1972 Scoring Guide to Part B, see Appendix, page 308.

72-73 Rpt. ≱: RU241 69-70 Rpt. #: NAEP #: 301010 72-73 Obj.

III. APPFECIATE THE KNOWLEDGE AND PROCESSES OF SCIENCE, THE CONSEQUENCES AND LIMITATIONS · OF SCIENCE, AND THE PERSONAL AND SOCIAL. PELFVANCE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN OUR SOCIETY.

Surobjective: A. Appreciate facts and simple concepts, laws (principles) and conseptual

Achemes...

TV. HAVE ATTITUDES ABOUT AND APPRECIATIONS OF 69-70 Obj. SCIENTISTS, SCIENCE, AND THE CONSEQUENCES. OF SCIENCE THAT STEM FROM ADEQUATE UNDERSTANDINGS.

Exercise Type: . Multiple choice plus short answer Scoring Type: . Machine plus hand. Administration Mode: Individual -

72-73 Fackage-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise:

12÷07 13-09

Timing: (in seconds)

RU241 Stimulus: RU241 Response: PU241 Grand total:

*Time not limited by, paced tape.

· REGION. COLOR AGE . YEAR NE · SE 4.6 -0.7 1969 4.3 - 3.0 -1.2 6.4 1.6 -6.9 2.3 . 0.1 1972

- A. Outside of school, how often do you read stories or articles about science or scientists, often sometimes, or never?
 - Often (Go to B)
 - Sometimes (Go to B)
 - Never (End the exercise).
- B. What have you read most recently

NOTE: Because of the differences in the scoring procedures used in the two assessments, change data for the open-ended part of this exercise is not being released.

For the 1972 Scoring Guide to Part B, see Appendix, page 310.

-	AGD	ر ا
RESP .	1.969	1972
1.*	19.0	11.4
2	64.3	60.3
3	16.7 🎎	28.3

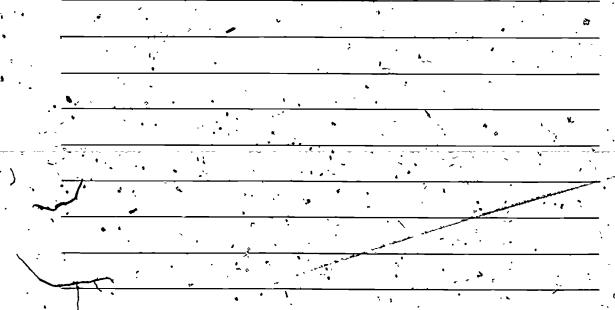
72-73 Rpt. RU2424 **7869** 69-70 Rpt. 301011 AND PROCESSES OF KNOWLEDGE 72-73 Obj: THE TII. APPRECIATE SCIENCE, THE CONSEQUENCES AND LIMITATIONS OF SOCIAL PERSONÁL SCIENCE, AND THE AND TECHNOLOGY RELEVANCE OF SCIENCE AND SOCIETY. A. Appreciate facts and simple concepts; laws Subbbjective: (principles), and conceptual schemes. ABOUT AND APPRECIATIONS OF 69-70 **j**abj: 🎉 IV. HAVE, ATTITUDES SCIENTISTS, SCIENCE, AND THE CONSEQUENCES OF THAT SCIENCE STEM PROM . UNDERSTANDINGS. Exercise Type: Multiple choice plus short answer Machine plus hand Scoring Type: , Group Administration Mode: 01 - 07.72-73 Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise: Response: Votal: RQ242 3 Part B Stimulis: Response: RU242. 105 Total: **₹**0242 Grand total: REGION SEX COLOR YEAR " NE SE M , F C. 3.2 -0.9 -1.5 3.8 3.8 -4.0 2.8 -2.8 1969 -0.5

0.2 0.6 -0.7 -0.0

A. Do'you read science articles in magazines?

		AGE 17		
Often,	RESP	1969 1973		
□ Sometimes	/· 1* ⁵	9.2 . 8.0		
Never	<u> </u>	68.9 59.6 21.8 32.3		

B. If so, what article have you read most recently?



NOTE: Because of the differences in the scoring procedures used in the two assessments, change data for the open-ended part of this exercise is not being refeased.

For the 1973 Scoring Guide to Part B, see Appendix, page 312,

72-73 Rpt: #: - PB243 69-70 Rpt. #: . U686

NAEP #: 🗽 -302014

72-73 Obj: III. APPRECIATE THE KNOWLEDGE AND PROCESSES OF

> SCIENCE, THE CONSEQUENCES AND LIMITATIONS OF SCIENCE, AND THE PERSONAL AND SOCIAL RELEVANCE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN

OUR SOCIETY.

Subobjective: B. Appreciate inquiry, skills.

·IV. HAVE ATTITUDES AROUT AND APPRECIATIONS OF 69-70 Obj:

· SCIENTISTS, SCIENCE, AND THE CONSEQUENCES

OF SCIENCE THAT STEM FROM ADEQUATE

UNDERSTANDINGS.

Exercise Type: 🗠 Multiple choice

Scoring Type: Machine

Administration Mode: Individual

72-73 Fackage-Exercise:

10-01

69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

Aqe:

RB243 Stimulus:

Response: 。 PP243

Crand total: ·RB243

*Time not limited by paced tape.

COLOR REGION SEX ·SE ΝĘ 2.3 -7.6. 1.8. -7.6. 1.7 2.5 -5.2 3.4 -0.5 0.1 -0.1/ 1970 -2.5 -2.0. 0.6

How often have you watched bees, squirrely, birds, or other animals to see what they eat or where they live; often, sometimes, or never?

	·	<u> </u>			_ , ` •	
Often .	•		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	•	
-Sometimes	1	,	• •			, ,
○ Never	• • • • • •					. •, •

	AGE 9
RESP.	1970 1973
2	43.8 32.8 53.1 53.8 3.0 13.4

72-73 Apt. #: RB244 69-70 Rpt. #: ับ771

·302015

72-73 Obj: III. APPRECIATE THE KNOWLEDGE AND PROCESSES OF SCIENCE, THE CONSEQUENCES AND LIMITATIONS OF THE PERSONAL SCIENCE, AND AND SOCIAL

RELEVANCE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

SOCIETY.

Subobjective: .B. Appreciate inquiry skills.

69-70 Obj: IV. HAVE ATTITUDES ABOUT AND APPRECIATIONS OF SCIENTISTS, SCIENCE, AND THE CONSEQUENCES OF SCIENCE: THAT STEM FROM ADEQUATE

UNDERSTANDINGS.

Multiple choice Exercise Type: Scoring Type: Machine

Administration Hode: Group

Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise:. .02-20 69-70 Package-Exercise: ` 09**-**,15 ·

Timing: (In seconds)

RB244 90 Stimulus: RB244 10 Response: .

" Grand total:

COLOR REGI-ON SEX YEAR' SE AGE -0.5 -2.3 1.5 0.2 -2.0 1.8 -6.6 13 1969 -0**.**8 1.2. 1.8 ÷0.6 1. -1.2 .

Planting seeds and finding out how fast they grow could be a science experiment.

- 1 believe this statement.
- o 'I don't believe this statement.
- ☐ I don't know.

	AGE	13
RESP	£1969	1972
1*	93.4 5.4	93.5
IDK	1.1 "	1:4

72-73 Apt. #: 69-70 Apt. #: RU245 **U684**

The state of the s

308085

III. APPRECIATE THE KNOWLEDGE AND PROCESSES OF 72-73 Obj:

SCIENCE, THE CONSEQUENCES AND LIMITATIONS OF SCIENCE, AND THE PERSONAL AND SOCIAL RELEVANCE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN OUR

SOCIETY.

C. Appreciate the scientific enterprise. Subobjective:

IV. HAVE ATTITUDES ABOUT AND APPRECIATIONS OF SCIENTISTS, SCIENCE, AND THE CONSEQUENCES OF SCIENCE THAT STEN FROM ADEQUATE UNDERSTANDINGS. 69-70 Obj:

Exercise Type: 🔪 Multiple choice Scoring Type: Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: 72-73 Package-Exercise: 05-34

69-70 Package-Exercise: 04-16

Timing: (in seconds)
RU245

Stimulus: RU245 Response: ₹812.45 Grand total:

SEX COLOR REGION NE 'SE YÉAR' ÷8.8 -1.7 0.6 -0.5 2.0, -3.7 1.2 0.4 0.4 -0.4 3.4 Do you think that all scientists/wear uniforms?

- Yes
- ldon't know.

	AGE	9
RESP .	1970	1973
1.2*		`28.3 68.7
IDK	3.0	2.9

72-73 Bpt. #: 69-70 Bpt. #: . RU246 U682

NAEP #:

303087

III. APPRECIATE THE KNOWLEDGE AND PROCESSES OF SCIENCE, THE CONSEQUENCES AND LIMITATIONS OF THE PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

SCIENCE, AND THE PERELEVANCE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY . IN 'OUR

SOCIETY.

C. Appreciate the scientific enterprise: Subobjective:

IV. HAVE ATTITUDES ABOUT AND APPRECIATIONS OF 69-70 Obj: SCIENTISTS, SCIENCE, AND THE CONSEQUENCES OF

SCIENCE THAT STEM FROM ·ADEQUATE

UNDERSTANDINGS.

multiple choice Exercise Type: Scoring Type: Machine

Administration Mode: Group a

06-01 72-73, Package-Exercise: 69-70 Package-Exercise:

Timing: (in seconds)

.Stimulus: RU246 15 Response: RU246 Grand total: BU246

COLOR REGION NE SE YEAR.. (2.4 -2.5 -21.0 · . 4.4 -20.3 4.5 2.5 -6.8 3.0 -0.4 4.0 -8,8 4.3 -0.6 1970 2.4 -2.5 1973

Do you think that breaking a mirror brings bad luck?

- C Yes
- N
- I don't know.

AGE 9

RESP	1970	1973
1	25.6	26.1
. 2* .	72.0	70.3
•	· .	٠,

IDK 1:9- 3.4

305,

72-73 Rpt. #: . RU247 69-70 Rpt. #: U773

NAEP #: 303089

72-73 Obj: III. APPRECIATE THE KNOWLEDGE AND PROCESSES OF SCIENCE, THE CONSEQUENCES AND LIMITATIONS OF SCIENCE, AND THE PERSONAL AND SOCIAL RELEVANCE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN OUR

SOCIETY.

Subobjective: C. Appreciate the scientific enterprise.

69-70 Obj: IV. HAVE ATTITUDES ABOUT AND APPRECIATIONS OF SCIENTISTS, SCIENCE, AND THE CONSEQUENCES OF SCIENCE THAT STEM FROM ADEQUATE UNDERSTANDINGS.

3xercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age:
72-73 Package-Exercise:
69-70 Package-Exercise:
01-07

Timing: (in seconds)
RU247 Stimulus:
RU247 Response:

RU247 Stimulus:
RU247 Response: 1
PU247 Grand total: 3

REGION - SEX COLOR

AGE YEAR NE SE C W M F B W.

13 1969 4.7 -12.0 5.4 -1.9 3.5 -3.7 -14.6 3.9

1972 9.3 -10.0 4.9 -6.4 3.3 -3.5 -16.4 4.9

Sv3

Most scientists today are working on space projects.

- O I believe this statement.
- I don't believe this statement.
- l don't know.

	ÂĢI	§ 13
RESP .	. 1969	. 1972
1 2*	59.3 37.9	49.2 44.8
IDK .	2.9	4.1

72-73 Rpt. #: RU258 69-70 Rpt. #: U775

NARP #: 303090 €

72-73 Obj: III. APPRECIATE THE KNOWLEDGE AND PROCESSES OF SCIENCE, THE CONSEQUENCES AND LIMITATIONS OF SCIENCE, AND THE PERSONAL AND SOCIAL RELEVANCE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN OUR SOCIETY.

Subobjective: C. Appreciate the scientific enterprise.

59-70 Obj: IV. HAVE ATTITUDES ABOUT AND APPRECIATIONS OF SCIENCES, SCIENCE, AND THE CONSEQUENCES OF SCIENCE THAT SPEN FROM ADEQUATE UNDERSTANDINGS.

Exercise Type: Multiple choice Scoring Type: Machine Administration Mode: Group

Age: , '72-73 Package\Exercise: • 03-18 69-70 Package-Exercise: Timing: (in seconds) *R0258 Part A Stimulus: Response: R0258 20 Total: 🕈 **B**0258 11 **RU258** Part B Stimulus: '/ Response: 90 XU258 101 Total: RU258 121 Grand total:

SEX REGION COLOR . AGE: YEAR NE 0.8 _2.4 2.3 -2.1 2.6 -2.6 · 0.2 -0.£ 1969 1.8 0.0 -1.3 0.1 0.4. 0.8

A. Have you done science experiments outside of school, such as those suggested in a chemistry or microscope set?

ften

Sometimes

O Never

B. If so, what experiment have you done most recently?

			` . • '	,	/		•		//	-		·	
. —	÷	٠,	Ř,		, ç , ,	•	٠.,	.				•	
; .	•	*,	·		•			•	/ -	· ·	. 1	<i>.</i> .	• • •
	• :								,	.,1		·	
•	•		* *.		* 50.	•		• •					te.
•		٠,•		÷	-1	<i>:</i>		γ⊷ ~~1 }			AGÉ 13	5 <	, .

RESP	1969	1972
,		
. 1*	5.3	5.1
2 .	40.0	40.7
3	54.3	54.1

NOTE: Because of the diffrences in the scoring procedures used in the two assessments, change data for the open-ended part of this exercise is not being released.

For the 1972 Scoring Guide to Part B, see Appendix, page 313

. 303

RU248 72-73 Rpt. #: 69-70 Rpt. #: **'0870** 303092 NAEP #: . III. APPRECIATE THE KNOWLEDGE AND PROCESSES OF 72-73 Obj: THE CONSEQUENCES AND LIMITATIONS OF SCIENCE, PERSONAL . AND . SOCIAL SCIENCE, AND THE RELEVANCE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN OUR SOCIETY. C. Appreciate the scientific enterprise. Subobjective: IN. HAVE ATTITUDES ABOUT AND APPRECIATIONS OF 69-70 Jbj: . SCIENTISTS, SCIENCE, AND THE CONSEQUENCES OF 'SCIENCE' THAT . FROM STEM UNDERSTANDINGS. Multiple choice plus short answer Exercise Type: Scoring Type: Machine plus hand Administration Mode: Group - 04-07 72-73 Package-Exercise: 10-14 69-70 Package-Exercise: -riming: (in seconds) R0248. Part A Stimulus: Response: RU248 Total: Part B Stimulus: PU248 Response: RU248 -- Total: RUŽ48-30. Grand total: RU248 COLOR YÈAR . NE SE. . C AGE ., 2.1 -0.2 3.1 -0.7 -0.8 1969 -0.5 2.0, -1.5

- A. Do you read books about science or scientists?
 - Often
 - Sometimes
 - Newer
- B. If so, what book have you read most recently?

NOTE: Because of the differences in the scoring procedures used in the two assessments, change data for the open-ended part of this exercise is not being released.

For the 1973 Scoring Guide to Part B, see Appendix, page 316.

3.1

APPENDIX.

Scoring Guides for Open-Ended Exercises

Notes on the Use of National, Assessment .Science Scoring Guides

The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) categorizes responses to open-ended questions according to a very simple scheme. Responses to most open-ended questions are given a two-digit score. Acceptable responses are categorized in the teens; up to 10 categories (10-19) are possible. Unacceptable responses are scored in the 20s. When more than 10 acceptable or unacceptable categories are anticipated, three-digit codes are used. In that case, 100s are acceptable; 200s are unacceptable. When only the simplest scheme is needed, one digit suffices. In this case, acceptable responses are 1s; unacceptable responses are 2s.

If an ordering of acceptability is possible with two- or three-digit codes, lower numbers in the teens or 100s are more acceptable than higher numbers. This ordering is often rather arbitrary and sometimes 'teaks down. For example, once scoring is under way, we occasionally find a highly acceptable response and make a new category following the old ones, that is, with a larger number. Inacceptable responses generally are not ordered. A "no response" is coded 0, 00 or 000. "I don't know" is coded 9, 39 or 399.

Acceptability of responses is not absolutely fixed. The scoring guides were reviewed by science experts whose comments were incorporated in the present versions of the guides. If the need arises, we can treat as unacceptable any category in the teens or as acceptable any in the 20s, although we are a bit hesitant to make drastic changes after scoring.

Examples under the categories are taken from actual sample responses. The original spelling and phrasing of the responses have been retained to illustrate the variety of the written responses.



Exercise 204109°

Describe a way to test whether it pays to buy premium gasoline for a second-hand car.

00 = no response

First Column of Ovals

Experimental Ideas

- 1. Measure compression or congression ratio.
- 2. Look for damage to motor:
 damage in combustion chamber (spark plug life, valves, etc.)
- 3. Check performance: engine starting, acceleration, spark, plug detonation (ping, knock)
- 4. Measure mileage
- 5. Check engine characteristics: size, number of cylinders, etc. (except compression)
- 6. Other tests

Nenexperimental Tests

- 7. Ask someone or look it up , (car dealer, mechanic,) manual, previous owner)
- 8. Expresses opinion without mentioning or inferring test.
- 9 = Other responses
- (I & + t know = 99)

Second Column of Ovals

Quality of Response , ;

- high-quality answer including cost factors.
 - Mentions test
 - Tells how to test it .
 - Mentions controlling
 - conditions in mileage
 - Relates results to cost
- High-quality answer but no discussion of cost factors

(Same as #1 without cost.)

- Correct answer but incomplete, including cost factors
- 4. Correct answer but incomplete, does not consider cost.
- 5. Very incomplete answer.
 Mentions idea only with no detail.
 - Ex: "Check the mileage."

 "Check the performance of your car with regular."

 "Check the size of the motor:"

 "See if regular gasoline damages your motor."
- 6. Some parts of answer incorrect or confused.
- 7. Nonsense or no information (ex. NR)

299

NOTE: After scoring the exercise using the two-column method as outlined on the previous page, the following changes were made to the category numbers, making a three-digit category system.

00 changed to 000 (no response)

Acceptable

11-14 changed to 101-104

21-24 changed to 105-108

31-34 changed to 109-112

41-44 changed to 113-116

71-74 changed to 117-120

Unacceptable

15-17 changed to 250-252.

25-27 changed to 253-255

35-37 changed to 256-258

45-47 changed to 259-261

51-57 changed to 262-268

61-67 changed to 269-275

75-77 changed to 276-278

81-87 changed to 279-285

91-97 changed to 286-292

99 changed to 399

The following examples of responses are based on the original two-digit category system.

High-Quality Response (category 1 or 2)

Compression: Check the compression of your motor. To do this you take out the spark plug and insert a compression/gauge in one of the openings. Turn

on the starter and read the gauge.

Measure the compression ratio of the engine. This could be done by measuring the volume of a cylinder at the bottom and the top of its stroke and taking the ratio.

Damage to motor:

This response will probably never occur.

Performance:

If it knocks when you accelerate (or go up a hill) with regular in the tank, but not with premium, you should use premium gas.

Mileage:

Fill your car with a tank of premium gas and see how many miles you go on it. Then fill your car with a tank of regular and check how many miles you get. Be sure to do the same kind of driving in each case (highway or in-town).

Try equal amounts of regular and premium gasoline (for example, 1 gallon) in your car and see how far you can go before you run out. You have to do the same kind of driving in each case.

Engine characteristics:

Will probably never occur.

Correct Answer but Incomplete (category 3 or 4)

Compression: Check the compression. If it is high, it takes premium gasoline.

Measure compression. .

Measure the compression ratio of the car.

Damage to motor:

Look for damage to the valves when you use regular.

Performance:

See if it knocks with regular.

If it knocks when you're going up a hill when you have regular in the tank, you should use premium.

313

Mileage:

Check the mileage with regular and with premium, and compare.

Fill your tank with regular and measure the mileage. Then fill your car with a tank of; premium and measure the mileage.

Engine characteristics:

Check size of the motor. If it is V-8 it probably takes premium, if it is a 6 cylinder it probably takes regular.

Some Parts of Answer Incorrect or Confused (category 6)

Damage to

See if premium damages your engine motor:

use regular.

Performance: See if it runs good with premium.

Mileage: Take two cars. Put premium in one and regular

in the other. See which gets the best mileage

Engine char-

Check the type of motor in your car. V-always take premium and 6 cylinders take acteristics:

regular.

Additional Examples

1.= Measure compression or compression ratio

Take a compression tester and check how high compression each cylinder has by pulling the plugs and cranking the engine 10 times. If the guage reads a high level it would be best to use premium gas if its a bomb burn anything.

= Look for damage to motor: damage in combustion chamber (spark plug life, valves, etc.)

You can tell by whether the spark, plugs, get gummed up on either kind. It really won t hurt a car for a while so you can try both kinds. When you put in regular and it clogs up the spark plugs you need to use premium.

You could read owners manual whether or not you could use high octane. You could ask a competent

mechanic whether or not it is plausible. You could tear the engine apart and look at the valves, rings, and pistons, and see if they are carboned up and then determine if they need to be using a higher octane in order to burn cleaner and more effeciently.

- 3 = Check performance: engine starting, acceleration, spark plug.
 detonation (ping, knock)
 - 1. Use all the gas in the car.
 - 2. Fill the tank with premium gas. .
 - Drive the car & measure its performance in terms
 of miles driven/gal, pinging, acceleration, ease
 of starting, etc.
 - 4. Repeat steps 2 & 3 until performance is well known, i.e., until performance measurements are consistent.
 - 5. Repeat steps 1 thru 4 with a lower grade of gas.
 6. Compare the measured performances & decide if there is an increased performance with premium that justifies its cost. If, for example, miles/gal is the only measure compare the cost of driving a mile in both cases & choose the gas with the lower operating cost.

Put regular gasoline in the car and take it out for a run. If on fairly hard pulls it "pings" with a slight valve noise and doesn't seem to have all the power it should, try premium gasoline: If under the same circumstances, there is no "ping" with the premium gas, it would pay to buy the premium.

From my point of view the only way to test which kind of gasoline to use is try each one of them for a while. Have a check up after running each kind of gas for a certain amount of time. If the car runs smother and better with premium I would suggest that. If the car runs approx. the same I would suggest burning regular.

First fill your tank with reg. gasoline & ride in it, then fill your tank with premium gasoline & compare the performances. If the pick up & sound of engine a smoothness is ride changes at all you will know if it pays or not.

303 👡

318

12

34

-34

First, I'd try at least a gallon, than I would drive and see how the milage is good on it.

I'd see if it made the engine run better or smoother, and if everything went find I'd try more.

Try the premium to see if your car's performance is better.

Go and buy the premium gas and put it in second hand car and see how it runs.

'= Measure mileage

35

By finding how far the car will go on one kind of gasoline per gal. and then finding how far it goes on premium gasoline under the same conditions. Then find the price per mile for each. Just to be sure that premium is cheaper this test should be tried for several different kinds of gasoline.

fill up the car with premium gasoline and take down the mileage on the what the car registers at that time. Then drive the car until it reaches empty and take down this mileage on what the car registers. Subtract the first mileage from the second mileage and you find how far it took you. Then fill the car with another type of gas and repeat this procedure. Compare the files travelled with premium gas with the miles travelled with another type of gas. Which ever gasoline took you further is the gas to buy. But driving conditions for each type of gasoline must be the same.

Start out with an empty tank, check the miles on your car, and go fill it up with premium. When it runs out, figure out how many miles you got to the gallon. Do the same with regular gasoline. If you get slightly more with premium, figure out how much money it cost you to go a set distance with premium, then with regular. It might be cheaper to buy regular even though you don't get quite as many miles.

Buy premium gas and take the average mileage on a 1/2 of tank. Then buy another type of gas and take the average milage on a 1/2 of tank. The one with the highest average is the most economical.

304

- I would buy a full tank of premium gas and watch
 my mileage for that tank. I would then buy
 regular gas and do the same: If I found that,
 I got many more miles per gallon for premium
 gas, I would buy it. But if there wasn't much
 difference I would use regular.
- Put premium gas in the used car and check milage against non premium.
- See how many miles you get to the gallon.
- I would ask the past owner what type of gas he used. It is best to use the same type usually. If there wasn't anyway of finding out what the past type was I would experiment to see if I got good mileage & a clean engine. Also, if I got engine trouble I could guess that it's maybe the premium gas, or not.
 - Keep track of how much the gas costs and how many miles you get per gallon. Compare this to another car that is second hand in pretty much the same condition that is running on regular and compare the two.
- 5 = Check engine characteristics: : size, number of cylinders, etc. (except compression)
 - It depends on what type of engine & size of engine involved whether it would be suficient or profitable to use a premium gas.
 - Depending on type of car and how the carbrator is set for the car to run best.
 - This would depend on the size of the engine and how much equipment is run by the engine.

 Normally a car would perform better and longer with premium gas which costs more but in the long run would possibly save on repairs.
 - It would depend on the size of the engine and how worn the engine is.
- 6 = Other tests
 - gs' try each of the gasoline in the car which one, sounds and rides the best in the one.

- Fill it up with regular and push the gas pedal to the floor.
- By testing it on your own car and by buying a second-hand car similar to your first, you can determine how the premium you is going to work.
- If smoke comes from the tail pipe you do not need premium gasoline because it is running too rich.
- 7 = Ask someone or-look it up (car dealer, mechanic, manual, previous owner)
 - Check with the manufacturer to learn the compression ratio of the engine. This will determine whether a higher octane gas is required.
 - 75' Find out what the person who owned it first used.
 - 77 Call up the company and ask
- 8 = Express opinion without mentioning or inferring test
 - I pays to buy a premium gasoline for a second hand car because it needs it. You shouldn't buy the most expensive. The car is not worth
 - Your car will be in better conditions. It will run smoother and last longer. But it also depends if the second-hand car is running in good conditions. People often say that premium is better than regular gasoline.
 - It will make a cheap car run better.
 - Premium gas is better for any kind of car.
 - I think it does pay to buy premium gasoline for a second-hand car because it may be in good condition that it might need maybe a more expensive gas.
 - Because if a car is used, than it should be given a gas that would make it run better.

 When a car has been taken more miles that new

one and you need more power to keep the used car going for a new car you want it to get used to running. Premium goes is good for a used car because it has more natural elements in it that the other gases.

9 = Other responses

99

I'm sorry but I didn't understand the last question. Because there are some words I don't know and the meaning is hard to understand for me.

99

I have no idea.

99 .= I don't know.

322

Exercise 301009

- A. Do you find science topics interesting?
- B. If so, what kind of topics?

00 = no response

'Acceptable

10 = Astronomy
When there to do with the stars and the moon.

About Space or Planets About Ecology About Air.

The solar System, stars, environment.

About the rotation of planets.

- 11 = Space exploration About what they have Nearned about in space and under the sea.

Earth Science (some of it) prehistoric times (dinosaurs etc.).

13 = Biology; cells; microorganisms; plants; animals
 Topics about reptiles.

Study frogs and other kinds of animal.

Life Science, Earth Science, Science on the Sea (goes with the 1st one).

. Studying animals and doing experiments with chemicals.

Biology, Zoology sometimes Earth science, Oceanography. Naybe Chemistry.

14 = Muman body; medicine; disease
Topics on the living body & parts ocean life animal life.

Mostly things that have to do with the human body and life it's self and things that have to do with human reproduction and the course of life.

15 = Evolution; genetics; archeology; fossils Prehistoric topics fossils rocks atoms.

Topics on prehistoric finds like fossils and bones, and things in ice. Also things having to do with animals of all kinds.

Dinosaurs.

Chemicals, and animals.

Electrons, Electricity, Sound, molecules, light.

17 = Science fiction; new discoveries; things in the future Interesting Topics such as Science Fiction STORIES OR shows.

Topics were you can find interesting information and more modern updated topics which scientist are working on now.

- 18 = About scientists; historical scientific events
 No examples

Metric System Weighing stuff and I don't like other stuff either.

Unacceptable

20 = Unacceptable
Well something of science of the world.

· ABOUT THE WAY WE LIVE.

Experiments:

39 = I don't know

Exercise 301010

- A. Outside of school, how often do you read stories or articles about science or scientists; often, sometimes or never?
- B. What have you read most recently?
- 00 = no response

Acceptable

About solar system - sun and stars.

Why the Mole (sic) Hole.

12 = Weather
About hurricanes.

About how you make rain, clouds and stuff in jars.

13 = Animals and plant life Article on insects.

Looked up the hermit crab in the encyclopedia.

14 = Medicine and drugs
 Heart transplant.

About drugs people take:

15 = Weapons, cars, machines, mechanical inventions.

About building a mechanical nose.

The jet and how it works.

New vehicles - Honda 750.

16'='Chemistry
...and chemistry in the encyclopedia.

17 = Science fiction

18 = About scientists, and their lives

19 = Other acceptable

Exercise 301010 (cont.)

Unacceptable

- 20 = Names a general science magazine or general book (only).
 Popular Science.
- 21 = ther unacceptable
- 39 = 1 don't know.

Exercise 301011

- A. How often do you read science articles in magazines?
- B. What article have you read most recently:
- 00 = No response

Acceptable

- 10 = Astronomy; space exploration
- 11 = Environment; écology; pollution; overpopulation
- 12 = Geology; rocks; earth science; oceanography (ex. life forms); weather
- 13 = Biology; cells; microorganisms; plants, animals
- 14 = Human body; medicine; disease; reproduction (human);
- 15 = Evolution; genetics; archaeology; fossils
- 16 = Chemistry; physics; electricity; mechanics
- 17 = Science fiction; new discoveries; things in the future
- 18 = About scientists; historigal scientific events
- 19 = Qther acceptable

Wnacceptable

- 20 = Sociology; psychology (considered acceptable by some consultants)
- 21 = Economics; other math topics
- 22 = Technical manuals (if article described is acceptable, code under an acceptable category)
- 23 = Gives source but not description of article
- 24 = (not.used)
- 25 = Other unacceptable
- 39 = I don't know.

Exercise 303090

- A. Have you done science experiments outside of school, such as those suggested in a chemistry or microscope set?
- B. If so, what experiment have you done most recently?
- 00 = no response; have done none recently.

Acceptable

10 = Experiments with pure chemicals alone (Made a little fire cracker with a chemistry set).

Mixing.iron filings and sulfer.

. We have experimented with sulfer.

See how sulfer burns: ?

Burnt sugar in a spoon under a candle.

Making hydrogen with zinc and Hydro-cloric Acid,

,We did a stick and smoke bomb.

11 = Experiments with chemicals and something else
Rubberized egg with vinegar.

See if things are acid or base

Put bacon in acid and see what happens.

12 = Electrical experiments Tested battery cells.

Electrical conduction of metals

Hydrolysis of water.

I saw if the mass of ice and water were different, just because they have a different volume. It wasn't. Also fooled with the microscope at home.

Finding if salt in water affects it's freezing point.

I tried an experiment to show how friction can be reduced Making an egg go into a pop bottle by a match.

Exercise 303090 (cont.)

In chemistry set they gave me a rocket. I filled the rocket with Alka-Seltzer and water. The pressure building inside the rocket made it shoot upward.

14 = Geological, weather or astronomy experiments
 Study the locations of stars at different times of the
 year.

Look at the moon and stars and at Jupiter through a tele-

We did a baloon to see what the temperature would be

Made erosion happen.

15 = Examination of life forms, examination of non-living things
I examined a sample of blood through a microscope.

I looked at a lot of slides through microscopes. I disected a few frogs.

Look at pond water with a microscope

Look at what a bee stinger looks like through a microscope.

Put bugs in a box and let them all live together and see how many babys they have:

Used plaster of paris and made different kinds of fossils.

16 = Experiments on plants and animals

Tested growth of plants in sun and in the dark, with food
and without food.

Effect of heat on seeds.

Tested alcoholic effect on chick embryos.

17 = Other acceptable \ Doing a test about thermal pollution around the city

Unacceptable

20 = Vague reference to a science experiment Rock experiment.

About mice.

I found a fossil once. -

Exercise 303090 (cont.)

The environment.

About one cell animals

21 = Other unacceptable

I've mixed milk, marshmellows, cocoa and coconut to see how it tastes - a food experiment.

In school, we went outside of school and searched for many types of insects.

Surveying spring creek park in Science.

39 = I don't know.

Exercise 303092

- A. How often do you read books about science or scientists?
- B. What book about science or scientists have you read most recently? '
- 00 = no response

Acceptable

- 10 = Astronomy; space exploration
- 11 = Environment; ecology; pollution; overpopulation
- 12 = Geology; earth science; weather; oceanography (excluding life forms)
- 13 = Biology; cells; microorganisms; plants; animals
- 14 = Human body; medicine; disease; reproduction (human);
 nutrition
- 15 = Evolution; .genetics; archaeology; fossils
- 16 = Chemistry; physics; electricity; mechanics
- 17 = Science fiction; new discoveries; things in the future
- 18 = About scientists; historical scientific events

Unacceptable

- 20: Sociology psychology (considered acceptable by some consultants)
- 21 = Economics; other math topics
- 22 = Technical manuals -- if the one mentioned is not acceptable.
- 23 = Names a science article in either a magazine or general reference book
- 24 Names a science reference book: Merck Index, Handbook of Physics and Chemistry, etc.



316

Exercise 303092 (cont.)

.25 = Other unacceptable

39 = I don't know.

332